INSURANCE
SWADESHI in INSURANCE is easy. INDIAN INSURANCE COMPANIES are ready with their service.

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PRICE: ONE ANNA

The Bombay Chronicle

INSURANCE
Nothing can take the place of one's own country. ONE'S OWN INSURANCE COMPANIES are the BEST.

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ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH

VOL. XXIII NO. 265 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1935 TWELVE PAGES

No Back-door Despatch Of Goods To Italy

Geneva Labours Over Sanctions

Powers To Control Destination Of Exports

Italy Honours Ethiopian Traitors First: They Show Way To Makalle

GENEVA, Nov. 6. (3-20 p.m.)

Agreement has been reached on all outstanding questions in connection with sanctions, including the difficulties as regards transit, clearing, currency and contracts.

The Committee of eighteen this evening will be able to ratify the settlements reached by the Sub-Committees.

The Transit Sub-Committee has settled the question of prevention and evasion of the ban on the export of key products to Italy by despatch through other countries.

The Sub-Committee recommends that no quotas should be applied to countries participating in sanctions, but that member states should take steps to control the destination of the articles of export which have been prohibited to Italy.

ITALIAN ENTRY

Abyssinians Force Them To Retire From Makalle

ADDIS ABABA, November 6.

A strong Italian reconnoitring force under the command of Eritrean, Grasmatch Zagaye entered Makale last evening from the direction of Adigrat, according to an official communique here which state that Abyssinian troops made a night attack and compelled the reconnoitrers to retire. There were slight losses to both the sides.—Reuter.

HOW TRAITORS ARE HONOURED

ASMARA, November 6.

It is confirmed that Italian advance will re-start all along the line at dawn to-morrow. The objective on the left will be Agula, and the spot is ten miles east of Makale.

The road between Adigrat and Hausien has been completed. It is expected that Ras Gugsa's followers will be given the honour of leading the entry of troops to Makale.—Reuter.

ABYSSINIANS CAPTURE ITALIAN 'PLANES

ADDIS-ABABA: Nov. 6.

The Abyssinians claim to have brought down two Italian aeroplanes in the Webbeshibeli region. —Reuter.

MEAT RESTRICTIONS IN ROME

ROME: Nov. 6.

The restrictions for selling meat on Wednesdays were extended to butchers, who are asked no longer to sell goat's meat, horse flesh or sausages, but only the rabbit's. —Reuter.

ITALIANS REACH AGULA

ASMARA, Nov. 5.

The Italians have reached Agula, 16 miles to the north of Makale, which has been fixed as a meeting place for converging columns. The advance was made in a thunderstorm and the troops which marched in driving rain were **soaked to the skin.—Reuter.**

MASSACRE OF RAS GUGSA'S FAMILY DENIED

ASMARA, Nov. 5.

There is no confirmation of the supposed massacre of Ras Gugsa's family and henchmen. Well-informed circles regard the story as without foundation.

It is expected that the main Italian column will occupy Makalle on Friday.—Reuter

ANOTHER EMBARGO AGAINST ITALY

GENEVA, Nov. 5.

A definite proposal for oil, coal, iron, and steel embargo against Italy will be presented to the Committee of 18 on Wednesday evening. The sub-committee proposes that when sufficient states to make the embargo effective have agreed apply the date shall be fixed to enforce this embargo.—Reuter.

ENGINE FAILS IN MID-AIR

Forced Landing Of Trivandrum Mail 'Plane

CALICUT, Nov. 6.

The Bombay-Trivandrum mail plane had a forced landing at Cannanore while taking off en route to Trivandrum, the engine having failed in midair.

In response to a message sent to Bombay, a relief plane arrived at 12/15 p.m. to-day with Mr. Vincent and another engineer. The machine is being examined. It carried neither mail nor passenger. The pilot was uninjured. —A. P.

BARODA PORTS PROBLEM

BARODA, Nov. 6.

It is understood that negotiations regarding the State ports problem with the Government of India are well nigh complete and a press statement in this connection is shortly expected.

It is learnt that rumours current about the handing over of the Okha Port are not substantiated and that the agreement is honourable to both parties wherein no rights are infringed.—**United Press.**

Italian troops getting new roads made on the Northern Front in Ethiopia, with the help of conquered tribes.

SILVER INTO DOLLARS?

Gigantic Swop Between China And United States Govt.

LONDON, November 6.

According to the City Editor of the "News Chronicle" there are strong but unconfirmed rumours that the Chinese Government has arranged foreign credits to be granted against the security of its silver reserves.

It is even suggested that a gigantic Swop is being arranged between the Chinese and the American Governments for the conversion of silver into United States dollars.

INCOME TAX INQUIRY COMMITTEE'S ITINERARY

(From Our Correspondent.)

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

The programme of the Income-tax Enquiry Committee is announced to-day in a press note which says:—

"On 4th April, 1935, the Finance Member announced in the Legislative Assembly that the services of one or two experts from the Board of Inland Revenue in England be obtained to conduct a comprehensive review of the Indian Income Tax System Administration during the present cold weather and that a member from the Government of India be associated with them.

Two expert advisers Messrs. C. V. Ayers and S. P. Chambers have now arrived in India and have started their work. It has been decided to associate Khan Bahadur J. B. Vachha, C.I.E., Income Tax Commissioner, Bombay Presidency, with them.

ORAL REPRESENTATION.

The Khan Bahadur along with the expert advisers will shortly commence their tour to the principal centres in India and will be prepared to receive oral representations from Chambers of Commerce and similar organisations during the periods indicated against each of the towns in the following list: Bombay 2nd to 6th December, 1935; Nagpur 20th December, 1935; Madras 6th to 10th January, 1936; Rangoon 27th to 29th January; Calcutta 10th to 15th February; Patna 28th February; Cawnpore 9th to 11th March and Lahore 24th to 26th March.

Those wishing to make such representation in accordance with this programme should address the Local Commissioner of Income Tax in advance so that he can make the necessary arrangements in consultation with Khan Bahadur Vachha and the expert advisers.

ANOTHER CONGRESS MAYOR

Madras Corporation's Unanimous Choice

MADRAS, October 6.

This year being the turn of a Muslim to occupy the Mayoral Chair in accordance with the convention established in this connection giving an opportunity to all communities Mr. Abdul Hameed Khan, leader of Congressmen in the Corporation and a nominee of the Muslim Councillors was elected Mayor unanimously at a meeting of the Corporation this evening.—United Press.

New Mayor Congratulated

Kumar Rajah Muthiah Chettiar, the outgoing Mayor, congratulated Mr. Hamid Khan on his elevation to the Mayoral Chair, and said, he was glad that Mr. Hamid Khan was elected on a non-party basis.

Mr. W.W. Ladden, on behalf of the European Group, hoped that Mr. Hamid Khan would wield the authority of his office without fear or favour for the benefit of the citizens of the great city.

Earlier in the day, at an informal meeting of the Councillors, held in the Mayor's room, Mr. Basheer Ahmed withdrew from the Mayoral contest, and it was resolved that Mr. Abdul Hamid Khan should be put up by the community for the Mayoral gadi.

Mr. Hussain, Municipal Commissioner, on behalf of the Executive Committee, assured the Mayor of their whole-hearted co-operation in whatever act he might do for the advancement of the affairs of the Corporation.

Mr. Hamid Khan replying said, he would respect the convention, established by his predecessors, by following a non-party-man policy completely.—A.P.

AMERICAN COTTON CROP

N. Y. Cotton Exchange Estimate

("Special To The Chronicle")

NEW YORK, November 6.

The average estimate of a number of members of the New York Cotton Exchange on the forthcoming U.S.A. cotton crop is 11,302,000 bales.

FAMOUS SCIENTIST DEAD

NEW YORK: Nov. 6.

Professor Henry Fairfield Osborn, Palaconotologist, popularly known as the successor to Darwin Huxley, died at the age of 78.—Reuter.

BRIDGING THE GULF

Move To Settle Dispute Between U. P. C. C. And Congress R. C.

ALLAHABAD, Nov. 6.

An attempt is being made to bring about a compromise between the Council of the United Provinces Provincial Congress Committee and the Reception Committee of the forthcoming session of the Indian National Congress.

Interviewed by the "United Press" Babu Purushottamdas Tandon said that he was expecting some friends in the course of a day or two, when an unofficial conference will be held.

Mr. Rafi Ahmed Kidwai, President of the U. P. Provincial Congress Committee has intimated that he is going over to Allahabad in this connection.—United Press.

CHANGE OF CONGRESS VENUE?

MADRAS, November 6.

The "Madras Mail" writes that it is understood that there is a possibility of the next session of the Congress being held at Madras instead of at Lucknow.

In view of disputes among Congressmen at Lucknow, it is understood that Babu Rajendra Prasad, President of the Congress, is contemplating a change in the venue. It is also understood that he consulted some members of the Tamil Nadu Congress Committee who are stated to have received the idea favourably.

The paper adds it is likely that something definite will be known by November 10, by which date Babu Rajendra Prasad will have arrived at Madras.—A.P.

STOP PRESS

SCOTTISH TEAM.

LONDON: Nov. 6.

The Scottish team to play against Ireland, at Edinburgh, on November 13, consists of the following players:—

Jackson (Chelsea), Anderson (Hearts), Cummings (Patrick), Massie (Hearts), Simpson (Glasgow Rangers), Hastings (Sunderland), Delaney (Celtic), Walker (Hearts), Armstrong Mills (Aberdeen) and Duncan (Derby).—Reuter.

VICTORIA CLUB CALL-OVER.

(SPECIAL CABLE).

LONDON: Nov. 6.

The following is the Victoria Club call-over in the Manchester November Handicap:—

9 to 2 on Crawley Wood offered; 5 to 1 taken; 10 to 1 on Bar, one offered.

Home Team Puts Up A Poor Show

"AUSSIES" GAIN FORM ON SECOND DAY

Bright Prospects Of Victory: Only 31 Runs To Make For 9 Wkts.

SCORES

1st Innings		*2nd Innings*	
Western India	*154*	*Western India*	*95*
Australians	*197*	*Australians (for 1 wkt)*	*21*

The Australians resuming batting on Wednesday morning carried their Tuesday's score to 197. After a poor start they made a fine recovery, Tall being responsible for the change and gained a lead of 43 runs.

The Home Team going to bat for the second time made a good start. Kesari fell a victim to a marvellous catch by Bryant with only 15 runs to his credit. At the end of their second innings, the Western India XI made a poor show with a total score of 95 runs only in 155 minutes' play.

The Australians commenced their second innings at 4-55 p.m. and at the close of the play they had made 21 runs for the loss of one wicket only.

BRYANT'S MARVELLOUS CATCH

RAJKOT, Nov. 6.

The Kathiawar bowlers continued their run of successes when the match between Western India States and the Australian Touring Team was resumed before another large crowd this morning. The weather was more pleasant than yesterday.

Ramji opened from the Palitana end and off his fourth ball Oxenham gave a very hot catch to Narsingrao Kesari in the slips which the latter held in capital style. (97-7-0). Ramji was bowling exceedingly well and it was a matter for no surprise when Love in trying to turn him to leg was out l.b.w. shortly afterwards.

Indeed so consistently accurate had been Ramji's length in spite of the long spells for which he had been kept on, that according to general opinion the Home team had been no losers in the substitution of Ramji for his more reputed brother Amarsingh.

The first hundred of the Australian innings was telegraphed after 120 minutes play. With the fall of Love's wicket at 112 the home team had bagged eight wickets in spite of dropping two or three catches. The ground fielding of the Western India team however, reached an unexpectedly high standard, and though it was neither so polished nor so certain as that of the Australians it was almost as efficient.

The Khan Saheb of Manavadar, Colah and Dina frequently caught the eye with some brilliant stopping and picking up, while Kesari's fielding and throwing in were superb.

Mair To The Rescue

The fall of eight Australian wickets for just over 100 runs had raised the hopes of an Australian first innings deficit in their first match, but the Kangaroo's proverbially strong tail wagged vigorously and Mair and Ellis not only wiped off the deficit, but placed their side well ahead.

Mair wielded the long handle to great purpose and although enjoying three lives and on another occasion escaping a stumping chance he helped his side nobly at a critical moment and participated in the best partnership of the innings namely of 69. He hit four times to the boundary in a stay of an hour, one of his pulls to square leg off Ramji landing just inside the boundary.

The new ball was taken at 155 (for reasons which were not apparent) and Mair hit Ramji for 12 runs in his first over with it. Gurtu coming on for Ramji caught and bowled Mair for 42, and the same bowler rounded off the innings by bowling Alexander. The last two Australian wickets added 85 runs. The innings ended exactly at noon and visitors' score of 197 was made in 180 minutes.

Meherhomji Shines

The last three Australian batsmen hit faultlessly and actually the last 97 runs were scored in exactly an hour. Under the pressure of the intensive hitting the fielding wilted slightly and two dolly catches were dropped near the wicket.

Forty-three runs in arrears Western India opened their 2nd innings with Meher Homji and Dr. Gurtu. Meher Homji to-day was a different batsman in every respect from that of yesterday. He excelled in square cuts and beautiful ground strokes on off-side, and Ryder had to move a fresh fielder to extra cover for Meher Homji.

The latter's scoring strokes in the first 15 minutes were 1, 4, 4, 4, 1, 1, Gurtu's performance meanwhile being only one hit for 4. A catch off a hot drive straight back by Meher Homji was dropped by Alexander off his own bowling, this being the first possible catch to be dropped by an Australian fielder.

Just before the recess Gurtu survived an exceedingly confident appeal from Oxenham for l.b.w. and off his next ball Mair dropped the fortunate batsmen again at cover.

WESTERN INDIA LOSE VANTAGE

The Western India team lost the advantage of their excellent start, when the game was resumed at 2-20. Within less than an hour, five of their leading batsmen were out for the addition of only 23 runs. Of these Mair claimed three and Oxenham two. Ellis, the Australian wicket-keeper, caught Meher Homji and stumped Gurtu, both off Mair. Vinoo was bowled by one of Oxenham's wiliest balls, which completely non-plussed the young collegian and Colah of the Test-match-experience was out l.b.w. to the same bowler in almost a similar manner. Thinking that the ball was going away, he lifted his bat head-high in order to leave the ball severely alone, and was much surprised, when the ball struck his pads and he was given out.

MARVELLOUS CATCH.

Faiz Ahmed was out to a really marvellous catch at cover,

(Continued On Page 7—Col. 6).

TABULATED ADLETS
ONE Anna Per Word
Minimum Re. 1.

SMALL ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these columns on cash payment and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Abbreviations and numbers (up to 10 figures) are to be counted as complete words.

ADVERTISEMENTS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No..... The "Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves to themselves the right of refusing any advertisement without giving ANY reason for doing so.

BLOCK-LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Advertisements will ensure correct insertions; otherwise no responsibility for any mistake will be accepted by the Management. Unclaimed replies to the Advertisements are destroyed after about a month.

REPLIES TO THE ADVERTISEMENTS should be addressed carefully as under:——"Box No..... The Advertisement Department, The "Bombay Chronicle," Red Building, Parsi Bazaar Street, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes the Box Number should be written distinctly.

8. MATRIMONIAL.

Mahratta Brahmin, high European education, well-placed, wishes to marry fair, affluent Mahratti or Gujarati lady. No caste restriction. Apply Box No. 5121, "Bombay Chronicle."

9. SITUATIONS VACANT.

Wanted: A capable, intelligent, experienced and honest man to work as Dewan in an Indian State in Gujarat. Services will be probationary for a year. Stating minimum pay, age and nationality. Apply with testimonials and qualifications, if any, to Box No. 1976, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted experienced and influential canvassers for sale of "Ashcharya Malâm" to cure 101 diseases for Oudh, Punjab and Frontier. Apply Ashcharya Trading Co., 280 Shroff Building, Supari-bagh, Bombay 12. (5118).

Ambitious hardworking persons wanted in every Town, District and village of India to introduce distinctive Canvas and Rubber shoes, in their own locality, salary Rs. 80 monthly, plus 10 per cent commissions and valuable prizes. Bright earning possibilities for right persons. Sample stock of 25 pairs shoes of different designs, calls for Rs. 20 deposit with application. A. N. Peris, Footwear Merchant, Byculla, Bombay. (5117)

Wanted an experienced Shorthand Typist strong in English and knowing office routine, apply sharp to Box No. 5111, "Bombay Chronicle."

Cook wanted, must be first class and good at pastry and cakes. Apply immediately to Box No. 5105, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted: A sharp and qualified Stenographer strong in English, for employment in the Central Provinces. Salary Rs. 40 to Rs. 50 p.m. Apply to Box No. 5109, "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Students, unemployed, retired and other educated ladies and gentlemen in each village of India, Burma, and Ceylon to work at their own residence in leisure hours. Pay Rs. 50 to 250 p.m. Apply sharp with six annas stamps to The Public Capital Ass. Co., Ltd., 16-E, Flaming Road, Lahore. (5031).

Wanted.—Influential person to sell shares of the Belgharia Fishery, a famous and respectable concern, expecting a high dividend of 100 p.c. Remuneration Rs. 100 per month. Terms from Sinha and Bhoumik—54, College St., Calcutta. (5084).

10. SITUATIONS WANTED.

Electrical Engineer, Gujarati with seven years all-round experience, wants immediate job with small town supply, Native State or elsewhere on moderate terms. Apply Box 5104, "Bombay Chronicle".

12. TO BE LET.

To Let—A Spacious Bungalow No. 182, 186, Khetwadi Lane, No. 11, suitable for Theatrical Parties. Also Rooms at Sri Hari Nivas, Gowalia Tank and at Sri Harisadan, near Prarthana Samaj, Charni Road. Apply to Purshottam Govindji, 62, 66, Vithalwadi, Telephone No. 23518. (5114).

27. HOTELS.

Bombay Savoy Hotel. Bar and Restaurant, next door to Central Station with all modern comforts. Board and Lodging Rs. 4. Lodging Rs. 2. (5097).

56. EDUCATIONAL.

Wanted candidates for Electrical Engineering,. Rádio—Telegraphy, Broadcasting. Allowance Rs. 30. Railfare paid. Particulars on three anna.—National Technical College of India, Ltd., Bombay 20. (5094).

Shorthand, Typewriting, Book-keeping! Expert Tuition. Moderate fees. Success guaranteed. Join Kalkadevi Shorthand Typewriting Institution. Established 1898 by Gopaldas Laldas, Princess Street Corner, Kalkadevi Road. (5100).

73 AGENTS WANTED

Wanted active agents to push our Hosiery goods on salary Rs. 100 and T.A. Rs. 50. Apply to Commonwealth Trading and Manufacturing Co., Ludhiana. (4976).

Wanted agents throughout India for Vijaya Perfumed Bath Powder. Good opportunity for right men. Send two annas stamps for samples to P. Janarthanan, Vysial Street, Coimbatore. (5120).

Wanted Chief Agents to organise Share selling Agencies and to sell shares of a prospective Sugar concern on fixed monthly pay from Rs. 100 to Rs. 250 plus commission. Apply to Mg. Agents, All India Sugar Mills, Ltd., 135, Canning Street, Calcutta. (2043).

WANTED INFLUENTIAL AGENTS to sell "Bombay Sentinel" Daily Edition particularly at the following places:—

Balsar	Broach	Baroda
Borivli	Bhusaval	Dahod
Deolali	Dhond	Daman
Dhanu Road	Golvad	Karjat
Kasara	Lonavla	Manmad
Matheran	Neral	Navsari
Nasik	Sholapur	Virar

Write for terms and conditions to the Manager, the "Bombay Sentinel," Red House, Parsee Bazaar Street, Fort.

74. AGENCIES WANTED.

Tea—Expert in Tea Business with 47 years' experience is open to engagement or a representation, specially of Nilgiri and Travancore Tea. Apply Jamshetji Warden, Glass Bungalow, Chikkalwadi, Bombay.

93. SPECIALISTS.

Asthma—Rajavaid of 35 years experience specialised asthma cures chronic cases. Many cured in Bombay alone. Apply M. G. Medical Hall, Mayor Building, opp. Dadar Station, B. B. & C. I. Bombay. (5119)

121. DAILY WANTS.

"Falcon Beer". In bottles and on draught available at the "Taj Mahal Hotel" and "Green's" (2021)

156. MISCELLANEOUS.

House on Hire Purchase System arranged for you, with small investment in Khar, Santa Cruz, Andheri, Jogeshwari. Apply with amount of investment, requirements, Box No. 5123, "Bombay Chronicle."

Public Notices

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

THE COIMBATORE CEMENT CO., LTD.

LOST OR MISLAID

TEMPORARY RECEIPT No. 44 dated 23rd March, 1935, in respect of five shares Nos. 25991 to 25995 of the Coimbatore Cement Company, Ltd., in the name of Mrs. Diana Meyers of Bombay has been lost or mislaid and a certificate in lieu of the same has been applied for. Any claim in respect of these shares should be notified within one month to the Registered Office of the Company, at Yusuf Building, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, otherwise the certificate will be issued to the abovementioned owner.

5103

THE CITY OF BOMBAY MUNICIPAL ACT, 1888.

AS AMENDED UP-TO-DATE.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to Section 297 (1) (b) of the City of Bombay Municipal Act, 1888, as amended up-to-date that the undersigned proposes to apply to the Municipal Corporation at their Meeting to be held on the ninth day of December, 1935, or on such day thereafter as the said application can conveniently be disposed of, for authority to prescribe a fresh line, in substitution for the existing regular line of the public streets known as

(1) "Cawasji Patel Street," between Ghoga Street and Churchgate Street, and

(2) "Parsi Bazar Street," between Store Lane and Elphinstone Circle.

A plan of each of the said public streets showing the existing regular line of the street and the fresh line proposed to be prescribed in substitution therefor as aforesaid, is deposited at the Office of the City Engineer, Municipality, and can be inspected by any person desiring to do so at any time during office hours.

Every person desirous of making any representation to the Corporation or of bringing before the Corporation any objection respecting the said proposal may do so, by letter addressed to the Municipal Secretary at the Municipal Office, and delivered at the said office not less than three clear days before the day of such meeting.

Dated this First day of Nov., 35.

I. H. TAUNTON,
Municipal Commissioner
for the City of Bombay.

1047

Public Notices

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO., LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the SIXTEENTH ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the above Company will be held at Sudama House, Wittet Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay, on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of November, 1935, at 4 P.M. (S.T.), to transact the following business:—

1. To adopt the Directors' Report and the Audited Statement of Accounts for the year ended the 30th June, 1935.
2. To sanction the declaration of a dividend.
3. To confirm the appointment of Mr. Pingle Venkatarama Reddy as a Director of the Company.
4. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Tulsidas Kilachand who retires by rotation, but being eligible, offers himself for re-election under Art. 97 of the Articles of Association.
5. To elect a Director in place of Mr. Manekla! Premchand who retires by rotation, but being eligible, offers himself for re-election under Art. 97 of the Articles of Association.
6. To elect Auditors for the ensuing year and to fix their remuneration.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from the 16th November, 1935, to the 7th December, 1935, both days inclusive.

NOTICE IS ALSO GIVEN pursuant to Section 144 of the Indian Companies' Act that a notice dated the 2nd October, 1935, has been received by the Company from a shareholder, Mr. P. N. Mehta, that he will move the following resolution at the above meeting of the Company:—

"That Mr. Ardeshir Edulji Cama, A.C.A., Chartered Accountant, be appointed auditor of your Company for the financial year, in place of Messrs. S. B. Billimoria & Co. and Messrs. K. S. Aiyar & Co., for the continuous and final audit including auditing in Bombay of the original accounts of all the branches on a remuneration of Rs. 5,000."

By order of the Board of Directors.

NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO.,
Agents.

Sudama House,
Ballard Estate.

Bombay 6th November, 1935.

N.B.—The Dividend, when sanctioned, will be made payable at the Central Bank of India, Ltd., Bombay, on and after the 23rd December, 1935, to those shareholders, whose names stand on the Register of the Company on the 15th November, 1935, to whom Dividend Warrants will be posted.

3049

Auction Sales

GANDHI & CO.

Telephone No: 24927.

SALE THIS DAY AT 4-30 P.M. (S.T.)

AUCTION SALE OF IMMOVABLE PROPERTY AT NIZAM STREET

Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers will, under instructions from Messrs. Shastri & Co., Attorneys for Messrs. Punamchand Kasturji and Punamchand Gajaji, the Mortgagees and on account and at the risk of Syed Azgarally Gulam Mahomed the Mortgagor, in pursuance of Mortgage, dated 20th September, 1929, sell by Public Auction the undermentioned valuable immovable property on THURSDAY, the 7th day of November, 1935, at 4-30 P.M. (S.T.) on the premises.

All that piece of land of quit and ground tenure situate at Nizam Street admeasuring 146-3/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered by the Collector under New No. 4215 and New Survey No. 913 and Cadastral Survey No. 3476 of Bhuleshwar Division with dwelling house and bounded on the East by the property of Merwanji Shapurji, on the West by the property of Bamonji Peshwanji on the North partly by the property of Rahimtullaly Mahomedally and partly by the property of Ismail Rudva and on the South by the said Nizam Street and are assessed under C Ward No. 6424 and Street No. 76-78.

For further particulars and conditions of sale please apply to Messrs. Shastri & Co., Attorneys for the Mortgagees at their office at Meadows Street, Fort or to the Undersigned.

GANDHI & CO.

Auction Sales

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF GENTS AND LADIES BOOTS AND SHOES.

Under instructions from the Court Receiver, Bombay, as the Receiver appointed in Suit No. 397 of 1935 (John Andrew Lammas vs. Karachiwalla & Co.) Messrs. BENNETT & CO. will on THURSDAY, the 14th November, 1935, at 4 p.m. (S.T.) sell by Public Auction at their Rooms:—

1 case containing 40 pairs Ladies Shoes.

1 case containing 72 pairs Gents Footwear.

1 case containing 60 pairs Gents Footwear.

A deposit of 25 per cent will be required at the time of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

Next Saturday

LOVE!
THRILLS!!
PASSIONS!!

KANWAL MOVIETONE LTD.'S SOCIAL MASTERPIECE

I'STRI DHARMA
or
PAINTED-SIN

starring

BEAUTIFUL and GLAMOROUS

Miss MEHTAB

with NAZIR, NOORJEHAN, HADI, QUMAR, AFZAL, MUMTAZ

NEXT SATURDAY AT

KRISHNA
TALKIES

DUBASH THEATRE.

SUNDAY 10-11-35
At 10 a.m.

DOUBLE PROGRAMME

of

Buck Jones
And
Tom Mix

At

NOVELTY
TALKIES
—Grant Road—

FRIDAY, 8-11-35:

Zanana Show
of RANJIT'S
BARRISTER'S WIFE
at 2-0 p. m.

Osaka Shoshen Kaisha
O. S. K. Line

REGULAR SERVICE
To Japan Via
SINGAPORE, HONG-KONG & SHANGHAI

Steamer	Arrival	Departure
Shunko Maru	24th Oct.	10th Nov.
Mantai ,,	9th Nov.	24th Nov.
Himalaya ,,	18th ,,	23rd Dec.
Iwaisan ,,	24th ,,	8th ,,
Belgium ,,	1st Dec.	10th ,,
Borneo ,,	9th ,,	25th ,,
Sumatra ,,	24th ,,	8th ,,

OSAKA SHOSHEN KAISHA, LTD.,
(Incorporated in Japan.)
Taj Building, Hornby Road,
Bombay.
Telephone: 23084.
Telegrams: "SHOSEN"

Shops, Not Factories!

BOMBAY ASSOCIATION'S OBJECTIONS TO BAKHALE'S HOURS BILL

In a letter to the Secretary to the Legislative Council, Bombay the Nayya Hakka Sanrakshak Sabha (Legitimate Rights Protection Society)—described in the letter as an "Association of shop-keepers and tenants in Bombay—sets out its objections to Mr. Bakhale's Shop Hours Bill.

The very idea of the Bill says the letter, to start with, appears to be the outcome of the existing legislation regulating the conditions of work of Factory Workers.

No legislature it declares would sensibly treat shops as factories or would compare the working conditions of shop assistants with those of factory workers. To seek to imitate England in Bombay is to ignore the vast difference in the circumstances and conditions obtaining in these two distant parts of the world.

The following are further extracts from the letter:—

The Bill if it becomes law will certainly interfere with the normal conduct of the shop-keeping businesses and will still further retard the present depressed state of the business. In one word, the Bill would prove to be a permanent Martial Law in the petty Businesses area. And these businesses would suffer to the extent they would in a Martial Law regime. The Bill therefore deserves nothing but total deprecation.

REST WITHOUT SATISFACTION OF MIND.

The main object of the Bill is to give the necessary rest to the persons working as servants in the shops. But the father of the Bill has apparently forgotten that no one can enjoy a rest if one has no satisfaction of mind. If one's income is reduced and if one's needs remain unsatisfied owing to reduced income, it would not be possible for one to enjoy the rest

The present time is such that there are so many educated persons who are searching for work of any kind and are prepared to put in any number of hours' work Those who are employed are also anxious to utilise their spare time for some additional occupation if thereby they can earn additional income. It would therefore be absurd to try for more rest for Shop Assistants, who at present have no such pressure of work all the hours of their duty, but who at intervals get ample leisure time and are practically free to absent themselves from duty any moment and who take this liberty at their will with impunity.

In face of this liberty at present enjoyed by Shop Assistants if the relations of Shop-keepers and Shop Assistants are regulated by a Legislation as is contemplated, such a Legislation in effect will straighten these relations and Shop-keepers will have to enforce discipline more strictly.

By being accustomed to work for more hours, the Shop Assistants form this habit and become capable of opening their own businesses and of conducting same efficiently. In fact Shop Assistants of yesterday have in 99 cases become Shop-keepers of to-day.

CLOSING HOURS OF SHOPS.

As regards the clauses for earlier closing hours of Shops it should be noted that the shops come into existence to supply the demands, and the hour for their keeping open solely depend upon the requirements of customers. The Shops have the liberty to close at any earlier hour and some classes of Shops do at present close at about 8 to 9 p.m.

Those shops which cannot afford to close earlier keep open at late hours as they expect business, and it would be most unwise to place a legal restriction on them to close earlier and thus cripple their business and deprive them of earning a little more income to enable them to meet their expenses.

EMPLOYMENT OF CHILDREN.

The clauses preventing the employment of children under 12 years in Shops the conditions of which are far different to those of Factories would amount to depriving these children of this the only probable source of their income and thus driving them to starvation.

Totally unemployed parents who cannot see their children starved before their eyes send them for employment in Shops and without making any alternative provision for their maintenance and or education it would be suicidal to prevent them from getting their bread.

UNDESIRABLE LIVING

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"It may be that his unemployment has led him to this, but whatever the reason might be, living on the earnings of a woman at any time is undesirable."

This was the remark made by Mr. I. N. Mehta at the Girgaum Court to-day when he sentenced an unemployed carpenter to four months' rigorous imprisonment for living on the earnings of his mistress, Sundarabai.

Sub-Inspector Jaywant of the Vigilance Branch was on his rounds on the night of the 30th September when he met a man who furnished him certain information. He instituted inquiries and learnt that one Wasudeo Krishna Mitbawker was offering his mistress for prostitution at Khetwadi.

The next day the Sub-Inspector gave two persons each one marked five-rupee note.

The police party followed the persons to the room of the accused at Khetwadi. The two bogus customers entered the room. The monies were accepted and shortly after one of them took the accused down on the pretext of giving him tea. The police party thereupon entered the room, raided it and recovered a five-rupee note and arrested the accused.

The accused was a carpenter earning about fifty rupees but had lately been unemployed. The magistrate while remarking that this might have led him to offering the woman for prostitution observed that living on the earnings of a woman was undesirable at any time. He, therefore, sentenced him to four months' hard labour.

A Charitable Trust Building

The Trustees of the "Bhau Trimbakji Religious and Charitable Trust" held an interesting function connected with the opening ceremony of their newly erected building at the corner of Gopi Tank Road and the Lady Hardinge Road, at Matunga on Saturday last under the Presidentship of Diwan Bahadur G. S. Rao. The building which is named the "Gopi Tank Bhuwan," was opened by the Diwan Bahadur in the presence of a large and mixed gathering.

CUT OFF WIFE'S NOSE

Very Serious Offence Remarks Magistrate In Sentencing Accused To 2 Years

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"This is a very serious offence. The woman says she is permanently disfigured," observed Mr. A. F. Coelho, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar, to-day while sentencing (Dagdoo Dadoo Pawar, a ccolie, to suffer two years' Rigorous Imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 200, in default six months' further imprisonment, on a charge of voluntarily causing grievous hurt to his wife with a penknife.

The prosecution case was that on September 14 last, Dagdoo cut off the nose of his wife, Laxmibai with a penknife.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charge and stated that he committed the act because his wife was constantly running away from his house to her aunt's place.

Out of the fine, if recovered, Rs. 150 were ordered to be given to the woman as compensation.

On Monday the Governor of the C. P. and Lady Gowan attended a concert by the Christ Church Boy's School Jubbulpore in aid of the school funds.

Vigour Restored, Glands Made Young In 24 Hours

It is no longer necessary to suffer from loss of vigour and manhood, weak memory and body, nervousness, impure blood, sickly skin, depression, and poor sleep, because an American Doctor has discovered a quick, easy way to end these troubles.

This discovery is in pleasant, easy-to-take tablet form, is absolutely harmless, does away with gland operations and is bringing new youth and vigour to thousands. It works directly on the glands and nerves, and puts new, rich blood and energy in your veins. In 24 hours you can see and feel yourself getting younger. Your eyes sparkle, you feel alive and full of youthful vigour and power.

And this amazing, new gland and vigour restorer, called Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs, is guaranteed. It has been proved by thousands in America, and is now distributed by chemists here under a guarantee of satisfaction or money back. Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs must make you feel full of vigour and energy and from 10 to 20 years younger, or you merely return the empty package and get your money back. A special, double-strength bottle of 48 Dr. Nixon's Vi-Tabs costs only Rs. 4, and the guarantee protects you. If your chemist is out, write Muller MacLean, Bombay.

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THE WORLD OF WIRELESS

B. B. C. NOTES

Conundrums For Listeners

Guessing games are usually associated with Christmas parties but Cecil Madden and C. Whitaker-Wilson have devised a programme entitled "Guess?" in which artists will come to the microphone and present conundrums in word, music, and sound to tax the ears and memories of listeners. This will be heard by Transmission 2 listeners on Monday, November 18, at 12-30 p.m. G.M.T. Quotations from plays will be dramatised and listeners asked to guess the context; music lovers will be able to display their skill by identifying well-known artists and musical items; those who have no deep learning of the poets or of music can endeavour to guess the source of various noises, and even linguists will have an opportunity of airing their knowledge by guessing the different languages in which a certain extract will be spoken.

1911 Recalled

Transmission 4 (Thursday, November 21, at 8-30 p.m. G.M.T.).

The various "Scrapbook" programmes broadcast in the BBC Home and Empire transmissions have met with a large measure of appreciation, especially by men and women far removed from the Homeland who like to recall episodes which they had forgotten and which they first heard in very different surroundings.

The latest "Scrapbook"—for 1911—devised and presented by Charles Brewer and Leslie Baily, will remind listeners that 1911 was one of the hectic, anxious years before the War. The suffragettes were more than usually restless and carried their window-smashing campaign to great lengths. The situation in Europe was one of increasing tension and anxiety—the incident of the Panther at Agadir almost brought about a conflagration. Many will recall Mr. Lloyd George's speech to the bankers, in which he said that Britain at all costs must maintain her place and her prestige among the great Empires of the world.

Another stirring event was the "Siege of Sidney Street," in which Mr. Winston Churchill directed operations. Detective-Sergeant Leeson, who was seriously injured in that affray, will recount his experiences, and also Mr. Hugh Martin, who was in the thick of it as a reporter.

NEW RADIO BATTERY REQUIRES NO CHARGING

A new type of low tension battery for radio receivers has just been developed which should prove a tremendous boon to listeners in isolated districts who have difficulty in obtaining recharged accumulators.

It is known as the Air Cell Battery and was on show at the recent National Radio Exhibition at Olympia, and is only rendered active by the introduction of water. Consequently it is always in an entirely fresh condition when bought. A remarkable feature of this Battery is that its rate of discharge remains practically constant throughout the whole of its useful life, which when in use with a radio receiver is in the neighbourhood of 1,000 to 1,200 hours. It can, however, be used maximum current discharge of for any other purpose provided the 650 milliamperes is not exceeded.

Development Of The Unseen Drama

B. B. C. Director Pleads For Co-operation Of The Listening Audience

In India the thing called a Radio drama is still not known. In England and other advanced countries, however, it has become as much a literary feature as the novel or the film.

Writing in a special Radio Drama Number of "The Radio Times", the Journal of the B.B.C., Vol. Gielgud, the B.B.C. Drama Director, has made some interesting comments on the development of broadcast drama.

"In my judgment", he writes, "radio drama has suffered severely in the past from an excess of two things—on the one hand, self-justification; on the other, excessive publicising of its technical machinery. For the first, regrettable though it may have been, there was a certain necessity. People as a whole are so used to thinking of drama in visual terms that in order to persuade them to listen to drama entirely deprived of visuality, making a case, not only once but again and again, became almost a recognised part of a radio-dramatic producer's job. For the publicising of technical machinery there was never any rational excuse, and it is my own belief that, just as the theatre itself has destroyed its qualities of illusion along with its glamour by throwing a searchlight on to the private lives of performers and revealing the secrets behind the curtain, so over-emphasis upon the secrets of the effects studio and the "wonders" of the dramatic control panel have done infinite harm to the radio play. The would-be author has been alarmed, the producer has been encouraged in the over-exploitation of technical ingenuity at the expense of simple competence, and the listener has been encouraged to think of radio drama in terms of Maskelyne and Devant instead of in terms of normal dramatic entertainment.

RECENT PROGRESS.

Luckily, not only all good things but all bad things come to an end, and if such a statement can be made without automatically involving the suggestion of smug complacency, I would be inclined to claim that the last two years have set a term to a phase in radio drama of which the most charitable explanation that can be given was that in essence it was a phase of experiment. I have frequently heard it argued that this phase was unnessary, or that if it was necessary it should have been conducted on the closed circuits of the equivalent of a laboratory. It may as well be stated flatly, first, that the phase was necessary, and second, that unfortunately the laboratory did not exist. And listeners who may have been exasperated by some of these experiments must realise that in hearing such productions they were watching the foundations being laid of a form of entertainment which, whether it is art or not, has become a professional craft of standing and repute .....".

"Finally, I would plead once more and with every realisation of the sort of reply that such a plea may involve, for the co-operation of the listening audience, in the first place for the same amount of attention and concentration as its members would be willing to give to any other form of dramatic entertainment, and in the second for the free and vital expression of their opinion of results. I firmly believe that the only judgment that matters as far as entertainment is concerned is its effect on the audience. However rash such a statement may seem, pure artistry—like patriotism—is not enough."

HOW GERMANY FIGHTS RADIO DISTURBANCES

(From A Special Correspondent)

Disturbances on the wireless are frequent and annoying, but in nearly all cases they can be eliminated without much trouble. For the purpose of remedying these faults, the German Reich Post Office instituted a fault-detecting service in October 1932, which comprises now about 1200 stations for protecting broadcasting from interruptions. They have now a staff of over 3,000, who have to deal with 250,000 reports of disturbances every year. Every listener-in can get advice free of charge, the Broadcasting Company responsible for the installation reserving to themselves the right to restore whatever damage may have been done. It is interesting to note that in nearly 25 per cent of cases reported, the fault is to be found in the receiving set.

1,500 APPLIANCES

The service is at present technically equipped with about 1,500 special appliances for detecting disorders, which are of German construction. They further have special measuring apparatus for the scientific examination of all faults which do not arise from faulty construction, but which are due to "superior power" (force majeure), likewise those which originate from the hundreds of apparatus boxes with radio and electro-technical implements. They also possess a fleet of light speedy motor cars, so as to be able to proceed anywhere in the country or town where they are needed.

LOCALISING FAULTS

For localising broadcasting faults, the methods of detection developed by Siemens & Halske are used to-day. A comparison of the loudness of the sound is made at different points in the radio system. The apparatus used can be packed in a portable box, and consists of a 2-valve circuit receiver with high frequency, current rectifier and low frequency stages, and is so arranged that it can be connected up at will at any point with switches etc.

Though it is true that most of the troubles can easily be remedied, there are of course, some difficult problems to be solved. For this reason the German Reich Post Office is not only at the service of its customers, but is likewise entrusted with scientific research on a broad and practical basis. The idea of making the reception of as many stations as possible stable and perfect in all respects cannot be pursued any further at present in the case of large transmitters, as their transmitting capacity has reached the limit which economy allows. There is, therefore, no alternative but to diminish the faults at the place of reception, and improve the receiving sets. This can better be achieved by making the receiving sets insensitive to faults than overhauling all the strong and weak current apparatus and machines, which is a very expensive matter.

NEW LAWS

It is hoped that the law about to be passed in Germany for protecting broadcasting from any disorders will offer further scope for a general and effective method for dealing with faults. According to this new law, all those in possession of electro-technical appliances, which may go wrong are obligated to remedy the fault and are entitled to advise as to the best way of doing so. All listeners-in on the wireless are of course included in this category.

ROMANCE OF THE RADIO

Flashes Pictures Across Space And Performs Bloodless Operations

In the course of an interesting talk at a recent Luncheon of the Rotary Club, Rotarian Kantebet remarked that the romance of radio was really the romance of the thermionic valve. Like a variety of other valves met with in engineering, for example pneumatic, hydraulic and steam valves, the radio valve enabled man to control large quantities of power, and convert it into a form suitable for transference across space without connecting leads. He demonstrated on a miniature scale how this was done.

PRACTICAL USE.

The control of power thus radiated could be effected in accordance with the Morse code. This resulted in radio telegraphy whose first application was for communication with ships on the high seas. The very significant part played by radio in ensuring safety of life and property on the seas was brought out by statistics which showed enormous reduction in the number of ships posted missing, loss of life and loss of property during the last 30 years.

From radio telegraphy he went to radio telephony and pointed out that nearly three quarters of the world's telephone subscribers could now be interconnected by means of international radio telephone links.

BROADCASTING.

Broadcasting was the next wonderful achievement of radio technique. It is understood that nearly a tenth of the world's population are potential listeners of broadcast programmes. With particular reference to India, broadcasting has an immense future. With vision and courage it could be made the one single agency, far more powerful than the press, wherewith to effect the unification of the heterogeneous elements in Indian thought, culture and languages.

SURGEON'S FRIEND

Amongst the less familiar applications of radio were bloodless surgical operations with the radio knife, artificial fevers for curing certain malignant diseases, wireless guidance of ships and aircraft during poor visibility, automatic depth sounding with the echometer, radio prospecting for mineral deposits were a few. Radio technique has been extensively used in precision measurements in the microcosmic world.

"Radio has recently found an equally versatile ally in the photocell. Together they can now control a large variety of processes like sampling, colour matching, automatic weighing and distribution of goods.

PICTURE TELEGRAPHY.

Perhaps the most far reaching application is in picture telegraphy or facsimile transmission. At the conclusion of the England-Australia Air Race, the arrival of Black and Scott in Australia was recorded on a film. This picture was immediately transmitted to London as a radio-picture, there re-printed and exhibited to the London cinema audiences within about 48 hours of the completion of the race. Even more wonderful was the opening of the Century of Progress Exhibition in Chicago. A spot of light from the Star Arcturus, requiring about 40 years to reach the earth, was focussed on the telescope once used by Galileo in Rome; then converted into an electric impulse through a photo-cell, and was next transmitted to the U. S. A., over transatlantic radio circuit. It was then picked up as a radio dash, amplified and sent to Chicago on telegraph lines. At Chicago this impulse operated a switch and illuminated the grounds, and thus threw open the exhibition. This performance sounds like a miracle performed by a heavenly body.

Finally, radio has given television to man. Although still in an experimental stage, its future seems to be well assured. The lecturer concluded by saying that next only to electricity, perhaps no single invention had such a wonderfully varied application as radio technique to man's requirements.

What To Do With The B.B.C.

Mr. Postgate X-Rays The Working Of The Corporation

By XYZ

WHAT TO DO WITH THE B.B.C.. By Raymond Postagate. Published by Leonard and Viginia Woolf at the Hogarth Press, London.

This little book of 68 pages is a fine example of concise yet candid and convincing criticism. Within the range of these pages the author thoroughly analyses the administration of the British Broadcasting Corporation.

The book will come as a revelation to Indians who were all the time made to believe that the B.B.C. (like all other British institutions, of course!) was a model of efficiency. The publication of this little booklet is opportune as a Royal Commission appointed to investigate the B.B.C. is at present engaged in its deliberations. Upon the report of this Commission depends the future of the Corporation as its Charter runs out in 1936.

PURDAH COMMISSION

Mr. Postgate rightly protests against the meetings of this Commission being held in camera for he says, "One of the chief complaints about the B.B.C. has been about its secrecy. Its expenditure of money, its selection of staff, its censorship, its publishing enterprises, its organisation and everything has been kept deliberately in darkness." And the British public will naturally resent being deprived of this opportunity for a thorough public enquiry into the affairs of the B.B.C. What is more the Commission consists mostly of "elderly persons, even if distinguished in various other directions, who had never previously shown any interest in the wireless....."

A UNIQUE BODY.

The constitution of the B.B.C., as Mr. Postgate points out, makes it a body that is in some ways unique. Legally it is a Chartered Company—not unlike the East India Company of the nineteenth century which it resembles in its constitutional character and also in other ways.

2 MILLIONS EVERY YEAR!

The B.B.C. spends the astounding sum of over 2 million pounds every year.

Mr. Postgate enumerates some extraordinary rules of work in the B.B.C. studios the most astounding being that, "No member of the staff can marry or get engaged without submitting full particulars to Mr. Nichols, the Director of Internal Affairs."

Mr. Postgate cites a number of irregularities alleged to have been countenanced and encouraged by the B.B.C. authorities and pleads for a thorough and open enquiry into the affairs of the Corporation. He wants stricter control by Parliament over the B.B.C., the publication of all accounts in detail, and the repeal of all repressive regulations.

It is a book that must be read by all who are interested in the future of broadcasting.

BIG TREATS FOR MUSIC LOVERS

B. B. C. Announce Winter Programme

The BBC's music plans for the forthcoming winter season have been recently announced by Dr. Adrian Boult, the BBC's Director of Music. Between October 23 and March 25 the BBC Symphony Orchestra of one hundred and nineteen players will give a series of public concerts in the Queen's Hall, London, all of which, it is hoped, will be broadcast. Guest conductors will include Sir Henry Wood, Sir Hamilton Harty, and M. Ernest Ansermet.

These concerts have been divided alternately into Series A and B. Series A will have a classical aspect and will include, for instance, Beethoven's Concerto in D, for Violin and Orchestra, soloist, Carl Fleshch; Mozart's Concerto No. 26, in D, for Pianoforte and Orchestra, soloist, Egon Petri; and Beethoven's Concerto No. 4, in G, for Pianoforte and Orchestra, soloist, Myra Hess. It will also contain the first performance of Constant Lambert's "Summer's Last Will and Testament," a choral work regarded by many as his best composition, and a revival of Mendelssohn's "Die Erste Walpurgisnacht," and the "Grande Messe des Morts" and "Symphonie Funebre et Triomphale" of Berliod.

FOR MODERNS.

Series B, which will emphasize rather the more modern and progressive element, will include the first performance of William Walton's Symphony No. 1, under the direction of Sir Hamilton Harty, Vaughan Williams' Symphony No. 4, in F minor, Schonberg's Symphonic Poem, "Pelleas and Melisande," Stravinsky's "Oedipus-Rex," and Sibelius' Symphony No. 1. The soloists in this series will include Josef Hofmann in Chopin's Concerto No. 1, in E minor, for Pianoforte and Orchestra, Pau Casals in Boccherini's Concerto in B flat, for Violoncello and Orchestra and Adolf Busch and Lionel Tertis in Mozart's Symphonie Concertante in E flat, for Violin, Viola, and Orchestra.

Concerts by Section B of the Symphony Orchestra (eighty to ninety players) will be given each Sunday night from the studio when guest conductors will include Sir Henry Wood, Sir Landon Ronald, Casals, Dohnanyi, Malko, Oskar Fried, and Anton Webern. In addition, listeners will hear an interesting programme of Dvorak's Slavonic Dances to be given by the Prague Philharmonic Orchestra, conducted by Talich.

Another interesting event of the coming season will be a performance of the complete madrigals of the sixteenth century English composer, Peter Phillips. This will be the first occasion in modern times that Peter Phillips' madrigals have been heard, and they will be conducted by Sir Richard Terry, whose researches have made the performance possible.

A further series of short programmes devoted to celebrating the three hundred and fiftieth anniversary of the birth of Heinrich Schutz, the "Father of German music," will be under the direction of Sir Hugh Allen.

Choral plans include performances of many new British works, such as Patrick Hadley's setting of "La Belle Dame Sans Merci" of Keats, and older works by Handel, Purcell, Stanford, Parry, Sullivan, Elgar.

"RADIO AMATEURS' NEWS"

The October issue of the "Indian Radio Amateurs' News" which is the official monthly of the Indian Radio Amateurs League shows considerable progress both in the get-up and contents. The journal is full of useful information for Radio Amateurs and one of the chief features of this issue is a complete list of Asiatic Broadcasting stations. The magazine is also running some interesting competitions of interest to the Radio Amateurs.

B. B. C. PROGRAMME

(All Times are given in Greenwich Mean Time)

Mon. Nov. 11 10-30 a.m. Cenotaph Service.

11-55 a.m. Speeches at the Lord Mayor of London's Banquet.

Tues. No. 12 11-0 a.m. British Legion Remembrance Festival.

Wed. Nov. 13, 12-15 p.m. "High Spots": Canterbury Cathedral.

Fri. Nov. 15, 11-30 a.m. "The King's Music."

TRANSMISSION 3.

Sun. Nov. 10, 2-10 p.m. An Empire Service from St. Paul's Cathedral. 3-15 p.m. Speeches at the Lord Mayor of London's Banquet.

4-0 p.m. Jewish Ex-Servicemen's Service.

Mon. Nov. 11 2-0 p.m. Cenotaph Service.

Tues. Nov. 12, 2-45 p.m. "Under Big Ben."

Thurs. Nov. 14, 4-45 p.m. Interview with a British Film Star.

Fri. Nov. 15, 2-15 p.m. "High Spots": Canterbury Cathedral.

Sat. Nov. 16, 2-30 p.m. "The King's Music."

TRASMISSION 4.

Sun. Nov. 10, 6-30 p.m. "High Spots"; St. Mary Redcliffe, Bristol. 7-55 p.m. Service and Address by the Archbishop of Canterbury.

Mon. Nov. 11, 6-15 p.m. Cenotaph Service.

8-0 p.m. British Legion Remembrance Festival.

9-30 p.m. Captain Scott: An Epic.

Tues. Nov. 12, 7-0 p.m. Bruno Raikin (South African Pianist).

Wed. Nov. 13, 8-15 p.m. Betsy de la Porte (South African Contralto).

Thurs. Nov. 14, 7-30 p.m. and 8-40 p.m. Halle Concert, Parts 1 & 2.

Sat. Nov. 16, 6-45 p.m. Hebrew and Yiddish Folk Songs.

7-0 p.m. The Saturday Magazine.

TRANSMISSION 5.

Sun. Nov. 10, 11-0 p.m. Service and Address by the Archbishop of Canterbury.

Mon. Nov. 11, 11-30 p.m. Cenotaph Service.

Tues. Nov. 12, 11-0 p.m. Scottish Programme.

Wed, Nov. 13, 12-20 a.m. Interview with a British Film Star.

Thurs. Nov. 14, 11-45 p.m. "High Spots": Canterbury Cathedral.

Fri. Nov. 15, 11-0 p.m. Scenes from Shakespeare.

TRANSMISSION 6.

Mon. Nov. 11 3-0 a.m. Eve of Armistice Day Commemoration from Edinburgh.

Tues. Nov. 12, 3-0 a.m. British Legion Remembrance Festival.

Thurs& Nov. 14, 3-15 a.m. "High Spots": St. Mary Redcliffe, Bristol.

Sat. Nov. 16. 3-0 a.m. Irish Songs.

Recommended Books

(All Transmissions).

Suggestions on what books to read will be given in a new monthly series of talks by Eric Gillett, who will speak in all transmissions. These talks should help listeners in remote quarters of the world to choose their reading, and to this end Mr. Gillett's selections will be as catholic as possible, including fiction, thrillers, children's books, biography, and belles-lettres.

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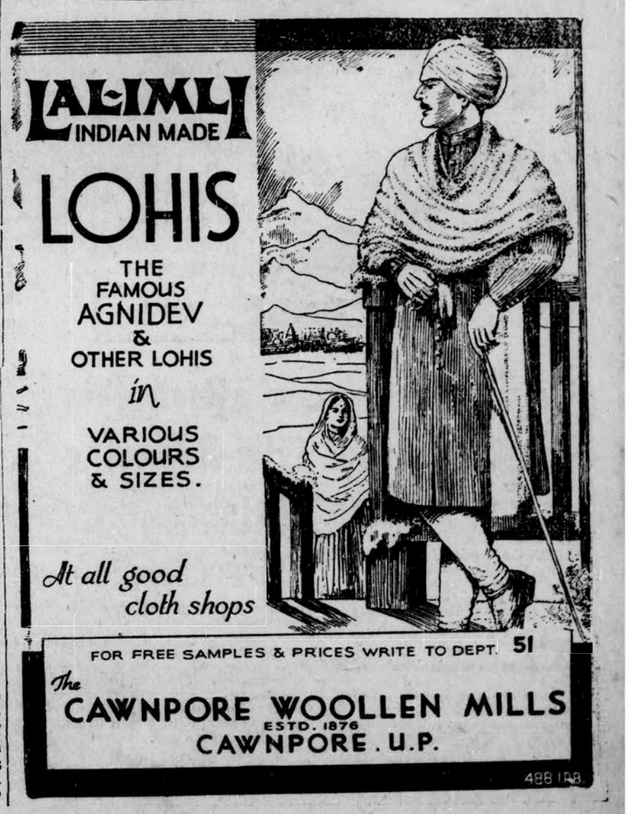

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Cricket Notes And Comments

The Quadrangular Prospects

(BY J. C. MAITRA.)

MUSLIMS' HAPPY POSITION.

In about ten days the great Cricket Carnival of Bombay will be on us. The respective Selection Committees are racking their brains to spot out the strongest combinations on the field, and our cricket fans are busy discussing the chances of their favourites for inclusion in the teams. In this respect the Mahomedans are in the happiest position. In addition to having almost all the members of their last year's winning team at their call, they have the prospect of the great Nawab of Pataudi donning flannels for them.

PATAUDI AS CAPTAIN.

In view of the fact that the Nawab has been selected to lead the all-India side against the Australians, I feel certain that he would allow this opportunity of coming into direct contact with almost all the important players of India to go. Then the question of his leading the Muslims may be taken as a settled fact. Even last year he was given the option to lead the side, but ill-health did not permit him to avail of the opportunity. This may be a little hard on the winning Captain, Wazir Ali. But I have no doubt that he will accept the junior position of a Vice-Captain or even of an ordinary player, without demur.

THE WICKET-KEEPER.

The only question that is likely to worry the Muslim Selectors is the position of Dilawar Hussein, their wicket-keeper, who is away in England. It is very likely that Faiz Ahmed of Nander who helped the Mahomedans as an opening batsman last year, will get the preference over Nakkuda, the local aspirant.

THE WICKET-KEEPER.

The Mahomedans will again be able to field the strongest array of trundlers. Mohammed Nissar, the giant killer, will be in the fore-part of the attack, to be supported by another speed merchant in Mubarak Ali, whose recent performances in the North has easily earned him the place of Shahabuddin. Baqa Jilani and Mustaq Ali are sure to be there for their immense destructive capacities. In addition it is believed that Amir Elahee who has been doing a lot of things with his elusive leg-breaks in Northern India of late, may further strengthen the Mahomedan attack.

STRONG BATTING AND TIGHT FIELDING.

Then there are the Ali Brothers, Wazir and Nazir, to further support their bowling. The Mahomedan batting will also be of a very high order. With Pataudi, Wazir Ali, Nazir Ali, Mahomed Hussein, A. Baporia and Sm. Kadri, they should be able to knock up a respectable total against any attack provided by the other communities. S. Heptulla, A. Hakim and Peerbhoy should form the rear guard of reservists. I am not in favour of requisitioning the services of Sheikh Dina, the Veteran quadrangular player any more, since so many good ones among the younger players are available. The latter should be given every encouragement to take the places of the retiring ones.

WILL THE HINDU SELECTORS BUNGLE AGAIN?

Although the Hindus are not in as happy a position as their conquerors of past year, their Selection Committee have a fairly easy job on hand unless they are determined to bungle, as they were last year. The question of their captaincy is still in dispute. If sectarianism did not play its ruinous part, C. K. Nayudu, than whom there are no greater skippers among the Indians to day, should step into the position without question. But I understand that plans are being worked out to deprive him of that rank and bring in L. P. Jai in the place. I hope, however, better sense will prevail on the Committee before they finally decide the point.

HINDLEKAR'S POSITION CERTAIN.

I am happy to learn that J. G. Navle, the Veteran All-India Wicket-keeper, has at last been placed on the Retired List. So the chances of D. D. Hindlekar, as the Next Wicket-keeper of the Hindus, are certain. Hindlekar is decidedly the best wicket-keeper among the younger generation in the whole of India. He is, besides, a steady opening bat. No sooner does he find his element in big matches, he would be a top-notch wicket-keeper batsman Then he would claim the position in the All-India team without dispute.

NO EXPRESS BOWLER.

The Hindus are not in the fortunate position of having a Nissar in their midst. D. R. Puri of Lahore was the next approach. But I am informed that he has declined the invitation of the Hindu Selection Committee to come here for a trial match. So he is bound to be left out of consideration. It is very unlikely that our local trundler, D. S. Talpade, will be favoured with the choice as his fielding is very poor. The probability is that S. Banerjee, the fast medium bowler from Calcutta who has favourably impressed the selectors, will be included in the team. In addition to his qualities as a bowler, he wields the willow with some egect and is also a good field. Amarnath will of course be there to give him the necessary support.

AN INDIAN GRIMMETT?

The brunt of the attack, however, will have to be borne by Amarsingh and S. R. Godambe. There is also a great probability of E. S. Ramaswamy, the googli bowler from Bangalore, sharing the bowling with them. The young Madrasi is a bowler of the rare type of Arthur Mailey and Clarrie Grimmett, and as such is expected to rout the unwary batsmen. But the claims of C. S. Nayadu would not be easily brushed aside. The latter's superiority in fielding and batting may carry greater weight with the selectors. The Hindu bowling will have further assistance from their skipper himself.

A WELL-BALANCED SIDE.

The Hindus possess a long array of brilliant batsmen who are individually capable of collecting a large figure. C. K. Nayadu, V. M. Merchant, Amarnath, L. P. Jai, Lall Singh and K. Bose. The last-named hails from Calcutta. During his recent performances in various parts of the country including Bombay, he gave the impression of a class batsman with a large repertoire of strokes He is also as fielder par excellence. The name of Amarsingh should be added to the above test, as he may also be relied upon to give an exhibition of his fine works. In the reserves, K. N. Divekar and C. N. Mehta are sure to figure, unless one or the other is included in the eleven.

(To Be Continued.)

ALLEGED PASSPORT SWINDLE

Agent Arrested

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Ceylon police have unearthed an extraordinary ingenious method alleged to have been adopted by a Passport Agent in Bombay to enable three of his constituents from Jullundur to travel abroad without the formality of obtaining the Punjab Governments seal or endorsement on their Passports.

On inquiries made by the authorities it was found that the seal of the Punjab Government affixed to the Passport was a forgery and no endorsement was made on the three passports to enable the holders to travel to Malta from Colombo.

In this connection the Bombay C.I.D. arrested Bhagatsingh Arjunsingh, a Passport Agent, and put him up on a remand application before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalavala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, to-day.

On an application made by Mr. Ardeshir Birdie, on behalf of the accused, the Magistrate directed the accused to be released on bail of Rs. 100 cash with one surety in like amount.

Story Of Case.

Sergeant Gibbs of the C.I.D. stated in his application for a remand of the accused, that three persons came to Bombay about 20 days ago to obtain the necessary endorsements on their passports to travel to Glasgow, where they had their relatives.

The accused is alleged to have represented that he was able to obtain the necessary endorsements on their passports but not for Glasgow. He suggested that he would obtain an endorsement from the Government to enable them to land at Marseilles from where they could proceed to Glasgow without any difficulty.

Stopped At Colombo

The accused's proposals were accepted and he was paid Rs. 11 by each of three men for the services rendered in connection with the endorsements from Government.

The three men then went from Bombay to Colombo to embark from there to Marseilles. At Colombo the police on examining their passports found that they bore the Punjab Government's seals and endorsements to "Malta" instead of "Marseilles."

Certain other circumstances also led the police to suspect that the 3 passports were not in order, so they made inquiries, and learnt that the endorsements which the passports bore were forgeries.

The Bombay C.I.D. then took up the matter and placed Bhagatsingh Arjansingh under arrest. It is alleged that the accused was responsible for affixing the seal of the Punjab Government on the passports.

Pending further inquiries the accused was released on bail.

Mr. Narendrasinh Bhandari and his mother of Indore who returned by mail after their tour in defiance of caste and religious restrictions.

URAN COLONISATION

Parsis' Trip To Island To Popularise Scheme

Mr. Bomanji Banaji, the indefatigable promoter of the scheme for colonising Uran and establishing an industrial town there for the Parsis, took a party of about 800 of his co-religionists to the island, last Sunday, by a large steamer specially chartered for the purpose, with a view to celebrate the anniversary of the Umrigar Agyari and also to popularise a scheme which, it is hoped, would solve the housing problem as well as the problems of poverty and unemployment among the Parsis at present. Mr. Maneckji Kavasji Patel, President of the Uran Wharf Committee, was called to the chair.

STEAMER TRIP AND AFTER

The steamer started from the Bhavno Dakko early in the morning at about 7 a.m., with hundreds of gay excursionists among whom the ladies seemed to preponderate. The weather was exhilarating and the sea perfectly calm. As the time for the starting of the steamer was very early, hundreds of excursionists were unable to come to the bunder in time and so were brought to Uran by another steamer at 9 a.m.

The first steamer reached Uran at about 8 a.m., and the passengers were transhipped from the steamer to the small boats called "batelas" in about an hour's time, and they all gathered first at the small fire temple built by the well-known Umrigar family, and took part in the "Jassan" ceremony, offering sandal wood to the sacred fire and praying devoutly in the style of the truly orthodox Parsis After the religious ceremony was over the whole party wended its way to a special "mandap" put up in the spacious garden of Khan Bahadur Cawasji Majra and spent about an hour in music

PATEL'S APPEAL

Thereafter a meeting was held attended by almost all the 800 excursionists, Mr. Maneckji Patel the veteran publicist, presiding.

Mr. Patel in his speech traced the history of the agitation carried on by him and Mr. Banaji from 1925 downwards, for urging the Government to build at their expense a wharf at Uran, which was a crying demand of the Uranites for years. He paid a handsome tribute to Mr. Banaji for his patience and perseverance in sticking to his scheme in spite of adverse criticisms and even ridicule. He was glad that the agitation carried on by him was crowned with success, the Government having been at length forced to order a wharf to be built in Uran. The wharf in question is already half completed and would be a "fait accompli" in a few months more.

He made a powerful appeal to the Trustees of the Parsi Panchayat and other leaders of the community to turn their attention seriously to the colonisation of Uran which promises to remedy most of the evils from which the community suffers at present.

The gay party returned to Bombay at about 7 p.m., which was the scheduled time.

The Hammond Committee is expected to arrive in Madras on 23rd instant and leave Madras by the 30th of this month.

Help Kidneys

If Kidney Trouble or Bladder Weakness makes you suffer from Getting Up Nights, Nervousness, Dizziness, Rheumatism, Stiffness, Burning, Smarting, Itching or Acidity try the new discovery Cystex (Siss-tex). Guaranteed to end your troubles in 8 days or money back. At all chemists, or Muller Maclean, Bombay.

APPROPRIATED MONEY HELD IN TRUST

Sentence On Former C.T.O. Clerk Confirmed

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Macklin at the High Court dismissed the appeal of Padmakar Jagannath Vaidya, formerly a clerk in the Central Telegraph Office, Bombay.

Mr. C. H. Carden Noad with Mr. Y. V. Dixit appeared for the appellant and Diwan Bahadur Shingne, Government Pleader, for the Crown.

The appellant was sentenced to three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 1,000, in default six months more, by the Third Presidency Magistrate who convicted him of criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 1,341.

The appellant had obtained a succession certificate from the Administer General entitling him to succeed to the estate of his uncle Prabhakar Govind Vaidya who died intestate, and accordingly he received Rs. 1,341 from an insurance company in respect of the life policy of the deceased.

It was in respect of this amount that the present case was filed against him by one Digambar Ganesh Vaidya.

The appellant's defence was that the complainant and other claimants had agreed to allow him to recover the amount of the policy as he had met the expenses of the funeral ceremonies after the deceased's death.

It was also agreed that after deducting all expenses, the balance should be divided equally between all the claimants.

No Fine For Insolvent.

In upholding the conviction their lordships held that the appellant had not proved how he had spent the policy money, and he had not discharged the burden of proving that he had not misappropriated the money which he undoubtedly held as a trust on behalf of the other claimants.

As regard the sentence, their lordships expressed the opinion that the Magistrate's order imposing a fine on the appellant was improper and without jurisdiction, as the appellant was an insolvent.

Accordingly, their lordships set aside the fine but confirmed the sentence of three months' imprisonment.

AROUND THE COURTS

On a charge of voluntarily causing grievour hurt, Gafoor Wazir, who was arrested by the Police this morning, was put up by the Agripada Police, before Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

In applying for remand into custody of the accused, the Investigating Officer stated that the accused went to the residence of Nasrulla Abdulla at Madanpura, this morning and assaulted him while he was asleep.

The complainant received serious injuries all over the body, necessitating his immediate removal to the J.J. Hospital.

The cause of this mysterious assault is not yet known.

Pending further police inquiries, the accused was ordered to be remanded to police custody for a period of 14 days.

Tufel Ahmed, arrested this morning for alleged assault on the proprietor of the Zenith Printing Press on June 18, was put up before the Mazagaon Magistrate and ordered to be remanded for a period of eight days.

The Police allege that Tufel assaulted the complainant with an iron rod. Hakim alias Mohommed, the second accused, struck him with a bamboo stick, and that another accused who was absconding for some time was responsible for stabbing injuries.

The second accused who was also stated to have got hirelings to assault the complainant was re-arrested this morning.

Both the accused were ordered to be remanded for a period of eight days.

A tram-car proceeding along Nagdevi Street, towards Crawford Market, knocked down a Marwari Shroff, his left foot being crushed under it, at about 11 a.m. today.

Jivaji Hansraj the victim was removed to the G. T. Hospital, where his foot was amputated.

There was a case of housebreaking and theft last night at about 8-30 p.m. at No. 221 Ripon Road. Cloth valued at Rs. 70|- in cash was stolen.

An empty trunk connected with the robbery was found at Chota Kabrastan.

Police investigations are proceeding.

On Tuesday at about 3 p.m. motor van No. T-1865 loaded with coal, which was driven by Ahmed Rasool and was proceeding along Mayo Road from north to south, collided with taxi No. X-654.

The collision caused the lorry to capsize, with the result that Mahabir Dalayasingh who was seated near the driver got jammed between the overturned van and the road. After being removed from his critical position the man was rushed to hospital but expired on the way.

Driver Charged

Camil Cardoza, a taxi-driver who was arrested in connection with the motor collision was charged to-day before Mr. D. N. D. Khandalawala, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court.

The police stated that the collision between the accused's taxi-car and a motor truck was due to the negligence of the taxi driver in failing to give the right of way to traffic proceeding from the right.

One Mahatri Shalla Singh who was seated next to the driver of the motor truck was fatally injured. The cars were smashed and the truck capsized after the collision.

The accused was released on bail pending further inquiries.

Found guilty of cheating two Marwaris in respect of Rs. 470 on two different occasions by pledging with them several buttons, representing them to be made of gold, Mahomed Abdulla, a youth, was sentenced to-day at the Dadar Police Court to one month's R. I.

MADRAS LAD'S GREAT FEAT

MADRAS, Nov. 4.

Brilliant bowling by R. Sundaram, a boy still in his teens, who took 8 wickets for 2 runs, was the feature of the match between the P. S. High School, Mylapore and the Model High School, on the latter's ground at Saidapet on Saturday. The P. S. High School won by an innings and 14 runs.

Batting first the Model High School hit up 56 runs, Govindan, Rajamanikkam and Sundaram capturing 4, 4 and 2 wickets for 6, 13 and 12 runs, respectively. The P. S. High School replied with 90 runs.

The Model High School fared very badly in their second innings, being dismissed for 20 runs. Sundaram who bowled a consistent length, flighted the ball cleverly, taking 8 wickets for 2 runs.

Everyone can now afford this Famous Special Film-Removing Tooth Paste

THINK of paying a new low price for the tooth paste that still maintains the same high standard of efficiency and safety! That's the good news that should make you want to buy Pepsodent Tooth Paste real soon.

Seven out of ten people already realize that there couldn't be a finer, more scientific dentifrice. In 67 different countries Pepsodent is favorably known as the "special film-removing tooth paste." Wherever dental hygiene is farthest advanced, the world over, thousands of dentists approve Pepsodent and millions of people prefer it.

And now, just think — if you have always used Pepsodent you'll welcome this chance to buy it for less. It is identical in formula and results as before. To those who have never tried Pepsodent we suggest that you start using it now . . . *at this new low price.* Once you see what Pepsodent can do, we believe that you will want to use it regularly twice a day.

PEPSODENT THE SPECIAL FILM-REMOVING TOOTH PASTE

Doctors agree the "DIFFICULT" child needs this simple treatment

What SCOTT'S Emulsion does

- Builds sturdy flesh and bone
- Strengthens the nerves
- Guards the lungs against infection
- Enriches the blood
- Wards off illness

WHEN a child is habitually peevish, naughty and highly strung, Doctors recognise the symptoms; she is what is called a "difficult" child and her condition is usually due to one primary cause.

In order to build a sturdy body and healthy nerves every child requires a full supply of Vitamins A and D, calcium and phosphorus, according to its needs. If this supply is insufficient, strength and vitality are over-taxed and the child becomes "weakly", peevish and irritable.

Treatment proved by 60 years' successful use

What is needed is that the deficiency be made good in the best possible way, and for this purpose Doctors have consistently prescribed SCOTT'S Emulsion for the past sixty years.

SCOTT'S Emulsion is an emulsified form of the finest cod liver oil, the rich natural source of Vitamin A, essential to growth and lire itself, and Vitamin D which enables the body to use calcium to form sound bones and teeth. To this have been added the essential salts or calcium and phosphorus, making SCOTT'S Emulsion *three times more effective than plain cod liver oil!* And because, unlike plain cod liver oil, SCOTT'S Emulsion has a pleasant taste and is easily digested children love it and take it regularly.

Valuable lung tonic and strength-maker

SCOTT'S Emulsion is also a reliable remedy for coughs, colds and lung troubles. It breaks up hard coughs, soothes the throat and rebuilds lung tissues. Taken after fever and other wasting illnesses it strengthens the body and wards off dangerous complications.

AMAZING, BUT TRUE!

SCOTT'S Emulsion

— is 3 times more effective than plain cod liver oil

— is 80 times as good a bone-builder as butter

— is 8 times more effective than butter for growth

A dessertspoonful of SCOTT'S Emulsion has the bone-building value of 2 pints of fresh milk or the yolks of 2 eggs, and has the growth-giving value of 2 lbs. of bananas

SCOTT'S Emulsion

Wholesale Distributors:
Imperial Chemical Industries (India) Ltd. Calcutta • Bombay • Madras • Lahore • Rangoon
Colombo • Cawnpore • Patna • Ahmedabad • Cochin • Calicut • Vizagapatam • Karachi • Amritsar

City And Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Kartak Shud 11, 1992
Muslim: Shaban 10, 1351
Parsi: Khordad 2, 1305
Hightide: 8-36 21-59
Lowtide: 2-24 15-09
Sunrise: 6h 11m
Sunset: 6h 4m

BOHRA YOUTH LEAGUE

An adjourned meeting of the Bohra Youth League will be held to-day (Thursday) at the League's Hall at 9-30 p.m. to adopt the report of Scholarship Enquiry Committee.

JAMNADAS MEHTA INDISPOSED

Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta regrets that owing to his indisposition he is obliged to cancel all his engagements for the next ten days.

PIR MOTAMIYAN SAHEB

Pir Motamiyan Saheb of Mangrol left Bombay for Surat on November 5. His Holiness will proceed to Baroda on the 7th and will go to Ekalbara the next day for the Urs.

CO-OPERATOR'S DAY AT SURAT

The All-India Co-operator's Day was celebrated at Surat on Saturday 2nd November under the presidentship of Mr. M. D. Bhansali, Collector of Surat.

RISHIKUL PREACHER

Pandit Laxmanacharyaji Shastri, a well-known preacher of Rishikul Vidyapith Hardwar has come down to Bombay with a programme of delivering lectures on "The Devotion to God."

S. D. V. SANGH

The 27th annual report of the Saraswat Deen Watsal Sangh is now ready and is being sent to members. The Honorary Secretary requests that members who have not received it yet should please inform him immediately.

LIBERAL STUDY CIRCLE

A meeting of the Liberal Study Circle will be held in the roome of the Liberal Association (107, Esplanade Road, Fort) to-day (Thursday) at 6-15 p.m. (S.T.) when further discussion on the Government of India Act, 1935, Part II will be continued.

INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL FOR WOMEN

Under the auspices of the Junior Red Cross Sub-Committee of the Red Cross Society, Bombay, Dr. V. K. Chitnis, D.O. (Oxford) delivered two lectures illustrated with magic lantern slides on "Eye" at the above School on the 4th and 5th November. Nearly 125 women attended the lectures.

INDIAN INSTITUTE OF ARCHITECTS

Under the auspices of the Indian Institute of Architects, a public lecture on "Architecture as social necessity" will be delivered by Mr. K. H. Vakil, at the Registered Office of the Institute—the Sohrab F. Bharoocha Architectural Library to-day (Thursday) at 6-30 p.m. (S.T.) The President Prof. Claude Batley will preside.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

REGAL—"China Seas" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
ROXY—"Naya Zamana" Time as usual
CAPITOL—"House of Rothschild". At 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
PATHE—"The Crusades" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 9-30 p.m.
WELLINGTON—"She" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Noor-e-Vatan" Time as usual.
MINERVA—"Devdas" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Puran Bhakta" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jawani-Ki-Hawa" Daily at 6-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
SUPER—"Desh Deepak" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Orphans of Society" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
PALACE—"Little Colonel." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EDWARD—"Call of the Savage." Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

12 noon. Indian programme. Gujarati songs. 1 p.m. Available market rates. European programme. A Gilbert and Sullivan Programme. 2 p.m. Close down.

5-30 p.m. European programme. Relay of music from Capitol Cinema. 6-30 p.m. Lord Beaverbrook. On 'The Causes of War.' 6-45 p.m. 'The King's Try all.' 8 p.m. A Review of Gramophone Records. By Wilfrid Russell. 8-45 p.m. The News. Weather Report. News Bulletin and Commercial News. 9-30 p.m. Sir H. P. Mody on "Textile Industry" 9-45 p.m. Filmusic. Mehandi Reza will sing. Chamkana Lagi Mori Bindiya. Lagai Chot Kalajavame Hai Rama—Song from Educated Wife. Mai To Khanjar Hu Balma, Katari Nahi—Song from Judgment of Allah. Muze Apna Shayda Banaleo-Nat-Gazal. Rajaski Kaichi Hai Chalti Hui. Comic from Silver King. 11 p.m. Close down.

Empire Broadcasting

7-30 p.m. Big Ben. Jack Martin and his Hotel Majestic Orchestra, relayed from the Hotel Majestic, St. Annes-on-Sea. 8 p.m. 'High Sports'—No. 3. 8-15 p.m. Jack Martin and his Hotel Majestic Orchestra (continued). 8-30 p.m. Evensong, relayed from Westminster Abbey, London. 9-20 p.m. Musical Interlude. 9-30 p.m. Tyneside Calling. 10 p.m. News. 10-15 p.m. Organ Recital. 10-30 p.m. Close down.

"DHANVANTARI" POLICLINIC

A "Dhanvantari" Policlinic was declared, open on Tuesday morning, at Vasantvadi, Kalbadevi Road. Apart from the Medico-Surgical and maternity departments conducted by Dr. G. K. Deshpande, M.D. (Berlin) and others, it has also an efficient Ayurvedic department, conducted by Vaidraj Madhavdas Acharya and Vaidya Laxminarayan.

MALARIA-CARRIER IN BOMBAY

List of places in Bombay City where Anopheles stephensi, the Malaria carrying mosquito was detected breeding during the week ending 2-11-1935.

Belvedere Road Nos. 15-17 Two masonry tanks
Gunpowder Road No. 24 Open well
Ghorupdeo Road No. 90 (Kaiser-I-Hind Mill) Overhead tank

KANJI KARSONDAS FREE DISPENSARY

At the Bai Bachubai Seth Kanji Karsondas Charitable Dispensary for Women and Children, conducted by the Social Service League, Bombay, at Parel, the total number of patients treated during October was 1,456 of which 652 were women and 804 children, 289 being boys and 515 girls. The average daily attendance of patients was 58.

THE REGAL
To-day & To-morrow Only
AT 4, 6-30 & 9-30 P.M.
Note the change in timing of our after-dinner show!
3 STAR HIT!
How they fell for the lady called "China Doll"!

THE CAPITOL
DAILY AT 6-30 & 9-30 p.m.
TO-DAY:
GEORGE ARLISS
IN
'House of Rothschild'
TO-MORROW
"NELL GWYN"
With
ANNA NEAGLE
SIR CEDRIC HARDWICKE

8th Week
IMPERIAL
CINEMA:
Daily 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m.
JAWANI-KI-HAWA
BOMBAY TALKIES PICTURE
STARRING:
DEVIKA RANI

You Feel Fine When You're CLEAN INSIDE
Internal bodily cleanliness is the secret of health. Maintain it with Beecham's Pills. They Banish Constipation, the greatest cause of everyday ills. No more Headaches, Stomach Pains, Irritability—instead, vim and vigour, happiness and health.
Purely Vegetable.
Beecham's PILLS

INDIANS EVACUATE ADDIS ABABA

Returning Passengers Throw Light On Emperor's Measures To Safeguard City Against Air Attack

Twenty-five Indians from Abyssinia arrived in Bombay on Wednesday evening by S.S. "Jehangir" of the Mogul Line.

Some of them were from Addis Ababa, while others were from Dire Dawa and Harrar. Most of them were either merchants, or artisans, carpenters and barbers who had been to Abyssinia years ago for earning a livelihood.

S.S. "Jehangir" also carried other passengers, many of whom were pilgrims from Jeddah, and the rest Indian merchants and clerks from Aden.

Though passengers from Aden denied that was was responsible for their sudden departure to India there were a few who said that war added to their anxiety to leave the shores of Aden.

ADDIS ABABA EVACUATED.

Interviewed by the "Chronicle" representative, who saw every one of the 20 Indians who came from Abyssinia, they stated that immediately after the news of war breaking out in the Northern Frontier reached Addis Ababa, the British Consul sent for all the British subjects and advised them to send away their women and children to their native place as a precautionary measure. Hence, Addis Ababa where there were nearly 4,000 to 5,000 Indians was evacuated by almost all Indians, excepting about 500, who are still there.

ANTI-BOMBING MEASURES

Though Indians were reluctant to express their opinion about war preparations at Addis Ababa in the event of an air raid, it was gathered that the Emperor had taken all precautionary measures to prevent havoc being caused through air bombing.

About the military preparations it was stated that for the last one an a half months there was a regular inflow of native warriors who had come to take instructions. The streets of Addis Ababa presented the appearance of a regular war camp since October.

There was no electric installation at Addis Ababa and only a European hotel had a dynamo for electric lighting. But the hotel authorities have stopped working it under instructions from the Emperor.

SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY CASE

Walchand Puts In Supplementary Defence Statement

At the resumed hearing of the "Scindia Steam Navigation Company Case" in which some of its Directors, Accountant, Manager and Auditors are charged at the instance of Mr. Ardeshir Subedar before the Chief Presidency Magistrate, on Wednesday Mr. Walchand Hirachand one of the Directors and accused made a supplementary defence statement.

HAD CEASED TO BE DIRECTOR.

He stated that he was not a Director on September 13, 1919, by virtue of the Articles of Association which determined that any director having been absent for 4 months from its meetings, "ipso facto" ceased to be a director.

Mr. Ardeshir Subedar then commenced his address to the Court. He stated that the supplementary statement came as a shock to him, more so because Mr. Walchand admitted that when he made his defence statement first, he was not aware of the fact that he was not a director of the Company. If he was not a director of the company what was he doing in England? Who authorised him to negotiate and apply the monies of the company to purchase the Palace Shipping Company's fleet? Mr. Subedar contended that in the absence of any proper defence to the charges he had brought against him, he had taken shelter behind one of the clauses of the Articles of Association.

Mr. Subedar then proceeded to examine the details of the exhibits put in the case and had not concluded his address when the case was adjourned to December 3.

Mr. K. M. Munshi defended Mr. Walchand Hirachand and others Directors; Mr. N. M. Raiji and Mr. Bharat K. S. Iyer, Mr. S. G. Velinkar defended the others, instructed by Mr. C. N. Kanuga and Messrs. Payne and Co., Solicitors.

Mr. Ardeshir Subedar appeared in person.

NO QUORUM IN SCHOOLS COMMITTEE

The meeting of the Bombay Municipal Schools Committee held on Wednesday evening had to be adjourned for want of a quorum.

The President of the Committee waited for half an hour to see if the requisite number of members would turn up when it was discovered that it was mandatory on the presiding officer to adjourn the meeting at the expiry of fifteen minutes in case the requisite number were not present by that time.

A. I. Educational Conference

The Secretary of the Conference writes:—

The eleventh All-India Educational Conference will be held at Nagpur on 27th December. The Conference comprises of twelve Sections of which the Primary and Rural Education Section is an important one.

Those interested in the work of this Section are requested to suggest topics, to send papers, to forward resolutions, in triplicate and to propose names of educationists who should be invited to read papers or deliver addresses.

Accompanying each paper there should be an abstract of 150 to 200 words to assist the Committee in making their selection and to facilitate publication of the summaries for the use of the delegates.

Dr. DESHMUKH'S CANDIDATURE

B. P. C. C.'s Appeal To "A" Ward Corporation Voters

The General Secretaries of the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee have issued the following statement in support of the candidature of Dr. G. v. Deshmukh for a seat to the Bombay Municipal Corporation to be filled by a by-election:

The Municipal voters of "A" (Fort) Ward must be aware of the fact that a vacancy in the Bombay Municipal Corporation from their Ward has been caused owing to the sad death of Mr. G. I. Griffiths and very soon there shall have to be a by-election to fill the seat thus vacated. The last date for the filing of nominations is now over and it is time that the voters made up their minds in whose favour they would exercise their franchise.

ALWAYS A CONGRESSMAN

It is a matter of great satisfaction that Dr. Deshmukh is contesting the by-election as one of the candidates. The voters of "A" Ward need not be told about the services rendered by Dr. Deshmukh to the cause of freedom. Although the B. P. C. C. did not officially nominate its candidates for the last general election to the Municipal Corporation, we did, however, make an appeal to the Congressminded and other nationalist voters in the city to cast their votes in favour of those whose loyalty to the Congress was unquestioned. Without the least hesitation we can appeal to the voters of "A" Ward to cast their votes in support of Dr. Deshmukh and thereby gain one more seat for the Congress in the Corporation.

During all his elections either to the Corporation or to the council or to the Assembly, Dr. Deshmukh has always come up before the public as a Congress candidate and we have not the least doubt that the voters of "A" Ward will see to it that he is successfully returned to the Corporation.

USED DEFECTIVE TAXIMETER

Driver Fined Rs. 100

A taxi meter which was found to have been tampered with by the driver was taken charge of by Inspector Punter of the Motor Vehicle Department at Alexandra Docks recently. The meter was sent to the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute where it was found that the seals were not genuine and that the meter was so defective that it could be bumped up to any fare the driver desired to impose upon the passenger.

J. P. Desai the driver was arrested and charged before a bench of Honorary Presidency Magistrates on Wednesday morning. After recording the evidence of Inspector Punter the accused was found guilty and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 100.

DR. LOHIA'S LECTURE POSTPONED

The second lerture of Dr. Lohia on "The Working Class and its Historic Role" is postponed to Friday the 8th instant.

HOW TO INCREASE W.I.A.A. MEMBERSHIP

President's Suggestions At Luncheon Meeting

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The motor car sellers should be made to enrol every buyer of a new car as a member of the Western India Automobile Association at half the present rate of membership, so that there could be no doubt that the membership of the Association would increase by leaps and bounds.

The above was one of the several suggestions made by members of the Western India Automobile Association at the monthly luncheon meeting held on Wednesday afternoon at Green's Hotel.

There was another suggestion that the Association should start a Club House for the members of the Association where they could meet in the evening but this suggestion did not receive general approval of the members.

It was further suggested that the "Breakdown" Patrol would work day and night instead of only during the day as at present but this also was discouraged as the Association had already tried that and found that it was not very helpful.

The above suggestions were made at the invitation of the Executive of the Association welcoming suggestions on "How to popularise the W.I.A.A."

Mr. Ormerod, President of the Association addressing the meeting said:—

"I feel sure that you would like to join with me in welcoming back to India our active Secretary, Mr. Sykes, who has been at Home on leave. During Mr. Sykes' absence, Mr. Patel, our Assistant Secretary, despite his recent illness, has not only kept the W.I.A.A. flag flying, but has helped your Committee to inaugurate many new schemes, some of which are described in the pamphlet of advantages which you will find placed on the Luncheon table.

INCREASING MEMBERSHIP

"I will now take this opportunity of giving you some brief information regarding the Association. In the first place our membership is now 4,418 as against 3,221 at the same time last year, an increase of 1,197 members in the year. This increase shows the growing popularity of the Association and the increase continues at the rate of approximately 100 new members per month and since our last dinner meeting 180 new members have joined.

POPPY GARLAND SCHEMED

"I take this opportunity of drawing your attention to Poppy garlands which are advertised for sale in aid of the ex-Service Association. The prize of the garland ticket is Rs. 5 and each holder of a ticket is given the opportunity of winning a car worth about Rs. 4,000 so that if your luck is in, you or your friends may be able to get a car for nothing. Mr. Patell is in a position to supply tickets for the garlands, as also for the Armistice Ball to be held at the Taj Mahal Hotel on November 13th. Prizes are also offered to the holder of the Armistice Ball ticket.

"The subject of to-day's Lunch is 'How to popularise the W.I.A.A.' Your Committee is continually working to increase the advantages of membership. It is obvious, however, that we cannot, and should not work alone without the assistance of our members and it is on this account that we ask for your suggestions and criticisms to-day.

"Before sitting down, I feel you would like to know that we have with us at this Lunch Mr. Mitchell, the Roads Engineer with the Government of India who arrived in Bombay from England this morning. We seldom have the opportunity of having with us at Lunch or Dinner Meetings an important member of the Central Government, and I feel sure you will join with me in extending to Mr. Mitchell a very hearty welcome."

After Mr. Ormerod's speech the suggestions as outlined above were made.

FIRE CAUSES RS. 300 DAMAGE

An estimated damage of Rs. 300 was caused by a fire in a gramophone shop at Goculdas Morarji Market, Cavel Street on Wednesday evening.

The shop was already closed when fire was noticed by a neighbour who informed the Fire Brigade, and three engines from Byculla, Bhuleswar and Babula Tank Road brought the fire under control within a few minutes. The cause of fire is unknown.

University Election

Mr. S. A. Brelvi is standing as a candidate for election to the Senate of the University of Bombay from the Faculty of Arts at the forthcoming by-election.

In And Around Bombay

(From Our Staff Correspondents).

Matunga Concerts

Matunga had a feast of Week-end concerts. Mr. B. S. Raja Iyengar, the well-known Mysore musician, gave a concert on Sunday under the auspices of the South Indian Sangeetha Sabha. Mr. Iyengar's voice is a rare gift. In pitches which are the despair of other musicians Mr. Iyengar has an easy walk-over. His rendering of "Nagumo" was arresting and original to a finish. Mr. Iyengar included in his recital some of the popular songs which won him gramophone fame. His "Jagadodharana" was a thing of beauty which kept the house in form. He was ably supported by Arunachalappa, Krishnaswamy Iyengar and Ayyamani. Mr. Arunachalappa exhibited remarkable mastery over his instrument and the whole recital was a fifty-fifty chance between him and Raja Iyengar. Mr. Ayyamani regaled the audience with his clever and deft strokes and promises to reach the front rank in the "Mridang" world.

Vadakenchery Mani

Mr. Mani of Vedakanchery who is on a flying visit to Bombay, from Mysore Dhasara celebrations, gave a concert on Saturday at the Asthika Samaj Hall. Like Mr. Raja Iyengar, Mr. Mani is also an early recipient of gramophone fame. Both of them belong to two different schools. While Mr. Iyengar carries the day with the mastery of his voice, Mr. Mani, like a scholar traces the "Ragas" to the very roots. His rendering of the "Swaras" is reminiscent of the late Vaidyanathaiyer school and there is always something ponderous and prodigious about it. He kept the crowded house spell-bound on Saturday by his rendering of "Shanmugapriya." But the palm of honour should go to his "Hamsanandhi" which few musicians dare to touch.

"The Shipping News"

This quarterly journal the first issue of which has recently been published is the official journal of "the Society for the Promotion of Shipping Knowledge." The Society has been in existence since 1929 for the purpose of disseminating useful knowledge regarding shipping amongst its members and for the last six years has had steadily increasing membership.

The journal is the only one of its kind in India. The October issue under review contains, besides editorial comments on Shipping matters, an interesting article on "Shipping In the Dominions" by Mr. G. L. Mehta, "Marine Insurance Notes" by R. E. Kummana and other articles.

To-day's Meeting At Chaupatty

Under the auspices of the All India Press Workers' Federation, the Bekar Kamgar Sangh, the B. B. and C. I. Railway Employees Union, the G. I. P. Railway Labour Union, the Painting Kamgar Union, Bombay Presidency (Thursday) at 6 p.m. at the Chow-Independuance of India League, the anniversary of the Russian Revolution will be celebrated to-day, Thursday, at 6 p. m. at the Chowpatty Sands.

To-day's Meetings

The Joint Hon. Secretary, Bombay Congress Socialist Party, writes:—

Under the joint auspices of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party, A.I.P.W. Federation, Bikar Kamkari Sangh, B.B. and C.I. Railway Employees' Union, Printing Workers' Union and Bombay Provincial Electric Workers' Union, two public meetings will be held at the following places to celebrate "Russian Revolution Day".

(1) At Jinnah Hall at 6-30 p.m. Sjt. Purshottam Tricumdas will preside, among the speakers will be Messrs Sohia, Ashok Mehta, K. K. Menon, Joglekar and Oak.

(2) At Municipal Gardens, Foras Road at 5-30 p.m.

Sjt. Dhole will preside, and amongst the speakers will be Messrs Charles Mascarenhas, Mhasabde, Rajdherker, Vaidya and Potakar.

DELISLE ROAD MEETING

The General Secretary, All-India Trade Union Coneress, says:—

A public meeting of the workers of Bombay will be held under the auspices of the All-India Trade Union Congress at Delisle Road Maidan at 5-30 p.m. to-day, (Thursday) to celebrate the 16th anniversary of the "Russian Revolution". Prominent leaders will speak.

"ENTICEMENT" CASE

Purohit Cross-Examined

Examination of K. Krishnamacharya, a "Purohit" from South India, was concluded on Wednesday, at the resumed hearing of the "Enticement Case" before Mr. I.S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon.

In the above case R. N. Kapoor a Punjabi share-broker, is charged with enticing away or taking, detaining and having committed adultery with a married girl.

In the course of the cross-examination, witness said that Mr. Srinivas Raghavan, husband of Mrs. Ranganayaki, had told him that his wife had run away. The chief priest suggested on the twelfth day of Mr. S. Raghavan's father's death that the "ghadashradha" might be performed while he (Mr. S. Raghavan) said that he had divorced his wife.

Questions from the court elicited the facts that witness had been promised to-and-fro Railway charges through one N. S. Ramanathan, although no amount had been fixed. Witness was contemplating to go over to Benares after he had concluded giving evidence in the case.

Further hearing of the case was adjourned till to-day (Thursday).

Mr. N.C.N. Acharya appeared for the complainant, while Mr. A.R. Gadkari assisted by Mr. Vyavaharkar defended the accused.

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BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1935

CASTE HINDUS' DUTY

Harijan leaders all over the country continue to repudiate Dr. Ambedkar's advice to his community to renounce Hinduism though here and there an attempt is made to get up a meeting in his support. They do so partly because they are deeply attached to their ancestral religion in spite of their disabilities and hope that by accelerating the present pace of their progress they can soon remove most of these disabilities. But what naturally weighs with them most is the fear that conversion "en masse" will not really ameliorate their position even in their new fold, not to speak of that of the caste Hindus amongst whom they will have to live but who might fix upon them an additional brand of apostasy besides the original one of untouchability. It is a pity that Dr. Ambedkar did not give adequate thought to these consequences of mass conversion. But it appears that after noting the reactions to his advice in his own community he is in a more cautious, if not chastened, mood and has eagerly accepted the suggestion that the whole question be referred to an all-India Conference of Harijans.

A Warning

The most important aspect of the problem created by the Yeola Conference is the warning it conveys to the caste Hindus. The fanatics among them, who call themselves Sanatanists, have failed to show that their conscience is stirred to any extent. Evidently they have no conscience in the matter. And bigotry corrupts reason before it deadens conscience. Some of them are shamelessly jubilant at the prospect of being rid of anti-untouchability propaganda by leaders like Dr. Ambedkar if the latter renounce Hinduism. They have not the intelligence to realise that propaganda by these leaders will be taken up by many more even among the caste Hindus and that they themselves will be given less peace by the increasing number of Hindu reformers. Leaving the few Sanatanists, however, caste Hindus in general seem to have fairly heeded the warning from Yeola. But while many of them seem eager to make amends for their past sins and to spare themselves the disgrace that must be theirs if thousands of Harijans renounce their faith, they have not yet clear ideas as to how best they should proceed to avert the impending crisis.

Seize The Opportunity

We would, therefore, repeat, our suggestion that a special anti-untouchability Conference of caste Hindus should be convened to devise practical ways and means of hastening the end of untouchability. We note that with a view to placing at the disposal of Dr. Ambedkar the entire machinery of the Hindu Mahasabha in fighting untouchability the leaders of that body have offered to him the presidentship of its next session at Poona. Dr. Ambedkar will do well to seize the opportunity offered to him provided that the accredited leaders of the Mahasabha pledge themselves to join him wholeheartedly in his propaganda. Dr. Ambedkar himself may realise from the propaganda how much harder it is to do solid work for Harijan uplift than to hurl threats and denunciations all round. In this connection there is one point which we would particularly emphasize. If any Harijans renounce Hinduism but continue to be treated as untouchables, the responsibility for this double tragedy rests mainly on the caste Hindus. If only for this reason they should continue to serve the "untouchables" even after they renounce Hinduism. "Untouchables" are like slaves and, in some respects worse than slaves. And they need to be emancipated irrespective of their faith. That is the duty of all irrespective of their faith. But first and foremost it is the duty of caste Hindus.

India And The Empire

Sir Joseph Bhore is reported to have remarked in a speech at Manchester that there could be no future for India outside the Empire, "the sole comparatively stable element in a sea of doubt, uncertainty and change." It is not unnatural for an ex-official to think so, even if he be an Indian. But most Indians feel that their country's future is possible only when it is completely independent and free from the least trace of imperial domination. In any case the pertinent question to Indians is not what the Empire is like, but whether or not Indians are to be absolutely free. If, when India is free, the Empire continues to be the stablest element in a sea of doubt, she will certainly not refuse to maintain such an association with it as would be mutually advantageous and conducive to the peace of the world. Sir Joseph is also reported to have said that "on any important moral issue" Indians can "still appeal to the conscience of the British people as to no other people in the world." It is perhaps significant that moral issues are differentiated from others, say, political. But even if Sir Joseph's praise is just, there is no reason why India's progress, moral or political, should be at the mercy of the British people.

Communalism In Swimming Baths

We welcome the proposal to construct a new swimming bath in Bombay, but we do not at all understand why it should be made available only to Hindus. At present we have three baths in the city, two of which belong to Europeans and the third is made available to Hindus, Muslim and Parsis at different hours of the day. The existing form of communalism even in a small matter like this is bad enough. Why make things worse by starting a bath for only one community? We earnestly appeal to the promoters of the new venture to make it a thoroughly cosmopolitan one. Communalism is most odious in sports and civic amenities. Indians rightly feel insulted when Europeans exclude them from their Clubs, Gymkhanas, and the like. They should refrain from exhibiting exclusiveness among themselves in common social pursuits. Let not the existence of communal Gymkhanas be made a justification for tainting new institutions with communalism.

Is This Honest?

There is an "Indian and Eastern Newspapers Society" in London of which the leading lights are editors, ex-Editors and other representatives of the Anglo-Indian Press in India. That these gentlemen claim to represent, according to Sir Stanley Reed, the President of the Society, "the whole of India, Burma and Ceylon" and newspapers which "spoke to 373 millions of people" is a hardihood of a kind with which the people of India are only too familiar. But what is a little curious, though not really amazing at all, is the speech which Lord Zetland —who, it may be noted, still follows the British tradition of speaking of "peoples" and not "people" of India—thought fit to make at the annual dinner of the Society a few weeks ago. After indulging in patriotic praise of his countrymen and dwelling on the awe-inspiring magnitude of the democratic experiment that has been foisted on this country, his Lordship actually permitted himself the assertion that "the Press of India, Burma and Ceylon had supported the (Reforms) proposals in a spirit of enlightenment and good will . . ." Is this an honest representation of the reality? Or is it a perversion of it and a blatant perversion considering that the one glaring fact about the so-called 'reforms' is that they have evoked the unanimous indignation and protest of the people and the press of India? And Lord Zetland is the Secretary of State for India.

CONGRESS AND OFFICES

Wanted A Definite And Clear Lead

(By V. B. KULKARNI).

The Congress Working Committee and the A.I.C.C. which recently met at Madras have once again deferred their decision on office acceptance under the new Constitution, to the forthcoming plenary Congress Session. Such a decision was expected. Nevertheless, the postponement has caused a great deal of dissatisfaction amongst the public and the nationalist press. While they appreciate the reluctance of the Congress Executive to take upon itself the responsibility of initiating a new policy which its pronouncement is likely to bring about, they feel that at least a broad indication of the mind of that body should have been forthcoming. Not that the views of some at least of the Working Committee members are not known. The two leaders of the Punjab and Madras have been so continually expounding their mutually differing views as to leave the public in little doubt as to their real attitude on the question. There are, of course, leaders in the Committee who are too cautious to deviate from their present "non-possumus" attitude. What was expected from the Committee's meeting at Madras was an expression of its collective opinion. That the Committee has not chosen to do.

The constitution-to-be has come in for a considerable amount of criticism from every party in the country. Even the reactionary groups, whose interests the constitution has taken such inordinate pains to placate, have expressed their dissatisfaction with the measure. While it is true that the nation has with one voice denounced the Government of India Act, it is widely felt that the time for mere criticism is now past and that some device should be discovered to counteract the reactionary features in the measure and to utilize to advantage any good it might yield.

Reactionaries Busy

Apart from the Congress, almost every party of any importance in the country has expressed itself in favour of working the Constitution. The communalists and the supporters of Government would be none too sorry if the progressive elements in the country remain behind. It would be little to their advantage if the administrative machinery is captured by groups who have the interests of the country at heart. A mere indication of the Nationalists' mind to work the constitution has already set the reactionary forces in the country to make every possible endeavour to secure success at the elections. They feel none too happy at the prospect of the various nationally-inclined groups coalescing under one banner, say, of the Congress.

The Justice Party of the Southern Presidency, apprehending a repetition of its discomfiture at the last elections, has already begun making frantic efforts to win the forthcoming elections. The intensity with which it has launched its electioneering campaign would make one get the impression that the elections are to come next month. So intent is the party upon winning the elections that it will have a crore of rupees in its "War Chest" to fight the rival candidates. The Non-Brahmin Party of Bombay has also been busying itself with the future.

The Hindu Mahasabhites have never pinned their faith to the wisdom of boycott. They hold that such a course is suicidal, as the rights and privileges of the groups unrepresented would simply be ignored. They will put up their candidates irrespective of what others might do.

The only Party, excepting, of course, the Congress, which had not placed its cards on the table till recently, was the Liberal Party. While some of the prominent leaders of the Party were expressing strong criticisms of the India Act, the attitude of the Party as such in relation to that measure was not made clear. However, the recent public utterances of Pundit Hridynath Kunzru, President of the National Liberal Federation, leave no doubt as to the intentions of the Party. Despite their dislike of the constitution, the Liberals will work it.

Unfortunate Indecision

The only political organisation in the country that has been reticent on this vital issue is the Congress. It is an irony that this premier body should be in a state of indecision on such an impor-

(Continued on Page 8, Col. 3).

THE CRISIS IN EAST AFRICA

Danger To Indian Interests

By P. D. MASTER

MOMBASA, (By Mail).

Twenty years ago when India was seriously engaged in rendering all possible assistance she could to the British Empire, then involved in the Great War 1914-1918, the Colonial Office in London, under pressure from the Government and the white settlers in Kenya, agreed to the enactment of a law known as the Crown Lands Ordinance, which restricted the alienation of agricultural lands in the Highlands of Kenya to Europeans only and the provisions of which, among other things, empowered the local Governor to veto leases, mortgages and transfers from Europeans to non-Europeans. It may be that this racial discrimination was then introduced in order to open the eyes of the people of India and the Indian Colonists in this country. But the matter did not stop at that. In 1917 a commission known as East African Economic Commission, which was composed of local white farmers, was appointed to report on measures to be taken in the East African Territories (a) for the period of war (b) for transitory measures of reconstruction, and (c) for taking permanent measures. This all-white commission taking shelter under the resolution of the Imperial Conference that, "It is the inherent function of the Government of the several communities of the British Commonwealth including India that each should enjoy complete control over the composition, by means of restriction, on immigration from any other country" recommended restriction of Indian Immigration, and to strengthen their case levelled on Indians in this country all sorts of disparaging aspersions. Following upon that they practically demanded absolute expulsion of Indians from this country and to achieve their aim they described and declared Kenya "a European community under European Government which has been guaranteed constitutional steps towards Self-Government". The late Lord Delamere in the Kenya Legislative Council emphatically declared: "We put on record now that if the Imperial Government ..... decide that the African Colony is to be ruled by Asiatics then the responsibility is on the Imperial Government for the result." The demands for just rights and equal treatment from the Indians were answered by the white settlers by threats of violent rebellion if the Imperial Government were to concede any of their claims. Ultimately the British Cabinet bowed down to the threats of the white settlers and issued a white paper in July 1923 embodying the so-called settlement of the Indian question in Kenya which brushed aside all the rights and claims of the Indians.

Unjust Decisions

The white settlers gained practically every point, viz., communal franchise, eleven seats for Europeans on the Kenya Legislative Council as against five for Indians, and reservation of highlands for Europeans. They failed in their attempt to restrict the immigration of Indians but that was because an examination of the statistics did not warrant the enactment of a law for the purpose. The only point on which Indians gained was that segregation in townships was to be abandoned. The Indians in Kenya strongly protested against that decision and even the Government of India reserved their right to re-open the whole question on a suitable occasion.

Closer Union Commission

For a time there was a lull. But with the help of Sir Edward Grigg, the then Governor of Kenya, now an advocate of the cause of the white settlers of Kenya in the House of Commons, the settlers demanded Self-Government for Kenya and a Closer Union or Federation of all the East African Territories. Along with the appointment of Simon Commission for India, a Commission under the chairmanship of Sir Edward Hilton-Young, popularly known as the Closer Union Commission, was appointed to examine the possibility and advisability of bringing about such a union and to report on the constitutional changes in Kenya. The majority of the Commissioners brushed aside the claims of the Kenya White settlers for an unofficial European Elected majority over all parties in the Kenya Legislative Council but were unanimous with the Chairman as to the Appointment of a High Commissioner for co-ordination of various services. After the publication of their report Sir Samuel Wilson, the then Permanent Under Secretary of State for the Colonies, was sent out to East Africa to obtain maximum amount of agreement on various matters arising out of the report of the Closer Union Commission. Consequent upon his report His Majesty's Imperial Government issued their conclusions which created a great stir in the European Community here. A great controversy ensued and the Imperial Government's conclusions as well as the report on the Closer Union were referred to a Joint Select Committee of both the Houses of Parliament. The Committee was asked to examine the proposals regarding Closer Union and constitutional changes in Kenya. The Committee while failing to define ultimate objectives declared against Closer Union of East African Territories as also against constitutional changes. And again there was a lull for a time.

(To be continued.)

Frankly Speaking

IL DUCE AND THE PEOPLE

That the people of Italy are not enamoured of Il Duce's adventure in Abyssinia, much less are they prepared to risk their own lives for it, is shown by the attitude of Italians who are not directly in the clutches of the Fascist regime. Sometime ago there was a report that Italians resident in Australia were trying to change their nationality in anticipation of the call of "patriotism." Now, according to a report of Cairo, only 30 to 35 Italians out of no less than 75,000 resident in Egypt have responded to the call. More. They are reported to have rejected even the appeal for financial assistance and that too in a rather drastically unkind and unpatriotic manner. They are reported to have sold out their possessions in Egypt and transferred their deposits from the Italian Bank in Cairo to other Banks. These reactions broadly represent the feeling, we believe, of the general mass of the people of Italy. But within the country they cannot be given expression to because of the ruthless methods which Fascism adopts against opposition. Then the people are perhaps not sure that the League of Nations means to do more than make a feeble protest against the conduct of Signor Mussolini.

UNSEEMLY SQUABBLES.

The continued squabbles in certain Congress organizations in U. P. are deplorable, though it is gross misrepresentation to suggest, as some carping critics are attempting to do, that these squabbles are typical of the disorganized condition of the Congress all over the country. Things have gone so far at Lucknow that some Madras leaders appear to have suggested to the Congress President that the venue of the next Congress session may be transferred to that city. It is said that a settlement on the subject will be issued in a few days, but before the President commits himself to any decision, he will do well to hasten to Lucknow and attempt to compose the local differences through arbitration or otherwise. If even his attempts fail, a change of venue will be inevitable, in which case the claims of other places than Madras will have to be duly considered.

FOUR ANNA TAXIS

The resolution of the Bombay Taxi-Drivers' Union recommending that taxi fares should be brought down to four annas per mile is apparently surprising as it comes from the very persons ordinarily interested in high rates and soon after the tentative settlement in favour of six annas a mile. But two facts easily explain it: one is that in practice many taxi-drivers accept the rate of four annas as otherwise they cannot compete with the buses. The other is that taxi drivers now realise better than they did before that the lower rate will more than proportionately increase the use of taxis and will thus be ultimately more profitable to them. There should be no difficulty in fixing the fare at four annas per mile for all kinds of taxis.

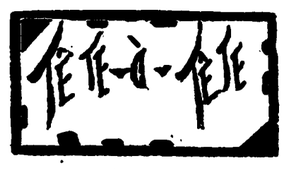
PRESS VIEWS

Communal Unity

We are exceedingly pleased that our contemporary, the "Mussalman," has taken up the question of inter-communal relationship in right earnest and been emphasizing the need for the restoration of old cordiality between the communities. We agree with our contemporary that this is "the greatest need of the day," and we are also in general agreement with our contemporary's remarks on the question. Our contemporary is quite correct in contending that "self-interest alone, if not any higher altruistic consideration, ought to prompt us, Hindus, Muslims and Sikhs, to compose our differences, establish friendly relations among us and unitedly serve our common motherland." It is true that "that we have been quarrelling with one another goes to show that we do not realize what our own interest is," and that, "we cannot afford to continue to do so unless we are determined upon committing national suicide—communal suicide too, unless we prefer to remain helots in our own land, eking out a miserable existence."—"Forward."

Sun Of The Congress

So far as the present leaders of the Congress are concerned, they are literally the Mahatma's creation in the same sense in which the generals of Napoleon were his creation. Men of great intellect and of still greater moral force, pure, selfless, large-hearted, brave and patriotic to the very core of their being, they were literally discovered by the Mahatma and the great movement associated with his name. Some of them are men of such splendid intellectual and moral gifts that it is practically certain that they would have come into prominence and occupied conspicuous positions in public life even if the Mahatma had never entered India's political arena. But it is equally certain that the actual positions they occupy are due chiefly, if not solely, to their association with the Mahatma. They are planets of great magnitude, but the Mahatma is the sun round whom they revolve. In this respect even the retirement of the Mahatma from the Congress, regrettable as it is in so many respects, has made no difference to the position.
—"Tribune."



The object of his visit to Lahore, says Pandit Krishna Kant Malaviya, is "to convey to the Hindu leaders of the Punjab the earnest wish of his uncle, Pandit Madan Mohan Malaviya, for the organization of a strong, stable and a fully representative Nationalist party in the Punjab."

Strong, stable and fully representative—but not a truly national "Nationalist" party.

The message, we note without surprise, is addressed only to the "Hindu leaders of the Punjab."

* * * *

The Council of the Western India National Liberal Association has recommended Sir Cowasji Jehangir for the Presidentship of the next session of the Liberal Federation.

A later report says that the names of Dr. Paranjpye and Mr. Venkatram Sastri have also been recommended.

Which nearly exhausts the list of Indian Liberals not yet elected to the honour.

* * * *

Mr. Sampurnanand, speaking at the Nagpur Political Conference, said there was a regular armaments race among the various provinces to arm themselves with extraordinary powers.

With the important difference, however, that the indigenous armaments of the Provincial Governments are not to be used among themselves.

* * * *

"Like the Reserve Bank of India," says the Civil and Military Gazette," the Central Reserve Bank of China will not carry on ordinary commercial business....."

But we do hope the analogy ends there. So that the Reserve Bank of China carries on whatever business it does for China and none else.

* * * *

B. B. Minor on Socialism—

"The fundamental problem in Indian life at the present day, looked at from one angle, is whether real service to the country consists in robbing Peter to pay Paul, or in protecting each in the possession of his legitimate rights."

Fine. But who are the "Paul" and what is "legitimate"?

* * * *

By the way, B. B. Minor almost confesses a "sneaking sympathy" with the ultimate objective of Socialists.

It naturally couldn't be anything but "sneaking." Naturally.

* * * *

Having 'served' India so well and so long, Sir Joseph Bhore is enjoying a well-deserved rest and retirement with pension in England which he is reported to have made his permanent home. But even in his retirement he is trying to prove himself a loyal servant of "India" if not a son of the ex-motherland. So although he is unfortunately not in a position to make official pronouncements, he has made an officious speech on behalf of poor India at Manchester.

* * * *

Sir Joseph said, according to Reuter, that there could be no future for India outside the Empire.

This is what may be called an inductive-cum-subjective-cum-impressionist opinion of Sir Joseph.

But please don't ask what would happen to the Empire without India and why Sir Joseph omitted to mention it. You mustn't. Simply mustn't.

* * * *

"Indians," went on Sir Joseph, "felt that on any important moral issue they could still appeal to the conscience of the British people as to no other people in the world."

For instance, the moral issue of Sir Joseph's right to speak for Indians?

But, as we say, don't ask questions. Pensions too have to be earned like salaries.

* * * *

In connection with the General Election, we learn that the Chief Propaganda Officer of the Conservative Party is Sir Patrick Gower who "is responsible for 'putting over' the Government case to the electors."

Putting it over would be more true if not quite correct.

* * * *

M. LAVAL FACING BOTH WAYS.
—Headline.

Or rather Monsieur Laval—Facing Both—ways.

* * * *

"He's not as big a fool as he used to be."

"Is he getting wiser?"

"No—thinner."

AMERICAN ELECTION SURPRISES

Reported Kidnapping Of Millionaire's Daughter

POLICE ATTACH NO IMPORTANCE TO STORY

The Police who have been enquiring into the "alleged kidnapping of a Bombay millionaire's daughter" and the offer of Rs. 20,000 to the individual who succeeded in tracing the girl do not attach importance to the story.

So a "Chronicle" representative was informed yesterday.

It will be recalled that during the middle of last month publicity was given in up-country papers (Bombay was avoided) that Mrs. Amrit Kaur Jamiatsingh would offer to any adventurous youth Rs. 20,000 for the rescue of a girl in the Burma jungles, on behalf of the girl's father who was said to be a millionaire. Applications were invited from Mrs. Kaur, who asked for Rs. 100 in cash as a guarantee of the 'bona fides' of the applicant.

Several applications are stated to have been received, out of whom six were selected to do the work.

C. I. D. Enquiries

As soon as the Bombay C. I. D. came to know about it, they sent for Sardar Jamiatsingh and asked him to give some facts to show that a Bombay Millionaire's daughter had been kidnapped.

It is stated that Amrit Kaur's husband, said that the "millionaire" did not belong to Bombay. He also told the police that the girl was not kidnapped from Bombay, nor was she kidnapped in the Burma or Bengal jungles. She was abducted from somewhere outside Bombay into a Indian State.

The Police attach no importance to the alleged "kidnapping of a Millionaire's daughter."

CROWDS WELCOME ROYAL COUPLE

Memorable Wedding Scene

(SPECIAL CABLE).
LONDON, Nov. 6.

Royal weather, mild and sunny favoured the wedding of the Duke of Gloucester to Lady Alice Scott at the Royal Chapel at 11/30 this morning. The Chapel was decorated with hundreds of White Lilies, lilac, chrysanthumums and heather.

Crowds began to gather very early and all the approaches to the palace were packed hours before the ceremony. The guests began to arrive at 10/30. The bride left her home in Grosvenor Place at 11/15 smiling happily and was greeted with the greatest enthusiasm by the crowds who thronged the streets as she drove to the palace in a glass coach escorted by the police mounted on grey horses.

Besides the members of the royal family and the bride's family the guests included the Premier, Mrs. Baldwin, Lord Chancellor, the Home Secretary.

TREMENDOUS CHEERS.

After signing the register the bride and bridegroom appeared in the balcony of the palace and were tremendously cheered by tens of thousands of people thronging the precincts. There were more cheers when the King, bareheaded, with blue garter across his scarlet Field-Marshal's uniform and the Queen in blue and gold appeared on the balcony and later was joined by the Princesses Elizabeth and Margaret and other royalties all of whom enthusiastically cheered. The Duchess of Gloucester repeatedly waved her white gloved hand.

The Bishop of London opened the service which was taken up by the Archbishop of Canterbury who actually married the couple while the Primus of the Scottish Episcopal Church (the Bride's own Church) said the prayers.

Despite the slight drizzle, the Duke and Duchess of Gloucester travelled in an open landau drawn by four bay horses, preceded by two out-riders in scarlet gold from the palace to St. Pancras, where they entrained for Kettering to spend the honeymoon. As they left the palace, the bridesmaids and the guests led by the Prince of Wales showered confetti rose-leaves on the couple. The Duke who was bare-headed and the bride in blue. Crowds were thronging the route, greeting the couple with shouts of good luck, long life and happiness.—Reuter.

PREPARING FOR OTTAWA INQUEST

Special Officer To Examine Dr. Mathai's Report

NEW DELHI, November 6.

The Associated Press understands that the Government of India are shortly appointing an officer on special duty in the Commerce Department to examine the report of Dr. Mathai, Director General of Commerce Intelligence, on the working of the Ottawa Agreement which was published towards the close of the Simla Session of the Assembly. This examination will be preliminary to a discussion of the report in the Indian Legislature.

It may be recalled that in reply to Mr. Mathradas Vissanji's question in the Assembly, the Commerce Member undertook to provide facilities for the House to discuss the report. It is understood that the Government of India's programme for the Assembly in February includes definite dates for a debate on Dr. Mathai's report which is the second report on the subject, the first having been prepared by Dr. Meek and reported upon by Special Committees of both the Houses. The provisional intention of the Government appears to be to make a formal motion for consideration of the report.—A.P.

PROTECTION TO INAM RYOTS AGAINST EVICTION

MADRAS, Nov. 6.

Employment of women in Government Departments was the subject of interpellations in the Madras Legislative Council to-day replying to which the Revenue Member said that women were now being employed in a number of posts in the Educational, Medical, Fisheries, Jails and Labour departments and in some stray posts in the Public Health, Agricultural, Police, and Judicial departments.

The Council passed into law the Bill amending the Madras Estates Land (Amendment) Act introduced by the Revenue Member extending the term of protection given to Inam Ryots from eviction, etc., by six months.—A. P.

HUGHES EXPLAINS

Effective Application Of Sanctions Must Mean War, He Says

(Special Cable.)
CANBERRA, November 6.

In a remarkable speech in the House of Representatives Mr. Hughes defending his attitude declared that contrary to the widespread belief, he was wholeheartedly in favour of Sanctions but he reiterated his contention that their effective application must mean war. He did not admit that his views on Sanctions differed from the Governments.

MR. HUGHES RESIGNS

MELBOURNE, Nov. 6.

Mr. Hughes, Vice-President of the Executive Council, has resigned.—Reuter.

Note:—It will be recalled that the Australian Prime Minister, Mr. Lyons, had asked Mr. Hughes to resign from the Cabinet owing to differences on the question of sanctions.

CENTRAL ADVISORY BOARD OF EDUCATION

Personnel Will Be Announced In Next Week

(From Our Correspondent.)
NEW DELHI, November 6.

Provisional dates have just been fixed for the first meeting of the Central Advisory Board of Education. The Board will meet here on the 13th and 14th December.

The personnel of the Board will not be known for another week as the proposals regarding it are still pending final approval. The Government has in view about twenty prominent educationists from British India and Indian States for the purpose of constituting the Board and is anxious to have such men as would command the respect of the general public as well as of the educational institutions all over the country. Unless Mr. Sastri finds it difficult to come up for the Board meetings, he would surely be invited to sit on the Board. So also Sir Akbar Hydari from among the States. Many other names can be easily mentioned but it is better to await the final list which would be approved within this week.

ANDERSON GETS BUSY

Sir George Anderson will be an ex-officio on the Board and has already been busy planning out the procedure of work and the subjects which the Board should discuss, especially in view of the constitutional changes made by the new Act. The Education Department has been basing its hopes on the revival of the Board and has been encouraged in its feelings by the reception of the proposal by the transferred spheres being affected by the Board seems to consider that its constitution would provide the much needed co-ordinating authority and the forum for discussion of various problems of all-India interest.

The scheme owes its origin to the activities of Sir Fazli Hussain who believed in reviving it and in spite of the repeated failures to get funds for it, was able finally to persuade Sir George Schuster to release funds for the purpose.

KINGSFORD SMITH AT IT AGAIN

(SPECIAL CABLE).
LONDON, Nov. 6.

Sir Charles Kingsford Smith has started again for Australia at 6/28 hours this morning. He is not attempting a record.

Thorough Rout For Democrats

(Special Cable)
NEW YORK, Nov. 6.

"President Roosevelt's own State rejects the New Deal" is the jubilant cry with which Republicans hail the result of the State elections which once more have given them control over the State legislature. The returns already received indicate a Republican majority of at least five compared with the former minority of four.

Mr. Farley, United States Postmaster - General, however, claims that there is actually a majority of votes cast for the Democrats of at least half a million although owing to the arrangement of constituencies this is not reflected in the members returned.

In Philadelphia, a Republican stronghold, the Democrat candidate for Mayorship concedes defeat.

In Kentucky where there was much excitement and two were killed and two wounded in the election fight, it is expected that the Democrats will lose the Governorship.

MAJORITY FOR REPUBLICANS

New York State Election Returns

(Special Cable.)
NEW YORK, November 6.

Complete returns of election to the State Legislature show that Republicans are likely to be in a majority of 14.

NAVAL CONFERENCE POSTPONED

LONDON, Nov. 6.

The Naval Conference has been postponed to December 5 owing to the late arrival of the Japanese delegates.—Reuter.

RAMA KRISHNA CENTENARY VOLUME

Prominent Scholars To Contribute Articles

CALCUTTA, Nov. 5.

The Sri Ramkrishna Centenary Committee has decided to publish a Centenary Volume in two parts for which articles already received have been passed by the Publication Sub-Committee appointed for the purpose. Prominent contributors to the volume are Sir C. V. Raman, Dr. Yusuf Hossain of the Osmania University, Prof. Benoy Kumar Sarker, Dr. Kalidas Nag, Prof. Mahendra Nath Sarkar, Dr. Meghnad Saha, Mahamohopadhyaya Pramatha Nath Tarkabhushan, Dr. Ganganath Jha, Prof. Kupuswamy Sastriar, Mr. M. T. Akbar, Judge, Supreme Court, Colombo, Dr. Ananda Kumar Swamy, Dr. R. C. Majumdar and Prof. H. D. Bhattacharjee.

There will be about 90 heads covering all subjects from the period of pre-Vedic culture down to the age of Sree Ramkrishna and Vivekananda, comprising all schools and sub-schools of thought and even embracing Sikhism, Arya Samaj, Theosophical Society, Islamic Culture, Zoroastrianism and Christianity. Besides, there will be entertaining articles on art, science, astronomy, chemistry, botany, physics, politics, and economics.

The price of the two parts will be Rs. 18, but to members paying subscriptions and donations before December, 1935, it will be given at a concession price of Rs. 12.

In addition to the above, the Publication Sub-Committee will publish a Centenary Pictorial Volume.—United Press.

PRESIDENT'S FUTILE WARNING

Large Shipments Of Cotton & Raw Materials From New Orleans To Italy

(Special Cable).
NEW YORK, Nov. 6.

The Commercial department records an unprecedented activity in New Orleans where for the past seven weeks the average weekly sailings were 47 compared with average of 42 in the past five years.

Shipments of oil to Italy from gulf ports during September and October show an increase of 600 per cent compared with figures of the same period last year, while officials believe that New Orleans' shipments include a large volume of cotton and other materials for Italy.

Observers consider these heavy shipments, despite President Roosevelt's warning against shipping of such materials to the belligerents is likely to increase when the League boycott becomes effective.

"NO FUTURE FOR INDIA OUTSIDE EMPIRE"

Bhore Preaches On Loyal Co-operation

(SPECIAL CABLE.)
LONDON, Nov. 5.

Loyal co-operation is essential in India, declared Sir Joseph Bhore in a speech at Manchester. He said there could be no future for India outside the Empire which was the sole comparatively stable element in a sea of doubt, uncertainty and change.

Indians felt that on any important moral issue they could still appeal to the conscience of the British people as to no other people in the world. India's natural desires were to be tempered by moderation, patience and good sense.

He added that India's attitude in the event of another crisis like the one in 1914 would be a matter of life and death for the Empire, which needed India to throw every atom of weight into the cause which she must feel as her own.

GOVERNOR OF NEW SOUTH WALES

Sir David Anderson Appointed

LONDON, Nov. 6.

Admiral Sir David Anderson, who is at present the Governor of Newfoundland, has been appointed Governor of New South Wales in succession to Sir Alexander Hore-Ruthven, Governor-General Designate of Australia.—Reuter.

GERMANY BARTERS COAL FOR BUTTER

BERLIN, Nov. 5.

A trade agreement has been reached with Austria whereby Germany supplies Coal Silesian Coke and fertilisers in exchange for seventy truck-loads of butter, 2,000 livestock and a large quantity of milk.—Reuter.

L. RAMJI.

"AUSSIES" IN FORM

(Continued From Page 1).

which was taken so close to the ground that the Umpire had to give his decision (against batsman) and 5 wickets were down for 60 runs.

MANAVDAR'S GOOD OPENING.

The Khan Saheb of Manavdar, after making use of the well-spread-out field to run a few sharp singles, opened out his shoulders and was well-caught near the side screen by Wendell-Bell.

The danger of snatching singles from the Australians was fully demonstrated a few minutes later, when Oxenham picked up like lightning at the cover and ran Dina out actually before he had run a yard on a wrong call—a really marvellous piece of fielding. At 3-30 when the Indians had been batting actually for 105 minutes, the score was 67 for 7 wickets; Kesari and Hari Mali batting.

Narasingh Rao Kesari, who was batting for an hour, was caught on the square-leg boundary by Bryant, who though stumbling and falling in getting to the ball, succeeded in not allowing his hands to touch the ground and brought off a marvellous catch.

The Home Side were all out for 95 after batting for 155 minutes. Their poor show in the second innings can be taken as an index of the Australians finding their form under the conditions, which, at first, must have been new to them.

Ramji clean-bowled Hendry for 2, when the Australians wanting 53 runs to win, went in on their second venture at 4-55.

At the close of the play they had made 21 runs for the loss of one wicket, Wendell and Bryant being not-out.

Soon after the match finishes off to-morrow, the Australians will play a friendly match (one day) against the Rest of Western India on the same ground.

The Score Board

AUSTRALIANS (1st Innings)

Wendell Bell c Colah b Gurtu	2
Hendry l.b.w. b Gurtu	13
Bryant c Meherhomji b Ramji	16
Macartney b Ramji	9
Allsopp b Narsingrao	20
Ryder b Narsingrao	0
Love l.b.w. b Ramji	17
Oxenham c Narsingrao b Ramji	0
Mair c & b. Gurtu	42
Ellis, not out	37
Alexander b. Gurtu	12
Extras	2
Total	197

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Ramji	18	2	68	4
Gurtu	17.1	0	77	4
Narsingrao	12	2	20	2
Shantilal Gandhi	4	1	8	0
Shaikh Dina	2	0	13	0

WESTERN INDIA (2nd Innings).

Meherhomji c Ellis b Mair	17
Dr. Gurtu st. Ellis b Mair	25
Vinoo b Oxenham	4
Colah l.b.w. Oxenham	3
Faiz Ahmad c Allsopp, b Mair	5
Khan Saheb of Manavdar c. Wendellbill, b Oxenham	6
Shaikh Dina (run out)	0
N.P. Kesari c Bryant, b Ryder	15
Hari Mali (not out)	4
Shantilal l.b.w., b Oxenham	6
Ramji st. Ellis, b Oxenham	4
Extras	6
Total	96

BOWLING ANALYSIS.

	O.	M.	R.	W.
Alexander	8	3	17	0
Hendry	3	0	15	0
Oxenham	15	5	28	5
Ryder	9	4	10	1
Mair	10	3	19	3

AUSTRALIANS—(2nd Innings).

Hendry b Ramji	2
Wendellbill (not out)	14
Bryant (not out)	5
Extras	0
Total (for 1 wicket)	21

PATAUDI NOT LIKELY TO PLAY IN BOMBAY

C. K. Nayudu May Replace Him As Captain Of Test Team

The Indian team for the unofficial Test Match against the Australians in Bombay on December 5, 6, 7 and 8, has been virtually chosen. Although the Nawab of Pataudi is expected to lead the side, it is rumoured that he will not be available and Major C. K. Naidu will replace him.

The team will be selected from the following thirteen players:

NAWAB OF PATAUDI.
WAZIR ALI.
NAZIR ALI
MOHAMED NISSAR
MUSHTAQ ALI
BAQA JILANI
C. K. NAYUDU
V. M. MERCHANT
P. E. PALIA
AMIR ELAHI
L. AMARNATH
L. AMARSINGH
B. E. KAPADIA.

GUJERAT ELEVEN TO FACE AUSSIES

Selection Test Match At Sayajiganj

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, November 6.

Tall scoring by Batassi of Rander, Yakub of Baroda, and Shanna of Ahmedabad and good bowling by Yakub and Ambegaokar of Baroda were feature of the two-day's selection test match played on the Baroda College grounds for selecting the Gujerat eleven against the Australians.

The first eleven scored 175 runs, Batassi, Shanna and Ramakant scoring respectively 58, 35 and 25. Yakub captured 4 wickets for 42, and Hans 2 for 11.

The second eleven scored 144 for 9 wickets, Yakub, Harkant, Akoo and Tewari scoring 41, 24, 23 and 21. Ambegaokar captured 5 wickets for 34 runs.

INTER-'VARSITY CRICKET

On Wednesday the Nagpur University played the Inter-University Cricket Match with the Usmania University on the Oval.

The match is a three-day fixture.

The Nagpur Team which batted first was out for a total of 169 runs in their first innings. Mr. Chimote, the captain of the team played a cautious game and made a captain's Innings of 58.

The sixth wicket partnership between Chimote and Zahur Ahmed proved very fruitful (64-135) of having 70 runs to the score, with the latter's 35. The Usmania University made 89 runs for 3 wickets at the close of the day's play.

HYDARI RECEIVES NOYCE

HYDERABAD (Dn.) Nov. 6

Sir Frank Noyce, Industries Member, who is on a tour of South India arrived at the Hakimpet aerodrome this evening and was received by Sir Akbar Hydari with whom he is staying for the night and is leaving for Mysore to-morrow morning.—A. P.

EDGAR WALLACE'S DETECTIVE STORY DAY BY DAY

Inspector Wade — *"The Silver Key"*

MR. LYNE WOULD LIKE TO SEE YOU, INSPECTOR WADE—
ALL RIGHT, BINNY, I COULDN'T FIND ANY TRACE OF BURGLARS HERE, ANYWAY—
10-15
WADE, UNNOTICED BY BINNY, SLIPS THE SILVER KEY IN HIS POCKET AS THEY GO INTO THE HOUSE
I TELL YE, WADE, IT WASN'T BURGLARS!—D'YE THINK I KEEP VALUABLES HERE?
WHY SHOULD ANY ONE TRY TO BREAK IN THEN MR. LYNE?
TO KILL ME, THAT'S WHY!—DICK ALLENBY, MY HEIR—MARY LANE, ANOTHER HEIR—MORAN, MY BANK MANAGER—THEY HATE ME!—EVERYBODY HATES ME!—
PARDON ME, SIR—MR. MORAN WILL BE HERE SOON!—
MORAN?—HERE?—OH, YES—THE INSPECTOR'S HAT, BINNY—HE'S LEAVING!—

The Abduction Story

SOME QUESTIONS FOR SIRDAR JAMIAT SINGH

Our Readers' Views

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—As the alleged abduction of the daughter of a wealthy millionaire has caused a flutter among the public of Bombay, will S. Jamiat Singh, the custodian of the so well-guarded a secret and the confidante of the unfortunate Sethia, the father of the girl, answer the following few questions for the benefit of the public:—

Is it a mere coincidence that the number of candidates who applied for the six posts was exactly 4,000 (neither less nor more) as stated by Sardar Sahib and Sh. Amrat Kuwar, to a representative of the "Times"?

In which bank or banks was the advance account kept and outward payments made to the unsuccessful candidates?

Will Sardar Sahib take some of his ex-colleagues like Mr. K. F. Nariman into confidence and tell him

(a) the name and whereabouts of the Sethia or the girl.
(b) the reasons which led him to advertise only in the Northern India, papers.
(c) the name or names of the Bank or Banks through which this huge amount of four lakhs was dealt with?

Trusting an early reply will be vouchsafed.—Yours, etc.,

"AN OLD PUNJABEE RESIDENT."

Bombay, Nov. 6.

II

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—In to-day's "Bombay Sentinel", a report of my interview with the City Police in connection with the alleged abduction of a girl has appeared. It is alleged that I made contradictory statements to the police with regard to the demanding of security with the applications in cash or by cheque.

I beg to say that the police did not put me any question on the method of sending remittances with application and the whole report is incorrect. Moreover, the police instead of disbelieving the story advised me to adopt a certain course to bring early result.—Yours, etc.,

JAMIAT SINGH.

128, Jer Mahal,
Bombay November 6.

Naidu And Leg Theory

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—It will surprise many when I mention that it was Naidu who was the originator of the "Leg Theory" bowling. He first introduced it in the first unofficial Test Match in England in 1933 and it proved so successful that the first four wickets were down for about 60 runs in both the innings, amongst the victims were players like Sutcliff, Hammond and others. This leg theory to fast bowling must have been appreciated by Jardine who was captaining the English eleven, because he immediately used it against the Australians in Australia the same year and won all the Test matches there.

England had Larwood, Bowes and Voce before our team went to England but they were never used with three fielders on the leg side. So also we had Ramji, the fast bumper, but he too was never tried with the leg trap in Bombay before 1933.—Yours, etc.,

DALVI.

INDO-BRITISH TRADE IN SINKIANG

Discussion Between Consul-Generals Of Both Govt.'s To Improve Condition

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

Information has been received here that Colonel Thomson Glover, the British Consul General at Kashgar, who left for Sinkiang on a trade mission, reached Urumchi on the 15th October to meet Sir Eric Teichmann of the Chinese Consular Service who came from Nanking.

It is understood that the officials are discussing with the local Sinkiang Government the question of improving the British and Indian trade which is suffering from the Russian competition.—United Press.

PEACEFUL SITUATION IN MOHMAND AREA

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

The situation in the Mohmand area is comparatively so peaceful that the whole of the British forces have been withdrawn from the Gandab valley to their ordinary peace situations. Indications are that the Haji of Turangzai is himself thankful that peace has been restored and a report has been received to the effect that he is displeased with his sons for the recent hostilities. He himself is returning to take up his residence in Lakarai.

Upper Mohmands are migrating to the Peshawar district according to their usual custom at the beginning of the cold weather, the only feature being that their number this year is greater than in the previous years. The road between Yusuf Khel and Nahakki is in construction and it is noteworthy that the Chief Maliks of the tribe have engaged themselves as contractors and the Commander of the British forces actually drove on the road as recently as October 28.—A. P.

Kathiawar Mahaparishad Postponed

BHAVNAGAR, Nov. 5.

Unforseen difficulties having intervened the Reception Committee of the Kathiawar Mahaparishad had to postpone its sessions.

This decision was arrived at a meeting of the Reception Committee in Bhavnagar this afternoon. The public has been assured that immediately circumstances clear up the sessions will be held.—United Press.

CONGRESS & OFFICES

(Continued from Page 6).

tant question. It is not a sound plea to say that the Congress is unwilling to place its card on the table prematurely. Such a policy might be tenable from the tactical point of view and for the purpose of bringing discomfiture to its enemies. The Congress is called upon to define its policy in respect of a constitutional issue, a policy on which rests the well-being of the country. Here the question of strategy does not come in at all.

The Congress has no further time to lose. Opinion is expressed that to postpone the decision till the next Congress session would be suicidal. It is suggested that immediate arrangements should be made to obtain the opinion of every Congress member in the country and to act upon that verdict. If it is in favour of office acceptance, efforts to implement it should be made forthwith. Should Congress decision be otherwise, it would be a calamity to the country, as the events of the last decade have undoubtedly shown. Reactionary forces will get a blank cheque by the abstention of nationalist elements.

Suggestions are put forward that nationalist forces in the country should work in willing co-operation with one another in order at least to counteract the catastrophe of reactionaries capturing power. The combination of these forces will not only enhance their prestige and popularity, but will pave the way for their capturing the administrative machinery. After forming the Government, should they find themselves thwarted at every step by the safeguards, the very impediments will be the most damaging indictment on the constitution and on its framers. If, however, there are some good features in it, the opportunity for serving the country will be theirs. Anyway, they can take comfort in the sure knowledge that their participation will not render the constitution still more reactionary. Surely, it is high time that the Congress should give a definite and bold lead to the country.

DEADLOCK IN NASIK D. L. B?

Board's Acceptance Of "No Confidence" Motion And Its Sequel

(From Our Correspondent.)

NASIK, November 6.

Mr. Pande's resolution of no-confidence in Mr. Hiraman Narayan Shindore, President, District Local Board, was passed; 21 members out of 24 present voting for it, at the meeting of the Board, to-day.

A deadlock is expected but no resignations may ensue.

INDO-IRAN TRADE DISCUSSION

Iranian Foreign Minister's Proposed Visit To Delhi

NEW DELHI, November 6.

The question of trade between India and Persia and the existing level of imports from countries will, it is understood, be discussed here towards the end of November when H. E. Mirza Syed Bagher Khan Kazemi, the Iranian Foreign Minister, reaches Delhi after visiting Quetta and Kabul. The Iranian Foreign Minister is expected on the 20th November. His Majesty's Minister at Teheran H. M. Knatchbull Hugessen is arriving at Delhi on the 16th November for the same purpose.

Connected with the Indo-Persian trade, the question of re-opening the Zahedan Nokkundu Railway line is of great importance and this question also is likely to be examined. It is understood that the Persian Government are anxious to re-open this line which was built during the last war. At present the railway line between Quetta and Nohhundu is working and trains run once a week, but the line between Nokkundu and Zahedin is not working as it is not a commercial proposition.—United Press.

RULE "NISI" ON "ESHAN" EDITOR

Sequel To Alleged Contempt Of Court

LAHORE Nov 6.

On an application made by the Government Advocate, the rule 'nisi' was issued to-day by Messrs. Justices Addison and Abdul Rashid, against Mirza Ahmad Khan, Editor and Malik Nurelathi, printer and publisher, of the 'Eshan" an Urdu daily to show cause why they should not be committed or otherwise dealt with an accordance with law for contempt of court.

The Government Advocate praying for the action submitted that in connection with the possession of the site of a mosque a dispute arose between certain Sikh proprietors and Muslims in village Dharowali in the district of Gurdaspur as a consequence whereof three cases were sent up under section 107 in which the members of the either party were cited as accused. The cases were being heard in the court of Sardar Bebendra Singh, the Ilaqa Magistrate of Batala. During the pendency of the cases an article appeared in an issue of the "Eshan" bearing the date August 20 in which comments were made on the facts of the cases which were sub-judice. It was stated in the article that at the instance of the Magistrate the Sikhs had made it difficult for Muslims to live in the village, that the Magistrate was a bigot and terrorised over those who helped Muslims.

It was further stated that the Muslim accused were sure to be convicted by the Magistrate and it urged all Muslim institutions and leaders to protest against Muslims being deprived of the mosque due to the prejudice of the Sikh Magistrate.—United Press.

Presidentship Of Liberal Federation Session

NAGPUR, Nov. 6.

The Associated Press understands that so far three names have been suggested from various provinces for the presidentship of the ensuing session of the Liberal Federation which meets at Nagpur during Christmas week. Sir Cowasji Jehangir, M.L.A., Dr. R. P. Paranjpye and Mr. T. R. Venkatrama Sastri have been recommended and the final decision is expected to be taken in the last week of November at a meeting of the Reception Committee of which Sir Moropant Joshi is the Chairman.

The Council of the Western India National Liberal Association at their meeting held on November 4 decided to recommend Sir Cowasji Jehangir, for the presidentship of the National Liberal Federation to be held at Nagpur during next Christmas.—A. P.

RAILWAY TRAFFIC SUSPENDED

Sequel To Breaches On Burma Lines Due To Floods

RANGOON, Nov 6.

Due to heavy rain and flood fresh breaches on the Thazi-Kalaw and Thazi-Myingyan branch lines have occurred and the railway line between Thazi and Kungyany is flooded by the Minhla lake.

The Deputy Commissioner of Meiktila reports that the Meiktila lake has been badly breached. All trains on those lines are cancelled. Transhipment is impossible. Through running on the Rangoon-Mandalay line is impossible before Sunday.—United Press.

PUNJAB SOCIALIST CHALLANED UNDER SEC. 124 A

LAHORE (By Mail.)

Mubarak Ali Sagar, Acting President of the Punjab Socialist Party and Comrade Mohan Lal, President of the Press Workers' Union, were challaned on Nov. 4 by the Additional District Magistrate under section 124-A I.P.C. (Sedition), in connection with speeches alleged to have been delivered by them at a meeting held recently in Lahore relating to the Shahidgunj agitation.

The Court adjourned the case till 8th November, when evidence will be recorded.—A. P.

PROGRESS OF QUETTA SALVAGE

QUETTA, Nov. 5.

The Claims Commissioner in his 14th Communique states that the remaining block in ward 4 will be salvaged on Monday, November 18. This block lies south of Basantsingh Lane and is bound by Habibnala and Mission Road. It contains houses 255 to 393. Permits are under issue and owners of buried property are requested to report themselves to the Claims Commissioner on or before Saturday 16.

The Commissioner's 15th communique states that as announced in communique No. 10 on November 1 experimental systematic salvage in southern portion of ward 19, is to be undertaken. This section is lying between Mcconaghey Road, Kansi Road and Baluchi Road and contains houses 395 to 732. Owners will employ their own labour as from Monday, November 18. Permits are being issued and owners are requested to report themselves to the Claims Commissioner on or before Saturday, November 16.—A. P.

Nizam's Jubilee Endowments

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Nov. 6.

If the Saudi Government does not object, the Hyderabad Government might defray cost of installation of electricity in Nabava. Mosque in Medina says the Nizam in the course of an announcement to the press which adds that this proposal is under consideration of the Government with other endowments contemplated in connection with the Nizam's Silver Jubilee.

The announcement is sequel to appeal for funds for the above object by Sir Nizamatjung Bahadur, ex-Minister, who recently accompanied Dhulanpasha, the Nizam's consort, for Haj.—A. P.

Hammond Meets Burma Finance Member

RANGOON, Nov 6.

Sir Laurie Hammond, Chairman of the Delimitation Committee met the members of the Burma Delimitation Advisory Committee today at 11 a. m. in the chamber of the Finance Member at the Secretariat. It is understood that he discussed with them the views and suggestions made by the members in their recent report on the questions of delimitation of constituencies.

It is further understood that the Chairman takes up to-morrow the discussion of the Labour constituency.—United Press.

Navsari Honours Baroda Prince

(From A Correspondent)

NAVSARI, Nov 6.

Prince Pratapsingh Raje of Baroda came here yesterday evening after twenty years. In the morning he drove to the Town Hall and received the Municipal Address. He paid a surprise visit to library. The Prince then motored to Amli village to see the site for the projected Royal Palace. The Prince opens the Co-operative Banking Union Building and shall attend an "At Home" party to be given by Rajaratna Daboo and will leave Navsari at night by Delhi Express for Bombay.

Baroda Jubilee Fund

BARODA, Nov. 6.

The Diamond Jubilee Fund has reached approximately the figure of Rs. 2,00,000.—United Press.

LEAGUE HAS CREATED MORAL FORCE AGAINST MUSSOLINI

Bapna Gives His Impressions Of Geneva At Work

"There is not much hope that the Italo-Ethiopian war will be stopped, but the League has no doubt created a strong moral force and world opinion against the action of Sgr. Mussolini. I believe that the procedure adopted will act as a precedent and deterrent" observed Rao Bahadur Bapna, Prime Minister of Indore who returned on Wednesday after attending the League Assembly Sessions in an interview to the "Chronicle" representative.

"I think that the League is doing very good work. In an organisation like this we should not expect immediate results. Its aims and objects have to be considered. For the first time in the history of the world a machinery has actually been set up for the settlement of international disputes. The idea is new. Its working is practically difficult.

The world has in the past been used to settling its disputes by resorting to arms. This cannot be changed in a day. By its propaganda and through its organisation work, the League is doing useful work in bringing about a change in people's outlook, making them internationally minded.

The present rulers of the world were trained under the old system in which national interests always dominated, who looked upon the foreign relations of their country mainly from the domestic point of view. There has been a change even among such people. But when a whole generation has grown in the atmosphere of the League idea, when such people will have taken charge of the administration of the member States, the interests of humanity are bound to have an important effect upon their national policies.

LEAGUE'S ACHIEVEMENTS

In the meantime the League is bound to have failures. It may even happen, specially in the political field, that for a long time there will be more failures than successes. The League has successfully tackled many important problems, particularly in dealing with social, economic and intellectual questions. But these are means to an end.

Ultimately the League's work must be judged by its success in dealing with political problems. As regards the Italo-Ethiopian dispute, there was not much hope that the war would be stopped, but the League has no doubt done a great service. It has created a strong moral force and the world-opinion against the action of Sgr. Mussolini, and I still hope that it will succeed in localising the war and bringing about settlement soon. The support given by Great Britain to the League has been most valuable from the League's point of view, and I believe that the procedure adopted by the League in this case will act as a precedent and deterrent and enhance its prestige.

ASIATIC PROBLEMS

The League's work is at present confined more to European and American questions. If it is to grow effective as a machinery for maintaining peace, it will have to include within its active scope the other continents as well. Asia represents about half the population of the world. I expect that in course of time the League's influence will be felt everywhere throughout the world.

The League's work is somewhat unknown in India. The reason is, I suppose two-fold. The League's work has so far been mainly confined to European and American problems in which India has little direct interest. This can be remedied by the League, taking up some at least of the major problems of Asia. The League should also do more propaganda work.

MORE INDIANS FOR GENEVA

There is one other point on which India feels somewhat aggrieved; that is the number of qualified Indians employed in the League's Office at Geneva. There is no doubt that the League's Offices—both the Secretariat and the International Labour Organisation—have many very competent men from all over the world. But there is no doubt that there are equally competent men in India also. I think that attempts should be made both to increase the number of Indians in the League's Offices in Geneva and to recruit very carefully competent Indians for such posts.

MORE LIGHT ON KUSHAN DYNASTY

Important Archaeological Find

A group of new gold coins of unique historical importance has been acquired for the cabinet of the Indian Museum with funds contributed by its trustees and the Director General of Archaeology.

The collection comprises a double stater of the Kushan King Kadphises II (1st centry A.D.) five other coins of the Kushan dynasty, one coin Chanragupta I (319 A.D.) and two coins of his son, Samudragupta.

One of the coins of Samudragupta is regarded as particularly noteworthy, being of the 'aswamedha' (horse sacrifice) type, with an inscription on the left hand side of the obverse quite complete.

None of the coins of this group, it is understood, has hitherto been represented on the cabinet of the Museum and some of them are reported to be in demand in the British Museum, England.—A.P.

DHARWAR DISTRICT BOARD ELECTIONS

Congress Propaganda In Full Swing

(From Our Correspondent).

HUBLI, Nov. 6.

The Provincial Congress Committee's Council meets at Haveri on November 10. Important items include celebration of Congress Jubilee, formation of Congress election constituencies, changes in the present Provincial Constitution.

The Dharwar District Local Board elections are in full swing. Congressmen are carrying on intense propaganda. Messrs. Gangadharrao Sathe and Hosmani are expected to start the campaign from Haveri Mr. R. R. Diwakar after attending the Council will visit Shirhatti on the 11th to unveil Adiveppa's portrait and will then take up election propaganda. Dr. Hardikar and Mr. Puranik are touring the Shiggaon Taluka villages.

U. P. Unemployment Committee

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, (By Mail)

It is understood that it is likely that the meeting of the United Provinces Unemployment Committee which was to be held on November 14, may not materialise this month, as several members are stated to have expressed their inability to attend the final meeting on that date or any time in November.

INSURANCE COMPANY DIRECTOR'S ARREST

Alleged Misappropriation Of Rs. 55,000

PATNA, Nov. 4.

S. M. Bose, Managing Agent and Director of the Bihar National Life Insurance Co., who was arrested at Ekbalpore and brought here under police escort, was placed before the Sub-Divisional Magistrate, Patna, and released on bail of Rs. 20,000.

Bose is alleged to have misappropriated a sum of Rs. 55,000 collected as shares, etc., for the company, and will stand his trial under Section 409, I. P. C. (Criminal Breach of Trust by a public servant, banker, merchant or agent).

CALCUTTA ACCIDENT

Motor Car Collides With Lamp Standard

CALCUTTA, Nov. 5.

Mr. E. Marr, an assistant in a local European firm, had a narrow escape on Sunday night when his car collided with the gas lamp standard in Chowringhee Road, opposite Messrs. Hall and Anderson's entrance. The lamp standard was broken in two and the front of Mr. Marr's car was badly damaged.

Mr. Marr, however, received only a cut on his upper lip. He had his injury attended to at the Presidency General Hospital.

Sir F. Noyce On South-Indian Tour

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

Sir Frank Noyce, Member of Labour and Industries to the Government of India, left at 7-30 this morning by the Indian National Airways' 'plane "Ruby" on his South Indian tour.

He stays in Madras from November 10th to 12th during which period he will inspect the arrangements for opening a broadcasting station there.—United Press.

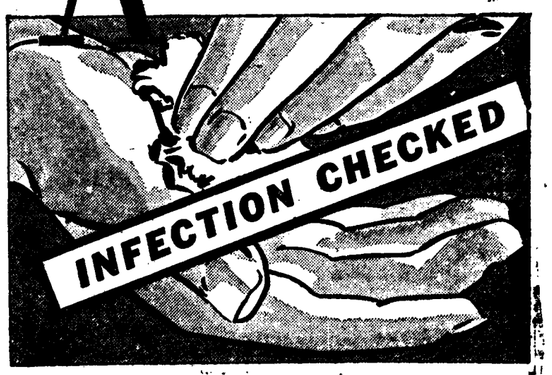
Molestation Of Indian Family At Milan

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

In connection with the reported molestation of an Indian family at Milan, it is learnt that the Italian Government took proper action in the matter and it has been satisfactorily settled.—United Press.

A message from Mysore says that one person has been killed and several injured as a result of a communal riot in Tadahalli village, Yelandur Taluk, where it is stated that a quarrel between a Hindu and Muslim developed into fight in which a large number participated.—A.P.

A CUT-



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Our Gujerat Letter

FIGHT FOR YOUR RIGHTS

Yagnik's Exhortation To Nadiad Sweepers

(From Our Correspondent.)
BARODA, November 3.

Dr. Sumant Mehta and Mr. Indulal Yagnik had been to Nadiad recently. They met the organisers of the Kaira District Harijan Sevak Sangh and discussed local problems.

Addressing the Harijan Municipal employees Sjt. Indulal Yagnik explained the position of the sweepers in England, and urged them to raise their social and economic status. He exhorted them to carry on propaganda for establishing their rights.

GUJERATI DELEGATION TO CONGRESS

The Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee has decided to send 46 delegates to the forthcoming session of the National Congress. It has also adopted a programme for the Golden Jubilee of the Indian National Congress.

AYURVEDIC SCHOOL

It is understood that an Ayurvedic Vidyalaya will be started at Nadiad as a result of activities of the Kaira District Vaidya Association.

Closing Of B. B. & C. I. Rly. Out Agency In Jaipur

(From A Correspondent.)
JAIPUR, (Bf Mail.)

Considerable discontentment has been caused among the general public of Jaipur at the decision of the B. B. and C. I. Railway Company to close down the Out-Agency, established in the heart of the city with effect from 1st November.

The Out-Agency which is under the management of Messrs. M. Khajulali and Sons, had been functioning for the last three years. The Out-Agents have been rendering very valuable services to the public in general and business and commercial classes in particular.

It is stated that the discontinuance of the Out-Agency is due to certain misunderstandings between the State and the Company.

It is understood that the public are again going to the Jaipur Darbar to represent that they should not be deprived of the enormous benefit they have been deriving from the Out-Agency and to request His Highness to safeguard their interests by maintaining the Out-Agency.

A public meeting of the so-called Depressed Classes of Manmad was held in the Godavari Theatre on Friday last when a resolution supporting Dr. Ambedkar's resolution at the recent Yeola meeting was passed.

Miss Leela Row, Dr. Row and Mrs. Row who returned from Europe by the s. s. Tuscania yesterday.

"MOST ADULTERATED ARTICLE OF FOOD"

Village Workers Can Remove Ghee From Diet, Says Gandhiji

Writing under the Caption "Ghee" Gandhiji, in the course of an article in the "Harijan" says:—

Those who can afford it are fond of eating ghee. It enters into the preparation of almost all the sweetmeats. And yet, or perhaps by reason of it, it is one of the most adulterated articles of food. The vast bulk of it that one gets in the bazar is undoubtedly adulterated. Some, if not most, of it is mixed with injurious fats which non-meateaters must not eat. Vegetable oils are often mixed with ghee. This mixture diminishes the vitamin value of ghee when it does not contain rancid oils. When the oils mixed are rancid, the ghee is unfit for consumption.

At Maganwadi we have been insisting on procuring cow's ghee. It has meant much difficulty and great expense. We have paid as much as Rs. 50 per 40 lbs. plus railage.

This can only be for a rich man's pockets. We are trying as much as we can to approximate the poor man's standard consistent with balanced diet scale. I observed that Dr. Aykroyd had omitted ghee from his balanced diet scale. Medical testimony, while it insists on milk or buttermilk, does not insist on butter or ghee as an indispensable part of the daily menu. We have tentatively dropped ghee from our menu, except for those who consider it to be necessary for their health. We are issuing an equivalent in weight of pure fresh vegetable oils. Millions in India never know the taste of ghee. After all it should be borne in mind that those who take milk get some ghee in the purest and most assimilable form. Apart from the question of relish it may safely be said that village workers can with impunity omit ghee from their diet so long as they can procure some milk or curds or buttermilk.

DUTY OF CIVIC BODIES.

At the same time it is the duty of wealthy people and public bodies like municipalities to place at the disposal of the poor people cheap wholesome unadulterated milk and its products. Adulteration of milk or other foods should be as difficult as counterfeit coin or note or postage stamp, and their value should be standardized as is that of postage stamps.

If half the skill that is to-day devoted to the management of commercial concerns meant for private gain were devoted to the conduct of dairies for the public benefit and shops for foodstuffs, they could be run as self-supporting institutions. There is nothing to prevent them from becoming so, except the public disinclination to give the requisite skill and capital to such philathropic concerns. The benevolence of the wealthy is exhausted in the effort to run "sadavrats," to misfeed the ever-increasing army of beggars who are a burden on society. For they eat without labouring. It is benevolence misplaced, if it may not be described as mischievous. The difficulty amounting to impossibility of getting wholesome articles of diet at reasonable rates in every town and village, is a great stumbling block in the way of the village worker. Time is not wasted when village workers attempt to find out by experiments what in spite of this handicap are the indigenous sources of procuring an adequate diet.

HELP NEW INDIAN SHIPPING COMPANY

Acharya Roy Condemns Cut Throat Competition By Foreign Concerns

CALCUTTA, Nov. 4

Sir P.C. Ray has issued the following statements to the press in connection with the organisation by the newly started Indian shipping company of passenger and cargo service between Calcutta and Rangoon.

"As I stepped on the deck of "S.S. Cape St. Francis" of the New Indian Steam Navigation Company, my heart swelled with joy and pride. An Indian shipping company managed by Bengalees has always been a dream of my life and I had very little hopes of seeing it materialise. It was, therefore, with great eagerness that I accepted the invitation of the Managing Director of the Company to visit the first steamer of this infant National Concern which made its eighth voyage from Calcutta to Rangoon to-day. It was a surprise to see so many passengers travelling by this ship although the rival Foreign Company has much lowered their rates. Public feeling has already been greatly excited over this rate-cutting, and I hope in view of this strong public opinion, Government will timely intervene in this matter. In every other country coastal shipping has been reserved for its nationals, but unfortunately in India alone it is just the opposite.

APPEAL TO ASSEMBLY.

I appeal to the Members of the Legislative Assembly to press pany with a suitable subsidy as is done in European countries. I Government to help this Comspecially of Bengal, to come forward and open their purse strings for the development of this unique venture. It will indeed be a national misfortune if for want of adequate support this new enterprise with infinite potentialities for the good of the country comes to grief."—United Press.

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Sholapur Letter

G. I. P. CLERK JAILED

Charge Of Stealing Railway Pass Book

(From Our Correspondent)
SHOLAPUR, Nov. 4.

The G.I.P. Railway has filed a suit against Mr. Paranjape, a clerk in the D. T. S. office, Sholapur, on the charge of stealing a railway pass book.

The case was conducted before the City Magistrate, who found the accused guilty of the offence and sentenced him to three months' rigorous imprisonment and a fine of Rs. 50 or in default 2 months' more.

UNDER ARMS ACT.

While searching on suspicion, the police found two swords in the house of one Giddaram, residing in South Kasba of this city, whom they charged sheeted under the Arms Act. At the trial before the Special Magistrate he was found guilty of the charge and was sentenced to a fine of Rs. 50.

An appeal was filed by Giddaram against this verdict and a revision application was forwarded to the session court which in its turn forwarded the application to the Bombay High Court. The Bombay High Court acquitted Giddaram and passed an order to refund the fine.

BENGAL CONGRESS EXECUTIVE

More Resignations Tendered

Mr. Kamal Krishna Roy, secretary of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee, in a statement to the Press says that in addition to the members of the Executive Council of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee who have already resigned, the following have also sent in their resignations, writes the "Statesman." Dr. Jiban Ratan Dhar, Mr. Bijoy Chandra Ray and Mr. Ramesh Chandra Ghose.

Out of the 34 members of the Executive Council of the Bengal Provincial Congress Committee (including the President, who is out of India), 22, adds Mr. Roy, have resigned and a few more resignations are likely to follow before the general meeting on November 16.

SETH ACHAL SINGH'S MUNIFICENCE

(From A Correspondent).
AGRA, (By Mail).

Pt. Govind Vallabh Pant, M.L.A. and Babu Sri Prakash, M.L.A. reached Agra City station on Sunday morning to respectively preside and perform the opening ceremony of the Achal Trust and Achal Jain Sewa Trust founded by Seth Achal Singh of Agra.

After a brief introduction of Sethji by Pt. Vishweshwar Dayal Chaturvedi, Sethji read his printed address and announced that he is handing over at present a sum of Rs. 1 lakh to both the Trusts out of which 15 per cent will be given to the latter Trust.

After the inauguration of the Trust by B. Sri Prakash speeches were made as to how usefully the donated money may be spent.

In the end Pt. Govind Vallabh Pant eulogised the manifold patriotic and national activities of Sethji and thanked him on behalf of the public for his magnificent donation.

The function came to an end after a brief cinema show.

Hafiz Cup Hockey Finals

(From Our Correspondent)
SAUGOR, (By Mail).

The Hafiz Cup Hockey Tournament concluded on the evening of the 23rd last when in the final the Police Training College defeated the Government High School, by two goals to one.

In the second round of the above tournament, Saugor Dt. Police team trounced the Jubbulpore District Police, by 3goals to nill before a record crowd.

From several days past the weather being cloudy a sudden storm accompanied by a heavy shower passed over the district on the 31st morning thus dislocating the sowing operation which is in full swing. The present showers undoubtedly wound prove beneficial to the germination of wheat and gram. The prospects of the agriculturists appear to be brighter.

C. P. Hindi Sahitya Sammelan

The Katni Mitra Mandal has decided to hold the C. P. Hindi Sahitya Sammelan at Katni in the last week of December.

WESTERN DISTURBANCE AGAIN

POONA, Nov. 6.

Widespread thunder and rain again occurred in Burma. The western disturbance is affecting the weather over North-West India and local rain or snow has fallen in Kashmir.

The chief amounts of rainfall are: Maymyo 4 inches, Mergui 1-1/2, Sonamarg 1/2.

FORECAST: Rainfall will decrease in Burma, increase in Kashmir, extend in east and north Punjab and the hills of the west United Provinces.—A. P.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 6-11-1935.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours—.021 inches

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 77.8 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 73.4 degrees

Maximum temperature during 24 hrs 86.4 degrees (3.5 below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hrs 73.4 degrees (0.2 below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a.m. 80 per cent

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E N E

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 4 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 156 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10) 0

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 6-11-35

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 81.3deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.19 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.99 inches

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

The Hon. Secretary of the Indian Economic Association writes: The 19th Indian Economic Conference will be held at Dacca on the 2nd, 3rd and 4th January 1936 under the presidentship of Mr. Manohar Lal, M.A. (Cantab.), Bar.-at-Law, M.L.C.

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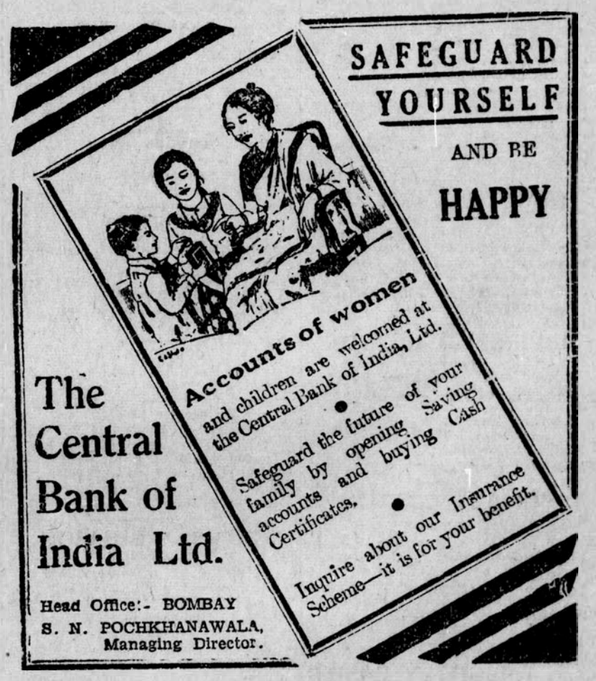
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Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 12 POINTS UP

Unfavourable Weather In Southwest

GOLD AND SILVER STEADY

Wheat Quietly Steady And Linseed Unchanged

BOMBAY, Nov 6

On Wednesday cross rates ruled quiet.

NEW YORK COTTON STRONG

New York cotton displayed considerable strength on reports of unfavourable weather in the southwest. There was good trade and foreign buying. The closing tone was strong.

BULLION STEADY

London gold and silver ruled steady.

WHEAT QUIETLY STEADY AND LINSEED UNCHANGED

Wheat was steady at Chicago but quiet at Liverpool. Linseed was unchanged. Jute was easy. Rubber was steady.

GOOD ACTIVITY IN SECURITIES

The London Stock Exchange were devoid of interest but the underlying sentiment was better. Giltedged securities displayed fairly good activity but business was rather small.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

(MARCH 1936)

New York, Nov 6

Previous closing	10.78
To-day's opening	10.83
Difference	+05
To-day's closing	10.90
Difference	+12

LIVERPOOL COTTON

(MARCH 1936)

Liverpool, Nov 6

Previous closing	6.09
To-day's opening	6.08
Difference	—.01
To-day's closing	6.09
Difference	unchanged

BROACH EXPECTATION

New April May ..... Rs. 214-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, Nov 6

Cotton displayed considerable strength to-day on reports of freezing in southwest as a result of which there was trade and foreign buying while hedging also showed tendency to be slow. Some encouragement was derived from election results and thus helping the market to adopt a firmer tone. However at the higher level some slight reaction followed in consequence of some hedge selling and liquidation.

Trading in March opened at 10.83 i.e. 5 points higher than previous closing. The price improved on better Liverpool advices and improved trade and foreign buying influenced by unfavourable weather news with March gradually rising to 10.95. At this stage some hesitancy was noticeable and prices gave way partially to some hedge selling and liquidating operations which forced price back to 10.92.

The New York cotton market finally closed at 10.99 with a rise of 12 points.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, Nov 6

The following were the opening ranges:—

December	(10.96/10.96) 11.01/11.00
January	((10.87/10.87) 10.92/10.92
March	(10.81/10.81) 10.85/10.85

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, Nov 6

The following were the rates at 12-15 p m

American December	(6.12) 6.13
American January	(6.08) 6.09
Egyptian November	(8.85) 8.85
Egyptian January	(8.59) 8.57

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov 6

Broach Cotton for Apr-May delivery moved between Rs. 214 and Rs. 215-4 at night. The rate at 10-30 p.m. was Rs. 215 with New York futures about 15 points up at that time.

JUTE SHARES SLIGHTLY EASIER

Limited Business In Coals

CALCUTTA, Nov 6

Jutes ruled slightly easier after holidays and in spite of steady hessian and jute markets transactions were reported on moderate scale. In coals only limited business was done at steady rates. Teas were dull. In miscellaneous iron and steel issues and sugars were kept fairly steady, while firpos were a shade easier from last levels. Government securities were steady. Following were the closing quotations.

Government securities: Three per cent new loan 1951/54 98/15; three-half per cent Government paper 93/14; three half per cent loan 1947/50 104/2; four per cent loan 1960/70 108/3 small lot; four-half per cent loan 1955/60 114/2; five per cent loan 1939/44 109/2; five per cent loan 1945/55 119/4 small lot; five per cent loan 1940/43 110/6; five half per cent loan 1938/40 108/12 small lot.

Banks: Allahabad pref 136 ex div; Central 34 odd lot; Imperial fully paid 1520 small odd lot; Imperial conty 385; Reserve Bank 124/4

Railways: Darjeeling Himalayan pref 101; Dehri Rohtas 10.

Cottons: Bengal Nagpur ordy 14/6

Coals: Burrakur 12/10 small lot; New Beerbhoom 12/2 small lot

Jutes: Anglo India 392 ex div; Alliance 265 small lot; Birla 13/12; Clive ordy 25/2; Dalhousie 300; Howrah 48/5; Hukumchand 11/8 small lots; Hukumchand pref 110; Kamarhatty 472; Kankinarrah 411 small lots; Lansdowne 131 small lot; New Central pref 146

Miscellaneous: Burma Corpn 7/10 small lot; Bengal Telephone pref 14/6; Benares Elec 14/8 small lot; Patna Elec 17/12 small lots; Shahajahanpore Elec 6; Bengal Iron 3/12; Burn and Co ordy 145/8 small lots; Indian Iron and Steel 9/2 small lot; Kumardhubi ordy 2/10; Behar Rice 1/6; B I Corpn ordy 3/13; B I Corpn pref 143; Firpo Ltd 10/8; Indian Wood Products 22/4; India Paper pulp 181 small lot; Muree Brewery 191; Debentures: three half per cent 1935/65 Calcutta Improvement Trust 96/12; four per cent 1915/75 Calcutta Port Trust 103/4; six-half per cent 1933/36/43 Hukumchand Jute Mills 102/8.—A. P.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATE

Latest Quotations

I. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, Nov 6

Previous closing	4.92 3/8
To-day's opening	4.92 3/8
To-day's closing	4.91 3/4

I. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, Nov 6

Previous closing	4.92 3/8
To-day's opening	4.92 3/8
To-day's closing	4.91 15/16
Difference	—.00 7/16

FRANC RATE

London, Nov 6

Previous closing	74.72
To-day's opening	74.71
To-day's closing	74.66
Difference	—.06

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, Nov 6

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.92 3/8 and then slightly improved to 4.92 7/16 subsequently declining to 4.92 3/16

The sterling dollar cross rate closed at 4.91 15/16

Franc opened at 74.71 and then improved to 74.73 there being very little chance thereafter.

The sterling franc cross rate closed at 74.66.

LONDON SILVER

London, Nov 6

The market was steady

	Last price	To-day's price
Spot	29 5/16d.	29 5/16d.
Forward	28 7/8d.	28 15/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, Nov 6

Gold per ounce (£7-1-3 1/2) £7-1-4 1/2

DISCOUNTS

London, Nov 6

3 months (5/8 to 5/8 per cent) 5/8 to 5/8 per cent.

4 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent

6 months (3/4 to 7/8 per cent) 3/4 to 7/8 per cent.

CROSS RATES

London, Nov 6

3-30 p.m.

London on Bombay	(1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay	(5.64 1/8) 5.63 7/8
New York on Bombay	(37.21) 37.21
Berlin on Bombay	(0.93) 0.93 1/4
London on Milan	(60.65) 60.68
London on Shanghai	(1-2 9/16) 1-2 9/16
London on Kobe	(1-2 1/32) 1-2 1/32

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, Nov 6

Silver opened quiet but steady at Rs. 65/14, 66 and 66/4. There was nothing particularly doing due to the lack of good outside news but prices kept steady later. Prices gathered strength on encouraging London advices which caused considerable speculative buying and covering. The market closed steady at Rs. 66/5, 66/7 and 66/11.

Gold opened steady at Rs. 34/14/9, 34/14/9 and 34/14/9. The market was fairly active on better foreign cables with the result that prices improved on good speculative buying and closed steady at Rs. 34/15/3, 34/15/3 and 34/15/3.

COMMODITIES

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov 6

Liverpool wheat opened quiet at 72 1/2 for December and 68 7/8 for March. There was practically nothing important doing with traders waiting further developments abroad.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov 6

Chicago wheat opened steady with December at 0.97 1/2. The market was fairly active on scattered buying and commission house buying influenced by unfavourable weather reports.

LONDON MARKETS

London, Nov 6

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows.

METALS.

London, Nov 6

Tin (£224 buyers £225 sellers. Very steady) £225 buyers £225 1/2 sellers. Very steady

Linseed (£17 5/8 buyers £17 11/16 sellers. Firm) £18 buyers £18 1/16 sellers. Strong

Electrolytic Copper (£39 3/4 to £40 1/4) £40 to £40 1/2

Glasgow Iron (£70) £70

JUTE.

New Crop November December (£20 1/4 value) £18 7/8 paid and sellers

Dunlop October November (£23 1/2) £23 1/2

Lightning October November (£21 3/4) £21 3/4

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, Nov 6

The following cable information was received from London to-day:—

"America and speculators bought. China sold. Market steady."

TEA.

Indian Pekoe (0-11 3/4) 1-0

Indian Pekoe higher (1-4 1/2) 1-11 1/4

Ceylon Pekoe (1-0) 1-0

Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-2 1/2) 2-2 1/2

RUBBER.

Spot (6 3/8 paid and value) 6 3/8 paid and buyers

January March (6 1/2 paid and buyer) £6 9/16 paid and sellers

LINSEED.

Linseed Bombay November December (£12 7/8 sellers) £12 7/8 sellers

Linseed Calcutta November-December (£12 9/16 sellers) £12 1/2 seliers

Linseed La Plata November (£10 1/8 sellers) £10 sellers

Groundnut Coromandal November (£13 11/16 sellers) £13 5/8 sellers

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

May 1936 Delivery.

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association).

Bombay, Nov 6

	Rs. a. p
Rates at 9-0 a.m.	7 1 9
Rates at 12-0 noon	7 1 9
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7 1 9
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7 1 9
Rates at 6-0 p.m.	7 1 9
Rates at 8-0 p.m.	7 1 9
Rates at 10-0 p.m.	7 2 3

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, Nov 6

	Rs. a p.
Wheat January	4 13 3
Wheat May	4 10 9
Linseed May	7 1 9

The tone was quiet

TENDERS FOR STERLING

On Wednesday, the 6th November 1935, tenders to the amount of £1,055,000 at 1s. 61/8d. were received and allotted approximately 95 per cent.

£1,000,000 will be offered for tender on Wednesday, the 13th November 1935 on the same conditions as previously announced.

Sterling purchased by the Reserve Bank of India during the week ended the 1st November 1935 was £1,000,000.

TENDERS FOR TREASURY BILLS

Tenders for Rs. Two crores of three months' Treasury Bills were opened on Wednesday the 6th November 1935. Total amount offered was Rs. 5,45,75,000. Tenders at Rs. 99-12-3 and above were accepted in full and those at Rs. 99-12-0 allotted approximately 32 per cent. Lower tenders were rejected. Total amount accepted was Rs. 2,00,00,000, the average rate of accepted tenders being annas 15/3 per cent per annum.

Tenders for Rs. Two Crores of three months' Treasury Bills will be received on Wednesday, the 13th November 1935. Successful tenderers should make payment on Friday the 15th November, 1935 Other conditions are as usual.

During the week ended the 1st November 1935 no Treasury Bills were renewed in favour of the Issue Department of the Reserve Bank of India.

Change Of Religion Deprecated

BARODA, Nov. 6.

At the Harijan Youth League Conference held at Kalol, in the Baroda State, a number of resolutions were passed, urging all to remove the social and economic disabilities of Harijans.

Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda of the Ahmedabad Majur Mahajan urged Harijans to educate themselves and unite for fighting for their rights, and deprecated the idea of change of religion which would not really better their lot.—United Press.

Cheerful Undertone In Stock Exchange

SUBSTANTIAL RISE IN INDUSTRIAL SHARES

Firm Tone In Metals

WALL STREET FIRM AND ACTIVE

(SPECIAL CABLE)

LONDON, Nov 6

On the Stock Exchange the undertone remained cheerful despite some contraction in general business.

Chief interest was displayed in industrials wherein several substantial rises occurred.

Internationals were undecided. Oil shares reacted after strengthening.

Japanese stocks were easy but most other foreign issues were firm.

Among commodities metals was firm.

Wall Street opened firm and active.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov 6

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £95 3/4

PREVIOUS CLOSING RATES.

Tuesday, October 29	£95
Wednesday, October 30	£95
Thursday, October 31	£95 1/2
Friday, November 1,	£95 1/2
Monday, November 4,	£95 1/2
Tuesday, November 5,	£95 3/4

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, Nov 6

3-30 p.m.

Markets generally were quieter but the undertone was favourable. There were some good futures. Giltedged securities were steady to firm. Industrials in general and international were generally firm.

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£85) £84 7/8

3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£105 3/4) £106 3/8

4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£110 3/4) £111

4 per cent Funding Loan (£116 1/4) £116 3/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£105) £105

4 per cent Victory Bonds (£114 1/2) £114 3/4

INDUSTRIALS.

British Celanese 2nd Preference (23-3) 23-3

Marks and Spencer Splits Share (4 1/2) 4 1/2

Hydro Electric (dol 4 1/4) dol 4 1/2

Musical Industries (25-6) 26-0

Princhin Johnson (42-3) 43-0

Imperial Chemical (37-4 1/2) 37-4 1/2

Imperial Chemical Ord (8-7 1/2) 8-7 1/2

Woolsworth New Ford (110-9) 110-9

Realisation 1930 (£80) £80

Dunlop Rubber (38-7 1/2) 38-7 1/2

University Ordinary (33-0) 32-6

Ford Motors (34-6) 34-6

Cable Wires (£7 3/8) £7 3/8

British American Tobacco (115-0) 115-0

Camera A (£8 1/4) £8 1/4

Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (142-6) 142-6

P and O S N Company Defd (18-3 19-7 1/2

Distillers (96-3) 96-9

Bred and Dyers (10-3) 10-3

British Celanese (13-3) 14-0

J and P Coates Ordinary (62-3) 62-3

Courtaulds Ordinary (54-1 1/2) 54-1 1/2

Fine Cotton Spinners (8-9) 8-9

Western Limited Ordinary (18-7 1/2) 18-7 1/2

Inter Nickels (£33 3/8) £33 3/8

Bengal Iron and Steel (5-6) 5-6

Tata Iron and Steel (£104) £104

CENTRAL BANK OF INDIA

Following is the statement of Liabilities and Assets of the Central Bank of India, Ltd., for the Fortnight ended 31st October 1935.

LIABILITIES

	Rs.	Rs.
Capital subscribed	3,36,00,000	
Capital paid up		1,68,00,000
Reserve and Contingency Fund		70,00,000
Deposits, debts due to Banks and Agents, Bills payable etc.		26,87,50,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments		4,01,28,000
		33,26,78,000

ASSETS

Cash Credits and Overdrafts on Government and other authorised securities		4,35,89,000
Loans on Government and other authorised securities		3,69,17,000
Bills Discounted		79,73,000
Lands and Buildings		1,26,88,000
Sundries including Branch Adjustments		3,13,42,600
Cash in hand, at Banks, Moneys at Call and Investments in War Bonds, Govt Paper, Treasury Bills, Shares, Debentures, etc.		20,01,69,000
		33,26,78,000

INDIAN LOANS

London, Nov 6

3-30 p.m.

3 per cent New Indian Loan (£97 1/2) £97 1/2

3 1/2 per cent India (£95 1/2) £95 1/2

4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£110) £111 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£112 1/2) £113 1/2

4 per cent Indian 1948/53 (£107) £107

5 per cent Indian 1943-47 (£114) £114 1/2

5 1/2 per cent New Indian 1934-58 (£104) £104 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS.

5 per cent Australian Loan (£110 3/4) £111

TEA SHARES.

Assam Company (21-6) 21-6

Donaro Tea (40-0) 40-0

Empire of India Ceylon (30-0) 30-0

RUBBER SHARES.

Anglo Dutch Rubber (25-6) 25-6

Gula Kelampong (22-6) 22-6

Rubber Plant Inv Trust (30-9) 30-9

JUTE SHARES.

Bangalore (£10) £10

MINING SHARES.

Nandy (62-6) 60-0

Burma Corporation (11-9) 11-9

Rio Tintos (£18 5/8) £18 3/8

East Rand Proprietors (56-3) 57-0

Rand Mines (£8 1/4) £8 1/4

MINE SHARES.

Crown Mines (£13 5/8) £13 3/4

Goddar New (£11) £11

Moddar New (£71-10 1/2) £71-10 1/2

Sub Nigel (£13 1/8) £13 1/8

Spring Mines Split Share (43-1 1/2) 43-1 1/2

Union Corporation (£8 7/8) £8 7/8

OIL SHARES.

Venezuela Persian (41-10 1/2) 42-6

Anglo Iranian (68-1 1/2) 69-6

Burma Oil (81-3) 80-7 1/2

Mexican Eagle (5-7 1/2) 6-0

Shell Transport (8-3) 80-7 1/2

Royal Dutch (£28 3/4) £28 3/4

HOME RAIL SHARES.

Great Western (£46 1/2) £47 1/4

L M Ford (£18) £18

L N E R Defd (£5 1/8) £5 1/2

Southern Dutch (£19 3/4) £19 3/4

London Paris 5 per cent (£131) £131

London Board G Stock (£101 1/2) £102 1/2

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, Nov 6

The following were the opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 54 3/4) dol 56 1/2

Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 21 7/8) dol 21 5/8

U S Steel Common (dol 46 5/8) dol 47

U S Steel Preference (dol 107) dol 106

(Continued from Col. 7).

metal; 671 cases sewing machine; 500 bdls. tin plates.

S S Varela, Agents, M M & Co., from Basra.—100 bales wool; 590 bags beans; 592 bags mash; 165 bags grain; 377 bags barly; 34274 bdls. dates.

From Kharamghair:—453 bags barly.

S S Jalapadma, Agents. Sc. St. N. Co. from Bassein.—15543 bags rice.

From Cochin.—1350 bdls. coir yarn; 575 bdls. coir ropes.

From Tellichery.—65 bdls. cans; 100 bags cocoanuts.

From Badagora.—553 bags cocoanuts; 221 bags copra.

S S Chenlloa, Agents, M M & Co., from Coconada.—491 bales cloth; 30 bdls. tobacco.

From Madras.—11 cases chocolate; 25 cases M. milk; 270 bros. cotton waste; 51 bdls. umbrella sticks; 30 bags arecanuts; 43 bags pepper.

From Cuddalore.—74 bdls. cotton yarn waste; 50 bales senna leaves.

From Tuticorin.—112 bdls. rubber.

From Calicut.—9 cases soap; 106 cases coffee.

From Cochin.—84 h|chests tea.

SHIPPING NEWS

Exports And Imports

ARRIVALS.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

S S Tuscania, W B Rowe, Glasgow and Liverpool via Port Said. Graham Trading Co.

S S Gandara, J Warden, Bassein via Rangoon and Coast Ports. M M & Co.

DEPARTURES.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

S S Shwedagon, J A Goodbody, Rangoon and Calcutta. Indo-Burmah Petroleum Co.

S S City of Evansville, D O Evans. Colombo, Madras, Rangoon and Calcutta. F F Campbell & Co.

LOADING.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

S S Maloja for Australian Ports via Colombo.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

Bombay, Nov. 6.

2 Hatarana, 4592, Hull 9-11, M M and Co.

5 Dalgoma 3571, London 8-11, M M & Co.

6 Saugor 3935, Karachi 7-11, M M and Co

7 City of Paris, 6855, Karachi, 10-11, K Nixon and Co.

9 Tango Maru, 4238, Japan 11-11, N Y Kaisha.

14 Alipore 3241, Japan 9-11, M M and Co.

15 Tairea, 3756, Durban 13-11, M M & Co.

16 Shunko Maru, 5027, Japan 10-11 O S Kaisha.

VICTORIA DOCK

4 Vasna 2026, Busra 8-11, M M & Co.

5 Jalapalaka, 2630 Rangoon 9-11, Scindia S N Co.

10-11 City of Evansville 4141, Calcutta 7-11, F F Campbell & Co.

12-13 Garada, 3218, NF 6-11 M M and Co.

14 Oostcappelle 348, M'Coast 8-11, Merchant S N Co.

15 Indira 278, M'Coast 7-11, Malabar Steamship Co.

PRINCES DOCK

C|R Gandara 3190 NF, NF, M M & Co.

H Tunni, 724, Karachi, 6-11, S Hassam & Co.

N Jalavihar, 3381, Calcutta, 10-11, Scindia S N Co.

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM.

Maloja 7-11, P & O S N Co.

Naldera 14-11, P & O S N Co.

Strathmore 10-11, P & O S N Co.

Strathaird 21-11, P & O S N Co.

Carthage 28-11, P & O S N Co.

Bhutan 8-11 M M and Co.

FROM GENOA

Victoria, 7-11, L Triestino.

Baroda 6-11, M M and Co.

Vasna 7-11, M M and Co.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

City of Paris, 4-11, K. Nixon and Co.

Tuscania 6-11, Graham's T. Co.

FROM CHINA, JAPAN

Mirzapore 11-11, M M and Co.

Mayebashi Maru 15-11 N Y Kaisha.

Mantai Maru 9-11, O S Kaisha.

Himalaya Maru 18-11 O S Kaisha.

Tottori Maru 25-11 N Y Kaisha.

Muroran Maru 29-11 N Y Kaisha

Italy Maru 26-11 N Y Kaisha.

Iwatesen Maru 24-11 O S Kaisha.

FROM NEW YORK

President Garfield 15-11, F F Campbell and Co.

President Polk 28-11 F F Campbell and Co.

City of Mobile 25-11 F F Campbell and Co.

City of Evansville 7-11, F F Campbell and Co.

Pres. Garfield 5-11, F F Campbell and Co.

Pres. Polk 29-11, F F Campbell and Co.

FROM RANGOON

Goalpara 4-11 M M and Co.

Garada 6-11 M M and Co.

FROM BUSRAH.

Varela 13-11, M M and Co.

Bamora 14-11, M M and Co.

Bandra 7-11, M M & Co.

Varsova 9-11 M M & Co.

FROM MOULMEIN.

Jalaveera 5-11 Scindia S N Co.

Hadiotis 5-11 Scindia S N Co.

FROM DURBAN

Tairea 2-11, M M and Co.

SAILING DATES

FROM LONDON.

Narkunda 9-11 P & O S N Co.

Cathay 16-11 P & O S N Co.

Strathmore 23-11 P & O S N Co.

Viceroy of India 30-11 P & O S N Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Conte Rosso 21-11, L Triestino.

FOR AUSTRALIA.

Maloja 7-11, P & O S N Co.

FOR BUSRAH.

Vita 4-11, M M and Co.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Tuscania 14-11, Grahams Trading Co.

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN.

Shunko Maru 8-11, O S Kaisha.

Bhutan 10-11, M M & Co.

Ranchi 1-11, P & O S N Co.

Tango Maru 11-11, N Y Kaisha.

Mayebashi Maru 21-11, N Y Kaisha.

Himalaya Maru 23-11, O S Kaisha.

Mantai Maru 24-11, O S Kaisha.

Tottori Maru 29-11, N Y Kaisha.

Muroran Maru 29-11, N Y Kaisha.

Italy Maru 30-11, N Y Kaisha.

FOR NEW ORLEANS.

Silverbeech 12-11, Volkart Bros.

FOR HAMBURG.

Sonnenfels 2-11, L Edwards.

GENERAL LANDING DATES.

S.S. Tango Maru 1-11-35

„ Ranchi (boats) .... „

„ Vita 2-11-35

„ Kalavati 1-11-35

„ President Van Buren 1-11-35

S.S. Maroran Maru (boats American cotton) 1-11-35.

S.S. Sirsa 1-11-35.

S.S. Jalapalaka 1-11-35.

S.S. Indira 1-11-35.

S.S. Dayawati 1-11-35.

„ Victoria Marie ..... 4-11-'35

„ Goalpara ..... „

„ Baroda ..... „

„ Vasna ..... „

„ Chitral (Boats) .... „

„ Netravati ..... „

„ Parvati ..... „

„ Oostcappelle ..... „

„ Steel Worker ..... „

„ Saugor ..... „

S.S. City of Evansville .. 5-11-'35

„ Garada ..... „

„ Tango Maru (boat) „

EXPORTS.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

S S Dalgoma for London.—30 cases bristles, M M & Co.; 29 cases bristles, D Abraham & Sons; 555 bags myrabollams, J Moolchand & Co.; 29 bdls. lamb skins, Grindley & Co.

For Antwerp.—400 bags bone meal, A Dawn & Co.

For Havre:—55 bales cotton, H Bhagwandas and Co.

S S Hatarana for London.—26 drums castor oil, A Hargovind & Co.

For Hull.—640 bags myrabollams G Bhimji; 200 drums groundnut oil, A Oomerbhoy.

For Antwerp.—171 bags kang grain, T S Thadani & Sons.

S S Victoria for Genoa.—2372 bags linseed, M Bhuta & Co.

S S City of Paris for Liverpool.—120 bales wool, E. Wood Trd. Co., 1350 bags gr. oil cake, M Hoosein & Sons; 13 bags mustard seed, B Balwant & Co.; 67 bales hemp, K J Kapadia & Co.; 15 bales cotton T waste, M Narotamdas & Co.

For Antwerp.—110 bales cotton, G Gokalchand; 71 bales wool, E Mavji & Co; 110 bales cotton Japan Cotton Trd. Co.; 220 bales cotton Langley & Co.

For Dunkirk.—110 bales cotton raw, Japan Cotton Trd. Co.

For Ghent.—55 bales cotton raw H Nensey & Co.

S S Tascania for Glasgow.—1230 bags gr. oil cake (expelled) H A K Oomerbhoy; 6075 bags groundnut oil cake, L Dreyfus & Co.; 1350 bags linseed oil cake, L Dreyfus & Co.; 2617 bags gr. oil cake. H Ravji & Co.

S S Himalaya for Trieste.—375 bales cotton raw, Ralli Bros.; 1392 bags castorseed, R Ratilal & Co.

For Piracus.—3750 bags linseed. N Nagshi & Co.,; 450 bags castorseed, N Nagshi & Co.; 3010 bags linseed. Ralli Bros.

S S Tango Maru for Kobe.—170 bales cotton, N Futehally & Co.; 179 bales cotton, C Jethabhai & Co.; 120 bales cotton K M Nathoo; 500 bales cotton raw, S Karamshi & Co.; 70 bales cotton raw K Khimji & Co.

For Yokohama.—50 bags alum scrap, S Calcutta Com. Co.

For Hongkong.—60 jottas Kishmish. R Mavji and Co.

For Osaka.—50 bags aluminium scrap, S. Calcutta Com. Co.

IMPORTS.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

S S California, Agents, Gr. Trd. Co., from Glasgow.—125 cases cotton; 117 cases sewing thread; 25 bales old news; 39 cases biscuits; 841 cases whisky; 275 drums disinfectant fluid; 445 cases beer; 152 cases ale; 125 cases h'ware; 29 cases insecticide; 497 singles tubes; 96 pieces cisterns; 27 crts. e'ware; 35 pieces. steel joists; 288 bdls steel bars; 10 bdls expanded

(Continued in Col. 5).

Sharp Rise In Alexandria Cotton

Heavy Italian Buying In Advance Of Sanctions

Fair Trade Support And Light Hedging In Liverpool

Bombay, Nov. 6.

There was impressive Italian buying in the Alexandria cotton market on Tuesday which resulted in a sharp rise of 31 points.

The New York Cotton Exchange was closed on Tuesday but the New Orleans market was steady with fair trade support.

The Liverpool Cotton Exchange was very steady with trade buying and light hedge selling. The market was mainly influenced by firmness of Egyptian cotton.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

On Tuesday the New York cotton futures market was closed but the New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady with trade buying. There was some hedge selling which was well absorbed and the market closed at a net rise of one to four points. Spot Cotton prices closed at a rise of 2 points at 11.40c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market was influenced by firmness of Alexandria market. The market opened at a rise of 3 points with March 6.09. Prices ruled higher in sympathy with firm Alexandria advices where Italy was reported buying freely. There was some hedge selling and Bombay selling which met with trade calling and local purchases against sales of Egyptian cotton. Fair trade support was offset by light hedging. Prices fluctuated within a range of 4 points and finally closed at a net rise of 3 to 2 points. Midling American Spot Cotton prices declined one point at 6.40d. per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian Cotton futures market was firm with active buying. Sakels futures closed at a rise of 15 to 16 points and Spot Cotton prices gained 4 points at 9.35d. Upper Egyptian cotton futures ruled steady and closed at a rise of 14 to 13 points and spot cotton prices advanced 9 points at 7.12d.

ALEXANDRIA MARKET.

Sanctions are coming in force from the 18th inst. So Italy was a free buyer of Sakel cotton in the

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

Alexandria, Nov. 5.

SAKELS—	
November	15.73+21
January	15.27+31
March	14.93+27
ASHMOUNI—	
December	12.42+07
February	12.29+03
April	12.29+03

Alexandria market. In the absence of any selling Sakels recorded a sharp rise of 21 to 31 points while Ashmouni futures advanced 7 to 3 points.

GAIN IN CROP.

A Liverpool firm writes:—"Even the weather seems to be marking time, for, after several threats of frost which did not materialise, it has continued on the whole favourable, and every day that killing frost is postponed means a gain to the crop. Finally November is now spoken of as the earliest date for the decisions of the Supreme Court on the Bankhead Act and the Processing Tax, though the Government are said to have alternative measures ready in enticipation of an unfavourable decision on either of these points. There is talk of a four-year programme of restriction for cotton, following the precedent of a similar programme for rye which has now been announced, but that will probably have to await the Supreme Court decisions."

LOCAL SENTIMENT.

Messrs. M. & B. Stern state:—The recent narrow fluctuations have detracted speculative attention but the market is showing good resistance. It is reported there are about three lacs bales sales against straddle account but these have been easily absorbed owing to the strength of the statistical position, cheaper money rates and the slight improvement in India's purchasing power following the large exports of gold which have liquified frozen resources. Though there is a pause in Japanese demand, the enormous expansion in Japan's textile production should lead to a further good demand later on.

PRIVATE CABLES.

Liverpool	March Highest	6.10+.04
Liverpool	March Lowest	6.06

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co., have received to-day the following cable information from their Foreign Friends:—

Liverpool.—Quiet, trading market. Advance Egyptian due mainly to Italian buying of actual in Alexandria in advance of Sanctions.

LIVERPOOL COTTON.
Liverpool, November 5

November	6.18+03
December	6.15+03
January	6.11+03
February	6.10+03
March	6.08+03
April	6.07+03
May	6.06+03
June	6.04+03
July	6.03+03
August	5.98+02
Middling Spot	6.40—01

To-day's 10-12 A. M. Quotations

January	6.12
March	6.09

EGYPTIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 5

November 1935	8.96
January 1936	8.66
March 1936	8.51
May 1936	8.45
July 1936	8.41
F. G. F. Spot	9.35

INDIAN COTTON.
Liverpool, November 5

Broach—	
Fully Good (Good Staple)	5.58
Fine (Good Staple)	5.83
Superfine (Good Staple)	5.98
Oomra—	
Fine (No. 1 Staple)	5.66
Superfine (No. 1 Staple)	5.81
Choice (No. 1 Staple)	5.96
Bengal—	
Good	4.34
Fully Good	4.42
Fine	4.56
Scinde—	
Fully Good	4.34
Fine	4.51
Superfine	4.68

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.
New York, November 5

December	10.99+01
January	10.87+03
March	10.84+04
Middling Spot	11.40+12

LONDON PRODUCE.
London November 5

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe Parcels; Jan./Feb. sellers 26/6

Wheat Barletta Russo, Parcels, November sellers 28/0

South Australian wheat Parcels Nov. sellers 30/0

SEEDS
London, November 5

Linseed La Plata Hull c.i.f. ton, Nov. sellers £10-13

Linseed Calcutta London c.i.f. ton, Nov./Dec. sellers £12-10-0.

Linseed Bombay London, c.i.f. ton Nov./Dec sellers £12-17-6

Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont c.i.f. ton/ Nov./Dec sellers £13-15-0.

Castorseeds Bombay, c.i.f. ton Nov./ Dec. sellers £13-22 6

LINSEED OIL
London, November 5

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt— Nov./Dec sellers 24/3.

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt. Jan./April sellers 24/4-1/2

LONDON RUBBER.
London, November 5

Smoked Sheet Standard Ribbed per lb sellers 6-7/16

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE
London, November 5

Rupee Paper 3-1/2 per cent.	68-1/2
Indian Stock 3 per cent. 1948 or later	84-3/4
Indian Stock 3-1/2 per cent. 1931 or later	95-3/8
Indian Stock 4-1/2 per cent. 1950/55	111-1/2
Consols 2-1/2 per cent.	84 3/4
Conversion 2-1/2 per cent. Loan 1961	106-1/8
War Loan 5-1/2 per cent. 1952.	101-7/8
Funding Loan 4 per cent. 1960/90	116-1/4
Victory Bonds 4 per cent.	114-1/2
Chartered Bank of I. A. and China	14
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London Reg.	105-1/2
National Bank of India	43
P & O. Banking Corporation.	10

MONEY MARKET

Exchange Quotations

Bombay, Nov. 6.

B C Rate T T D D 1/6 1/16

LONDON—
Banks selling T T D D 1/6 3/32 Nov September
Banks selling T T 1/6 1/16 Oct-Dec 1936
Banks buying T T 1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D 1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos 1/6 7/32

NEW YORK—
B C Rate T T 272 1/8
Banks selling T T 270 1/8
Banks buying T T 267 5/8

PARIS
Banks selling D D 561
Banks buying D D 571

AMSTERDAM—
Banks selling D D 54 3/8

JAVA
Banks selling D D 54 1/8

JAPAN—
Banks selling T T 77 5/8
Banks buying T T 77 3/8

HONGKONG—
Banks selling D D 105 1/4 nominal.

SHANGHAI—
Banks selling D D 82 1/2

SINGAPORE—
Banks selling D D 156

BERLIN
Banks selling D D 90 1/2

CROSS RATE—
New York/London Closed 5th inst.
Hongkong/London 1/7 Nom. 6th inst.
Shanghai/London 1/2 9/16 6th inst.
Japan/London 1/2 1/32 6th inst.
Java/London 7.20 1/2 6th inst.
London/Paris 74.72 5th inst.
London/Belgium 29.13 1/2 5th inst.
London/Switzerland 15.13 1/2 5th inst
London/Italy 60.71 5th inst:
London/Berlin 12.23 1/2 5th inst.
London/Stockholm 19.39 1/2 5th inst.
London/New York 4.92 3/8 5th inst.
London/Amsterdam 7.24 3/4 5th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet Near. Steady Forward.
Gold £7-1-5 4th inst. £7-1-3 1/2 5th inst.
Silver London Ready 29 1/2 4th inst. 29 5/16 5th inst.
Silver London Forward 29 3/16 4th inst. 28 7/8 5th inst.
Silver New York Ready 65 5/8 4th inst. 65 5/8 5th inst.
London Discounts 3 mos 5/8 per cent 4th inst. 5/8 per cent 5th inst.
London Discounts 6 mos 7/8 per cent 4th inst. 7/8 per cent 5th inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 1/2 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1/4 per cent.
3 mos 1 per. cent.
6 mos 1 1/2 per cent.
Tone:—Easy.

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, Nov. 5.

3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 84 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 95 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1954/59 104 7/8
4 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1994/53 107 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1950/55 111 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1958/68 113 1/2
5 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1942/47 114 1/2
5 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1936/38 102 7/8
6 per cent Indian Sterling Loans 1935/37 100
3 per cent Indian Sterling Loans New 1/4 Dis.
2 1/2 per cent British Consols 84 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Conversion 106 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan 104 7/8

LONDON EXCHANGES
London, November 5

T. T. London on:—

New York closing rate.	4.92-7/8
Paris	74.72
Berlin	12.23-1/2
Madrid	36.04
Amsterdam	7.24.3/4
Brussels	29.13-1/2
Milan	60.71
Berne	15.13-1/2
Prague	119

LONDON METALS.
London November 5

Copper Braziers	49-3/4
Yellow Metal	41-3-8
Spelter Hard Indian Brands	15-7/8
Corrugated Sheets 24 Gauge	12-3/4
Tin English ingots Liverpool F. O. B	223-1/2

HIGH & LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, Nov. 5.

Broach A/M. 1936 Op. 214 1/4; Highest 214 3/4; Lowest 213 3/4; Closing 214 1/4.

Oomra D/J. Op. 193 1/2; Highest 196 3/4; Lowest 196 1/4; Closing 196 3/4

Oomra March Op. 193 3/4; Highest 194; Lowest 193 1/2; Closing 194.

Bengal D/J. Op. 149 1/4; Highest 149 1/2; Lowest 149; Closing 149 1/2.

Bengal March Op. 148 3/4; Highest 148 3/4; Lowest 148 1/2; Closing 148 3/4

Teji-Mandi for Broach A/May 1936 (31-3-36) Rs. 21.

Teji-Mandi for Broach Settlement (21-11-35) Rs. 5 3/4.

COTTON ARRIVALS

Receipts into Bombay on 3rd/4th November	3,133
Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1935	137,215
Receipts into Bombay same time last season	115,783
Increase	21,432

SEEDS TRADERS' ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 7/1/9; Lowest Rs. 7/1; Closing Rs. 7/1/9

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs 7/2/9; Highest Rs. 7/3; Lowest Rs. 7/2/4 1/2; Closing Rs. 7/2/10 1/2.

Cotton Seeds Delivery January Opening Rs 3/3/3; Lowest Rs. 3/2/1-1/2; Closing Rs. 3/3/6.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, Nov. 6.

Following a small rise of 2 points in New Orleans cotton futures, the local cotton market opened to-day at Rs. 214/12 for Broach A/M. delivery and declined to Rs. 214/4 on scattered long liquidation. At the moment the market is grinding around present level without any definite price tendency. In view of the American Cotton Bureau report we do not look for any big change in prices.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 2 points but the local market in the absence of any important business ruled quiet but steady with Broach A/M delivery quoted at Rs. 214/4. The market closed at 5-30 p.m. as under.—

Broach A/M Rs. 213/12
Oomra D/J Rs. 196/12
Oomra March Rs. 194
Bengal D/J Rs. 149
Bengal March Rs. 148/4

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

	Old.	New.
Bengal Superfine	...	170
Bengal Fine	...	168
Bengal F.G.	...	...
C. P. 1 Fine	220/222	...
C. P. 2 Fine	210/212	...
Ellichpur Fine	210/212	...
Berar Fine	210/212	...
Khandesh Fine	207/209	218
Jalna/Sailu Fine	207/209	...
Burwah Sanavad Fine	200/212	...
Broach Fine	235/240	...
Punjab/American	255/23	...
Sindh-American	...	243/245
Cambodia	285/290	...
Cambodia 2nd crop	255/260	...
Compta Good	260/265	...
Westerns	345/255	...
Kampala	355/357	...
Busoga	353	...
Jinja	343	...
New Manza	325	...

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, Nov. 6.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.
Since 1st Sept.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Khandesh	90	7,143
Central India	79	13,537
Barsi and Nagar	167	5,796
Hyderabad-Gaorani	24	734
Berar	158	5,208
Central Provinces	138	2,844
Total Oomras	676	35,282
Dholera	160	6,251
N.-W. Provinces	284	7,068
Rajputana	228	13,906
Sind-Punjab	1,216	23,409
Broach	...	2,983
Coompta and Dharwar	115	3,015
Westerns-Northerns	...	5,067
Cocoanada	...	39
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	3,439
Persian	...	5
American	838	2,913
Egyptian and African	183	37,245
Comilla, Burma and other sorts	...	293
Total	3,700	140,915

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.
1st Sept. to 31st Oct.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	352	49,837
Japan and China	4,804	118,614
Coast Ports	...	3,354
Up-country by Rail	...	31,442
Afloat in harbour for Europe China and Japan	...	11,845
Total	5,156	215,092

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales.	1935-36	1934-35
Receipts to date 5-11-35	3429000	2370000
Receipts Yesterday 5-11-35	65000	26000
Exports to date 5-11-35	1523000	1435000
Stock at Ports 1-11-35	2778000	3162000
Stock at Interior Towns 1-11-35	253000	1879000
Stock at Liverpool 1-11-35	460000	937000
Visible Supply 1-11-35	7345000	8680000
Quantity in sight 1-11-35	6036000	3960000
Quantity out sight 1-11-35	3080000	2507000

COTTON CONSUMPTION IN INDIAN MILLS

The Indian Central Cotton Committee has issued the following statement of Indian Cotton consumed in mills in India. Based on returns made under the Indian Cotton Cess Act, 1923, by mills in British India and on Voluntary Returns by mills in Indian States:—

(In bales of 400 lb. net).

CONSUMPTION

British India during September 1935 170,667; during September 1934 180,401; since 1st September 1935 170,667; during corresponding period last year 180,401

Indian States during September 1935 34,521; during September 1934 34,155; since 1st September 1935 34,521; during corresponding period last year 34,155

Total—India during September 1935 205,188; during September 1934 214,556; since 1st September 1935 205,188; during corresponding period last year 214,556

N.B.—Due to corrections which have sometimes to be made in the figures previously published, the progressive figures shown in these statistics do not necessarily represent the sum of the latest month's figures and the progressive figures published in the preceding month.

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, Nov. 5.

December 73d
March 69 1/8d.
May 68 3/4d.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, Nov. 5

December 0.97 3/8c.
May 0.98 3/4c.
July 0.91c.

GOLD & SILVER

Bombay, Nov. 6.

Despite the bullish construction placed on the Chinese Government's decree, prices reacted shortly in London by 3/16d. China was a seller in London but this is believed to be the sale of holdings with foreign banks owing to the nationalisation order. American treasury was buying and it is believed that further decline will be checked. The prospects of the National Government in Britain being returned to power, is the main reason behind the strength of sterling and securities. Shanghai T. T. on London was quoted to-day at 1.3 1/2.

In the local silver market the general feeling is uncertain. Prices opened at Rs. 66/2 and declined to Rs. 65/14 when covering by shorts improved prices to Rs. 66. The gold market was again dull with a restricted business.

	Rs. a. p.
Ready silver	66 0 0
Kartak delivery	66 1 0
Magsar delivery	66 5 0
Ready gold	35 14 6
Kartak delivery	35 14 6
Magsar delivery	35 14 3

MONTREAL SILVER FUTURES

Montreal, Nov. 5.

November	65.90+27
December	65.45—15
March	65.50—30

LONDON SILVER.
London, November 5

Market	Steady
Spot	29-5/1
Forward	28-7/16

LONDON GOLD.
London, November 5

Gold Bars, Fine per oz. £7-1-3 1/2

BOMBAY METAL MARKET.
Bombay, Nov. 6.

LONDON MARKET.

Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£35/3/9
Standard Copper Cash (Sellers)	£35/5
Standard Copper 3 months	£35/11/3
Electrolytic copper	£40/5

NEW YORK MARKET.
Market closed.

BOMBAY MARKET.
Yellow Metal Sheets Rs. 34/4
Copper Sheets Rs. 38/4
Tone.—Steady.

BHAVNAGAR MARKETS.
(From A Correspondent.)
Bhavnagar, Nov. 6.

Groundnut oil ready Rs. 5/4.
Kartak Rs. 5/2/6.
Maha Rs. 5/3/3.
Jotta Rs. 0/8/6.
Sugar ready Rs. 4/15
Corrugate Rs. 9/12.
Round Rs. 6/8.

BOMBAY SUGAR

Bombay, Nov. 6.

Java, ready Rs. 13-13-0.
S. S. Himalaya Rs. 4-4-0.
October Shipment Rs. 4-4-0.
D.-J. shipment Rs. 4-4-3.
J.-M. shipment Rs. 4-5-3.
Kesar ready Rs. 14-10-0.
Saraya ready Rs. 14-7-0.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.
Bombay, Nov. 6.

	Cwts.
Wheat	22,960
Linseed	141
Rape, Rai and Mustard seeds	138
Gingellyseed	51
Poppyseed	275
Groundnuts	1,110
Castorseed	163
Rice	14,517
Myrabollams	601
Cottonseed	1,710
Gram	2,432
Joowar	572
Maize	623
Barley	11,295
Bajree	362
	Tons.
Coal	2,031

RESERVE BANK OF INDIA

An account pursuant to the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934, for the week ending on the 1st day of November 1935.

ISSUE DEPARTMENT

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Notes held in the Banking Department	34,51,88,000
Notes in circulation	160,29,64,000
Total Notes issued	194,81,32,000
Total Liabilities	194,81,32,000
ASSETS	Rs.
A. Gold Coin and Bullion:—	
(a) Held in India	41,55,19,000
(b) Held outside India	2,86,98,000
Sterling Securities	66,18,83,000
Total of A.	110,61,00,000
B. Rupee coin	58,68,77,000
Govt of India Rupee Securities	25,51,55,000
Internal Bills of Exchange and other commercial Paper	Nil
Total Assets.	194,81,32,000
Ratio of Total of A to 56.77 per cent.	Liabilities:

Statement of the affairs of the Reserve Bank of India, Banking Department as on the 1st day of November 1935.

LIABILITIES	Rs.
Capital paid up	5,00,00,000
Reserve Fund	5,00,00,000
Deposits:—	
(a) Government	9,50,91,000
(b) Banks	31,81,40,000
(c) Others	Nil
Bills Payable	10,96,000
Other Liabilities	1,64,08,000
	53,07,30,000
ASSETS	Rs.
Notes	34,51,68,000
Rupee Coin	9,43,000
Subsidiary Coin	2,72,000
Bills Discounted:—	
(a) Internal	Nil
(b) External	Nil
(c) Government of India Try. Bills	Nil
Balances held abroad*	11,49,67,000
Loans & advances to the Government	1,00,00,000
Other Loans & Advances	Nil
Investments	5,43,29,000
Other Assets	50,51,000
	53,07,30,000

*Includes Cash and Short term Securities.

Speculative Support In Steel Shares

Investors Unwilling To Support

STEADY REALISING IN COTTON MILLS

BOMBAY, Nov. 6.

The local Share Bazar was open to-day for one hour during which period there was a small speculative support in Tata Steel shares which fluctuated within a comparatively narrow range and closed slightly above previous day's prices.

INVESTORS QUIET.

Investors are unwilling to support the market after the recent rapid rise which has weakened the technical situation of the market. Most of the short interest is covered and there is some accumulation of weak long interest in speculative counters.

STEADY PROFIT-TAKING.

Cotton mill shares were easy with a marked absence of any important buying. There is a steady flow of selling orders to secure profits.

MOVEMENT OF PRICES.

Tata Steel Dfd. shares fluctuated between Rs. 605|- and Rs. 620|- and finally closed at Rs. 615|-. Ordinary shares moved between Rs. 154|4 and Rs. 151|4 and closed at Rs. 153|8. Tata Power shares declined to Rs. 1527|8 after touching Rs. 1540|-

COMING SETTLEMENT.

The local market will remain open for one hour only on Thursday and Friday the 7th and 8th inst., and will remain entirely closed on Saturday the 9th inst. for settlement purposes.

TEX[illegible]
Bombay, Nov. 6.

100	Ahm Advance	302 8
500	Bombay Cotton	40 0
250	Bombay Dyeing	761 4
250	Bradbury	100 0
100	Century	228 2
100	Central	263 12
100	Colaba	139 6
100	Coorla	95 0
250	David	60 0
250	Dawn	340 0
1	E D Sassoon	0-5-0
100	Finlay	135 10
100	Gokak	189 6
100	Hindustan	1750 0
100	Indore	77 8
100	Khatau	77 8
100	Kohinoor	205 10
250	Laxmi	677 8
100	Madhavji	7 6
250	Madras United	40 0

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.
Bombay, Nov. 6.

Century 227 226 228
Bom. Dyeing 770 757 763 761
Kohinoor 206 205/10
Central India 262 258 262 263/12
New Great 135
Simplex 77
Swadeshi 166 165 167/8
Bundi 34/6 34/8 34/2
I. Cement 461 462 457 460
Punjab 23/6
Shahabad 478 480
Andhra 1597
Tata Hydro 160/10 161/4
Tata Power 1545 1532 1535 1530 1527
T. Steel Dfd. 612 607 620 617 618 613/12
T. Steel Ord. 152/8 152/4 154 153/4 153
Bellapur 351 348 350 340/6
B. Steam 285 284/6
B. Burma 398 387 393 392

1000	Morarji	810 0
250	Model	50 0
50	Mysore	95 0
200	New Great	135 0
100	Oosmanshahi	55 0
100	Oosmanshahi	300 0
100	Phoenix	35 0
25	Sassoon Silk	2200 0
1000	Sholapur	75 0
50	Simplex	167 8
100	Swadeshi	111 4
100	Swan	8 0
25	Tata	1300 0
500	Vishnu	750 0
1000	Western	

BANKS

50-100	Baroda	97 8
25-50	Central	35 4
500	Imperial	1,522 8
125-500	Im. Con.	382 8
50-100	India	123 12
100	Reserve Bank	125 0
5	Union	5 5

CEMENTS.

10	Bundi	34 2
70	Gwalior	120 0
160	Indian	460 0
40	Katni Def.	2,000 0
100	Katni Ord.	361 4
75	Okha	255 0
10	Punjab	23 6
100	Shahabad	480 0
70	United	115 8

INSURANCE

15-100	Jupiter	11 8
15-75	New India	40 4
200	Oriental	4375 0
10-100	Vulcan	8 10

ELECTRIC.

100	Ahmedabad Old	147 8
1000	Andhra Valley	1597 8
10	Ajmer	10 10
60	Bombay Tram	146 14
100	Bombay Suburban	170 0
10	Broach	11 12
100	Karachi	221 4
100	Poona	218 12
100	Surat	175 0
100	Tata Hydro	161 4
1000	Tata Power	1527 8

RAILWAYS.

500	Ahm. Prantij	865 0
100	Amr. Patty	119 12
100	C Province	88 0
100	Dhond Baramati	97 8
100	Gujarat	71 0
100	Mandra Bhon	92 0
100	Pachora Jamner	91 8
100	Sara Sirajgunge	93 0
500	Tapty Valley	767 8

MININGS

10	Shivrajpur	32 4
30	Tata Steel Def.	613 12
75	Tata Steel Ord.	153 0

MISCELLANEOUS

100	Alcock	221 4
50	Belapur Sugar	349 6
150	Bombay Steam	284 6
125	Bombay Burma	242 8
50	Bombay Burma Cont.	132 8
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	3-12-6
100	Bombay Telephone	104 8
100	Indian Bleaching	108 2
160	Indian Radio Dfd.	515 0
100	Ind. Radio Ord.	487 8
1000	Port Canning	605 0
15	Scindia	13 9
30	Premier Construction	76 4
25	Tata Oil	17 12

PREFERENCE

7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1382 8
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	282 8
7	p.c. Bombay Trams	83 8
5	p.c. Central India	512 8
7	p.c. Katni 1st.	131 4
7	p.c. Katni 2nd	137 8
7	1/2 p.c. Punjab Cement	14 6
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	138 12
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1435 0
6	p.c. Tata Steel 1st	178 12
7-1/2	p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	159 0
5	1/2 p.c. Tata Mill	13 0
7	p.c. Vishnu	647 8

DELIVERY OF SHARES

Out of a total of 51008 shares for delivery in November settlement account through the Clearing House, the following are conspicuous:—

Andhra	179
Alcock	585
Bundi	5150
Belapur	2455
Bombay Burma	360
Bombay Steamber	346
Bombay Tele.	945
Century	406
Colaba	577
Dyeing	494
Gokak	480
Indian Cement	986
Ind. Bleaching	263
Kohinoor	954
Katni Cement	370
New Great	382
Nagpur	621
Punjab Cement	4980
Premier Const.	1830
Shivrajpur	2090
Swadeshi	389
Simplex	597
Shahabad	597
Tata Steel Or.	16230
Tata Steel Def.	3430
Tata Hydro	2679
Tata Power	602
Tram	2025

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Nov. 6.

3 per cent 1951/54	98/10
3 per cent 1941	103
3 1/2 per cent G P N	93/15
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50	104/3
4 per cent 1943	107/10
4 per cent 1960/70	108/13
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	113/12
5 per cent 1939/44	109/2
5 per cent 1940/43	110/4
5 1/2 per cent 1938/40	108/12

TAX-FREES

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan	118/12
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore	108/4
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	117
5 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	108/8

CORPORATION LOANS (TAXABLE).

4 per cent B P T 1974	103/8
4 per cent M Deb 1974	102/8
5 per cent M Deb 1969	113
6 per cent M Deb 1954	127
6 per cent K P T 1956	127
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	104

CARDAMOM AUCTIONS.

Kombai, Nov. 6.

The Secretary, Cardamom Qrishicars Sangam Kombai have sent the following telegram:—

Kombai Cardamom market auctions changed to Wednesdays, instead of Mondays result of to-day's auctions prices per thulam of 510 tolas weight ungarbled estate bulk, Tharaipadams Rs. 21 to Rs. 23, Malabar Storepadams Rs. 23/8 to Rs. 25, Mysore Rs. 26 to Rs. 29 sold 220 Thulams market firm with upward tendency.

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JUPITER AND INSURANCE go hand in hand. J1

REGD. NO. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

JUPITER GENERAL is doing all classes of INSURANCE Business. J2

BOMBAY: THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1935

Good News For Municipal Employees

SALARY CUTS RESTORED

More Revenue & Less Expenditure Than Last Year, Features Of Civic Budget

The Bombay Municipal Budget, which was published yesterday, shows, under the revised estimates for 1935-36, a closing balance of Rs. 17,35,000.

The estimates for 1936-37 provide for the restoration of salary cuts making the expenditure on this account more by Rs. 1,08,000.

There is an increase in income of Rs. 3,83,600 and a decrease in expenditure of Rs. 21,000 on the present year's figure.

The figures for Revenue and expenditure as estimated for 1936-37 are as follows:

Income	**Rs. 3,17,46,000**
Expenditure	**Rs. 3,21,41,000**

Revised Estimates For 1935-36

(Figures in Thousands)

In the Budget Estimates for the current year the opening balance was estimated at Rs. 1,91 and the closing balance at Rs. 1,81. These estimates were based on the Revised Estimates for the year 1934-35. On the final closing of the accounts for 1934-35, the actual working Cash Balance for 1935-36 amounted to Rs. 10,15.

The increase was due to the reduction of Rs. 6,73 in debt charges as a result of the extension of the currency of the loan for Development Schemes from 18 to 30 years and to the deletion of the provisions of Rs. 70 and Rs. 140 for the depreciation of Plant and Machinery and the Contribution to the Renewal of Road Surfaces Fund respectively. From the actuals for the first half of the current year and probable expenditure for the second half of the year, the closing balance for 1935-36 is now estimated at Rs. 17.35.

Estimate For 1936-37

Revenue.

The income for the next year is estimated at Rs. 3,17,46 against Rs. 3,21,52 for the current year. If we deduct from the latter figure Rs. 7.89 on account of excess interest on Sinking Fund investments for the two years 1932-33 and 1933-34 included in the amount of Rs. 11,40 as extraordinary receipts, the real income for the next and the current year would be Rs. 3,17,46 and Rs. 3,13,63 respectively.

The income for the next year thus shows an increase of Rs. 3,83 over the corresponding figure of the current year.

The Revenue from General Tax shows an aggregate increase of Rs. 3,53 counterbalanced by a decrease of Rs. 2,29, thus giving a net increase of Rs. 1,24. The increase of Rs. 3,53 is made up of increases of Rs. 2,07, Rs. 2, Rs. 24 and Rs. 1,20 in the tax from the public, the Bombay Port Trust, the Improvement Schemes and the B. B. & C. I. Railway respectively. There is a decrease Rs. 2,27 in the tax from the mills and of Rs. 2 in the tax from the G. I. P. Railway.

The decrease of Rs. 25 in the interest and profit on investments of surplus loan and other balances is based on the lower-rates of interest now prevailing. Under Street Cleansing and Conservancy, Road Watering and Halalkhore Service there is a decrease of Rs. 11 in the halalkhore tax and Rs. 11 under miscellaneous. The decrease in the halalkhore tax is due to reduction in the rateable value of the mills.

Under buildings, Land Acquisition and Management there are decreases of Rs. 1,66 in the sale proceeds of surplus land, of Rs. 23 in rent of buildings and Rs. 20 in ground rent, counterbalanced by an increase of Rs. 4 under miscellaneous. The total sale proceeds of land are estimated at Rs. 10,00 and reasons for crediting Rs. 3,34 to revenue and transferring Rs. 6,66 to capital account have already been stated in para 3 above.

The reasons for the decrease in revenue from Markets and Slaughter Houses given in the Revised Estimates for the current year hold good for the decrease in the budgeted year. The decrease of Rs. 21 under extraordinary receipts is arrived at after making an allowance for Rs. 7,89 included in the current year's amount of Rs. 11,40 as that amount pertains to the two years 1932-33 and 1933-34. The decrease is due to less interest available from the Sinking Fund and the Net Premia Fund investments. The latter Fund amounted to Rs. 58,89 at the beginning of the current year as against its present amount of Rs. 47,17.

Expenditure

The estimated expenditure for 1936-37 amounts to Rs. 3,21,41 as against Rs. 3,21,62 during the current year thus showing a net decrease of Rs. 21. The decrease is only apparent as the expenditure for next year in respect of certain items has not been provided on the same basis as for the current year. These items are:—

(1) Cuts in salaries,

(2) Provision for depreciation of plant and machinery,

(3) Contribution to Renewal of Road Surfaces und,

(4) Debt charges in respect of the loan for Development Schemes

If allowance is made for the difference in treatment of these factors in the two Budgets it will be found that for a proper comparison the expenditure for the next year's Budget should be taken as Rs. 3,20,33 as against Rs. 3,15,60 during the current year, thus showing an increase of Rs. 4,73 over the expenditure for the current year.

General Remarks

In his general remarks the Commissioner says:

It will be seen that in framing the Budget Estimates for next year I have omitted the temporary cuts in salaries which were volunteered by the staff during the last four years, as the circumstances which necessitated this extraordinary measure no longer exist.

It seems therefore necessary to examine the finances as they were in 1932-33 and as disclosed in the budget for next year. When framing the budget for the former year the Commissioner had before him the task of meeting a big deficit and Government had just then adopted the extreme measure of imposing a percentage cut in the salaries of their servants and naturally he recommended a similar measure in the case of Municipal servants. In spite of the adoption of this step the year 1932-33 ended with a deficit of Rs. 21,67.

The position confronting us now is quite different. The revenue from the General Tax shows an improvement of Rs. 1,25 over the current year's estimate on account of the development that has taken place in F and G Wards, and more and more buildings are still going up in that area. Similarly the revenue from water has also increased by Rs. 2,84. Omitting extraordinary receipts, the total revenue for next year shows an improvement of Rs. 4,04 over that for the current year. On the expenditure side there is a considerable reduction in debt charges.

The estimated income for next year is shown as Rs. 3,17,46 and the expenditure as Rs. 3,21,41. The budget thus shows a small deficit of Rs. 3,95, but this would not have appeared if I had taken credit for the full amount of Rs. 10,00 estimated to be received from the sale of surplus land. Although the question of the allocation of this item is before a Committee of the Corporation I have credited only Rs. 3,34 to revenue and Rs. 6,66 to Capital as proposed in my letter No. AE/575 of 5th October, 1935, underlying Corporation Resolution No. 527 of 10th October, 1935. If the full amount of Rs. 10,00 had been credited to revenue in accordance with Corporation Resolution No. 5253 dated 11th September 1929 the budget would have shown a surplus of Rs. 2,71.

But even if our financial position were worse than it is, I should still appeal for restoration of the cut as a bare, and even belated act of justice to the staff.

I feel convinced that there is no justification for continuing the cut any longer, and although in framing my budget for next year on the basis of full salaries I have merely followed the practice of Government even when the cut was in force, I feel confident that the Standing Committee and the Corporation will not disturb it in this respect.

Royal Wedding

The Duke of Gloucester and Lady Alice Scott, who were married at the Private Chapel in Buckingh am Palace on Wednesday.

POWER IN HANDS OF EUROPEAN SETTLERS

Pandya Explains Why Kenya Indians Oppose Constitutional Advance

NEW DELHI, Nov. 6.

Mr. J. B. Pandya, member of the Executive Council in Kenya and President of the East Indian and African National Congress, when asked to explain why Indians in Kenya were opposed to any form of constitutional advance said the constitutional advance should mean power in the hands of the population of the whole country without differentiation of race or colour.

But the meaning of Constitutional advance in Kenya is increased power in the hands of European settlers to the detriment of other races, and in which the Africans will have no share. The policy, therefore, of Indians in Kenya is to oppose any form of constitutional advance.

They would prefer the present form of Government, said Mr. Pandya, with colonial appeal, and where, incidentally, intervention by the Government of India would prove helpful.—A.P.

A Madras message says:—The Burma-Shell, Ltd., and the Standard Vacuum Oil Company have announced a further reduction in the price of petrol sold at their depots from Re. 1-0-6 to Re. 1 per gallon with effect from the 2nd instant. The Western India Oil Distributing Company continues to sell petrol at Re. 1-1-0 per gallon.

Mr. Wang Ching Wei, the Chinese Premier and Foreign Minister, who was shot at and seriously injured by a Chinese newspaperman on Nov. 1.

POLICE DUEL WITH U. P. GUNMEN

Two Officers Wounded In Fight With Desperadoes

AGRA, Nov. 1.

Two sub-inspectors received bullet wounds in a midnight duel between gunmen and an armed police party.

The leader of the desperadoes, who was wanted in connection with the murder of a constable at Ajmer and another attempted murder, was arrested after a desperate fight.

The wanted man was Yakub of Tajganj. For weeks he had been absconding from justice. By a clever system of counter-espionage he had been able to elude the police for a long time.

The police, however did not relax their vigilance and last night their close watch was rewarded.

Information having been received that Yakub with two of his men was in the neighbourhood of Tajganj Khan Bahadur Ikram Husain, Deputy Superintendent of Police, City, made a night raid with an armed police party.

A police cordon was drawn round the wanted men and they were asked to surrender. Yakub did not waste his breath in replying to the challenge. He whipped out a service revolver from his hip pocket and fired at point-blank range at Sub-Inspector Akhtar Husain, wounding him in the stomach. Sub-Inspector Muhammad Ali who had stepped forward to arrest the gunmen received another bullet.

The trio led by Yakub then made a determined attempt to break the police cordon but were held up by the raiding party. It is stated that one of Yakub's companions received a gun-shot wound in the fight before all three of them were disarmed and arrested by the police.

MOTHER FAINTS IN COURT

Deposition Against Son On Murder Charge And Its Sequel

NOAKHALI, Nov. 5.

A pathetic scene was witnessed in the court of Babu D. B. Mallik Deputy Magistrate when a mother deposing against her son in a murder case fainted.

The accused, a dumb young man of about 30 years, has been sent up on a charge of murdering his wife. It is alleged that his wife was ailing for some time past. On the night of occurrance the accused entered her bed room and began to tease her against which she protested whereupon the accused got enraged and gave her several blows with a "cheni" causing her instantaneous death.

His father, mother and two brothers who heard the sound from a neighbouring but came running and saw her lying dead on her bed in a pool of blood with her head almost severed from the neck. Information being lodged with the local police the accused was sent up for trial.

The main witness against the accused are his father, mother and two brothers. The accused was seen weeping all the time when those witnesses came to depose in the case. As his mother stepped into the witness-box, the accused cried out loudly to which the mother also joined who subsequently fainted there.

She was removed from the court room and the accused was allowed to go near her, where both the mother and the son wept bitterly for some time. The hearing of the case was to be postponed for some time.—United Press.

RAJEN BABU'S TOUR

NELLORE, (By Mail)

According to the revised programme the Congress President arrives at Sulurpet in the morning of 10th November from Madras and proceeds to Nellore by car immediately halting at Venkatagiri and Gudur en route. He will address a public meeting at Nellore at 6 P.M. on the same day when addresses will be presented to him. Next morning he attends a political conference and then proceeds to Allur, Kavali and Singarayakonda reaching Ongole in the evening.

AT KOILPATTY

A Tinnevelly message states: Babu Rajendra Prasad accompanied by Mr. Satyamurthi, arrived at Koilpatty on October 31st, where the Congress President was given a warm reception. Welcome addresses were presented to him by Taluka Congress Committee, the Panchayat Board and the Hindi Pracharak Sabha. A purse was also presented.

Replying Babu Rajendra Prasad advised people to work on the lines of rural reconstruction by reviving local handicrafts and bringing about economic regeneration of the country.—A.P.

Congress Movement Not Swinging To The Right

Mr. Jairamdas Cites Soviet's Example To Silence Unsympathetic Critics

(From Our Correspondent.)
HYDERABAD (Sind), (By Mail.)

Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram who returned from Madras and Wardha, in reply to a query as to whether the question of the presidentship of the coming Congress was discussed at Madras said that there was no question of discussing this matter in the Working Committee at Madras. Under the new constitution the decision lies with the delegates and not even the Provincial Congress Committees, as has been the rule heretofore. The Congress organisation as such has to express no opinion on the matter.

The general view however among those who had come to Madras was that Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru should preside over the Lucknow sessions. Mr. Jairamdas expected a unanimous vote among the delegates for Jawaharlal.

CONSTITUTION, NO BAR.

The fact that he has been elected chairman of the Reception Committee cannot come in the way, for the decision will have to be altered. Nor is there any bar under the new constitution against the man, from the province presiding over a Congress Sessions held within the province.

Asked as to what were the dates fixed by the Working Committee for the Lucknow Congress Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram said that the matter has been left to the decision of the President. The constitution provides that the annual sessions shall ordinarily be held during the month of February or March. The adjustments of the dates here and there may be necessitated by circumstances. They all hoped that the condition of Kamala Nehru's health will Permit Pandit Jawaharlal to return to India well within the dates, which may be fixed for the Lucknow session.

ACCEPTANCE OF OFFICE.

"I would prefer to say nothing on this question at present," replied Mr. Jairamdas when asked as to his views on the question of acceptance or non-acceptance of offices under the new constitution. The Working Committee has deliberately postponed forming its opinion on the issue which it can only do when we are nearer the event. As a member of the Working Committee he thought it best in view of the above, to make no public declaration of his views. Cogent arguments were being advanced on both sides and the sum total of gain or loss could not be made up in the light of the circumstances prevailing at the time when the decision will have to be made. He, however suggested that a sound final decision will be very much helped, if Congressmen in different provinces, formulated their views on the question, in the light of circumstances obtaining in their respective provinces, and from the point of view of the immediate and ultimate objective of the Congress, if prejudice and passion could be eschewed by the protagonists of the two opposite views of the question. The Congress at Lucknow would come to the right decision in proper atmosphere.

POLICY OF ALLEGED DRIFT.

Referring to the frequent criticism by some people of the so called policy of drift, alleged to have been followed by the Working Committee, Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram said that such criticism did little credit to the political shrewdness of leaders, who had proved their mettle in weather, fair or foul, during the last twenty years or so. Whatever the attitude the Working Committee had been adopting on various questions was the result of deliberate consideration and decision. The Working Committee was not allowing things to take their own course and letting itself be moved hither and thither by political currents. It's apparent inaction in regard to certain matters was deliberate, as all Congressmen know that there are times when apparent inaction may be soundest action.

"SAFEST GUIDES."

I have not the least doubt that when the time ripens and things mature those who are shaping the Congress policy to-day will again come to be recognized as the safest guides of the country during the trying period. He also disputed the correctness of the comment that the Congress was drifting to the right and taking the path of constitutionalism. After all, right and left are relative terms. Even in Russia, Stalin and the Communist party are simultaneously resisting both a rightist and leftist diversion. There are groups in Russia which are accusing the Communist party and Stalin of drifting to the right. Lenin himself was charged with being a Rightist during certain stages in the Russian. I hold that the Congress is in no danger of swerving from the correct line. As a matter of fact the Congress is following the only sound policy of meeting the present situation and also looking ahead when the situation may change. Anyone who considers all the resolutions of the Bombay Congress will realize that the Congress has not been talking of only legislative activities and it is this latter item in the Congress programme which the critics have in view, when they talk of the Congress having fallen into the rut of constitutionalism.

NATIONAL SOLIDARITY

Arguments can be advanced from the point of view of national solidarity and unity of control in favour of the present dual policy adopted by the Congress in the peculiar circumstances existing today. That the progressive elements in the country must adopt the dual policy is inherent in the situation. Whether this should be done under separate organisations or under one is a different matter. But the Congress movement within either case will still include within it the so-called constitutional activity. He felt that nothing was gained by condemning policies by designing them, as rightists or leftists. The only test can be, whether a particular policy will strengthen or weaken the nation.

Kathiawar Women's Conference

(From Our Correspondent).
BHAVNAGAR, (By Mail).

Members for the Reception Committee of the Women's Conference was being enrolled. Lady Pattani who had consented to be the Chairman of the Reception Committee is now understood to have refused it.

Shrimati Hansa Mehta of Bombay has accepted the invitation to preside over the Conference.

Co-operators' Day At Baroda

(From Our Correspondent)
BARODA (By Mail).

According to instructions from the All-India Co-operative Institution Association, the local Sayaji Sahakar Sevak Sangh observed the Co-operators' Day on 22nd inst. The co-operative movement in the State since its inception some 25 years ago was reviewed and it was stated that Baroda has got more than 1000 societies with a membership about 30,000 and a capital of 3 crore of rupees.

Sequel to the announcement of wage-cut, most of the workers in Bhavnagar Factories have declared strike.

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